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0 \mathcal{O} INDEX OF SHEETS SEE SHEET NO. 2

	FINAL PLAN DATA:	
П	RACT PRICE:	
?	NAME:	
,	ADDDECC.	

FINAL CONTR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR LETTING DATE: DATE WORK BEGAN:

DATE WORK COMPLETED: -

DATE OF ACCEPTANCE:

CHANGE ORDERS & SUPP. AGREEMENTS

ALL CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND CONTRACT. ALL PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION WAS COMPLETED, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

NAME

DATE



The seal appearing on this document was authorized by Frank H. Chapa

P.E. 128020, on

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ON NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT. REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 2012).

NO T.D.L.R. REVIEW REQUIRED

PROJECT DATA

ADT:

5,100 (2020) & 8,800 (2050)

50 MPH

RAILROAD CROSSINGS:

NO RAILROAD PERMITS REQUIRED

EQUATIONS: N/A

DESIGN SPEED:

EXCEPTIONS: N/A

PORT OF BROWNSVILLE BROWNSVILLE NAVIGATION DISTRICT

PLANS OF PROPOSED SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR ROAD

CSJ 0921-06-288

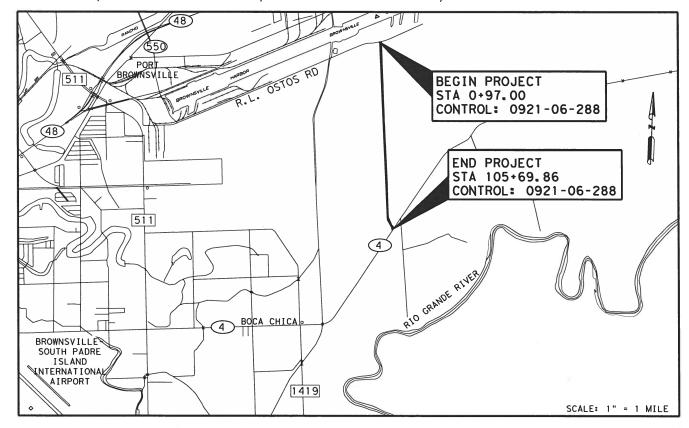
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 10,472.86 LF = 1.983 MILES -

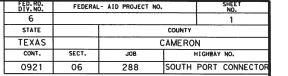
RDWY. = 6,097.86 = 1.155 MI BRIDGE = 4,375.00 = 0.828 MI CAMERON COUNTY REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY TOTAL = 10,472.86 = 1.983 MI

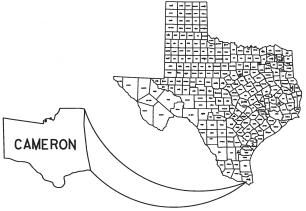
SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR LIMITS: FROM: R.L. OSTOS ROAD

TO: SH 4 CONSTRUCT SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR AT PORT OF BROWNSVILLE

CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW NON-FREEWAY FACILITY CONSISTING OF EMBANKMENT, LIMESTONE BASE, CONCRETE PAVEMENT, BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS







PREPARED BY:



S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

DANIEL RIOS, P.E. #79330 PROJECT MANAGER







TITIES
DATE:
TITLE
DATE:
TITLE
DATE:
TITLE

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© Texas Department of Transportation
SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:
ADVANCED PROJECT DEVELOPMENT SUPERVISOR

ET NO		DESCRIPTION	
		GENERAL	
	1	TITLE SHEET	
	2	INDEX OF SHEETS	
	3	PROJECT LAYOUT	
	4	EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS	
	5 -		
		ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEETS 8 GENERAL NOTES & SPECIFICATIONS	
		© EARTHWORK SUMMARY SHEETS	
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		02 FRAMING PLAN BRIDGE #2	
		04 SLAB PLAN BRIDGE #2	
	105	BRIDGE SLAB DETAIL BRIDGE #2	

SHEET NO. DES	C	R.	ĮΡ	T	Ι	O١
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			BRIDGE	STANDARDS
4	107	7	CP	
4	108	3	CSAB	
4	109	9 - 11	0 FD	
+	11	1 - 11	2 PBC-P	
*	110	3 - 11	6 PCP	
4	117	7 - 11	8 SEJ-A	
4	119)	SGTS	
4	120) - 12	1 SRR	
4	122	2 - 12	4 TRAFFIC	RAIL: TYPE T223
9	12	5	IGCS	
4	126	6 - 12	7 IGD	
4	128	3 - 13	0 IGEB	
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NOTE: [D] REFERS TO DISTRICT OF PHARR STANDARD

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE, WITH AN ASTERISK (*), HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME, OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION, AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



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SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

INDEX OF SHEETS

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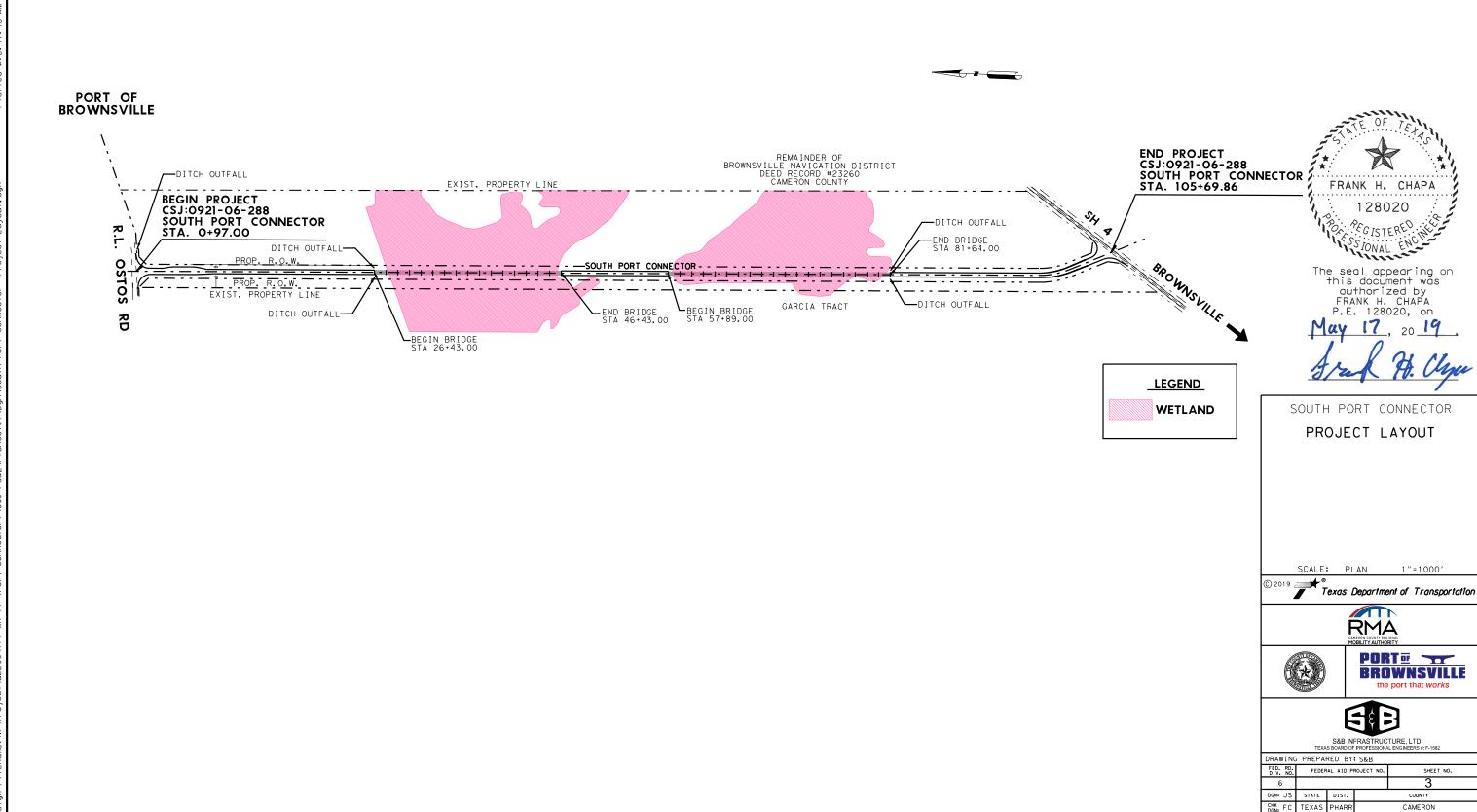






DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B

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FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	SHEET NO.					
6		,			2				
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.			COUNTY				
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON				
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.				
CHK	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR				



CONT. SECT. JOB

HIGHWAY NO. 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

1000′ _EXIST. NATURAL GROUND EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION
STA 0+97.00 TO STA 105+69.86
APPROX. 104.7 STA. SCALE: PLAN © 2019 Texas Department of Transportation RMA CAMERON COUNTY REGIONAL * DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B FED. RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. DGN: JS STATE DIST.

FRANK H. CHAPA 128020

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SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION







SHEET NO. COUNTY CHK FC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO.

O921 O6 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

NOTES:

WHERE REQUIRED BY FIXTURES OR UNUSUAL CONDITIONS, THE GOVERNING SLOPES MAY VARY WHEN DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

114 #/SY OF ACP IS EQUIVALENT TO 1 INCH IN DEPTH OF ACP.

PGL - DENOTES PROFILE GRADE LINE

SEE ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

LEGEND

1 - 12" CRCP (Epoxy Coated Rebar)

- 1" HMA Bond Breaker

(3) - MC-30

- 6" Limestone Flexbase 4% Cement Treated

- 6" 6% Lime Treated Subgrade

- Compacted Embankment



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SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

PROPOSED
TYPICAL SECTIONS











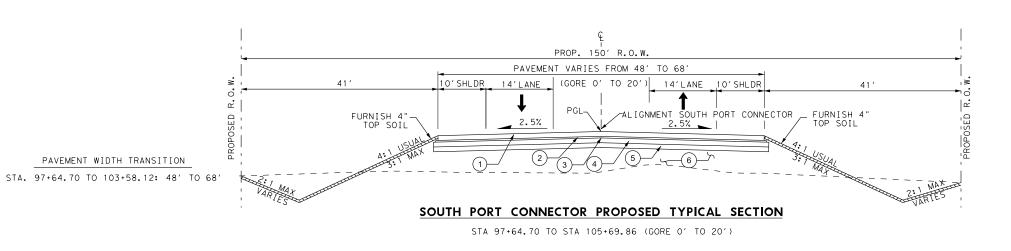
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FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	٥.	SHEET NO.				
6	6			5					
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY						
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR	CAMERON						
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.				
CHK DWG:	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR				

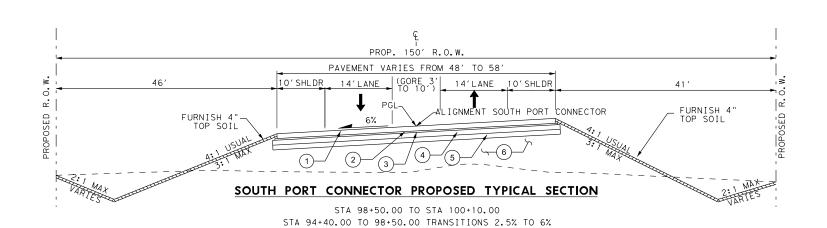
COMPACTED EMBANKMENT.

DETAIL N.T.S.









STA 100+10.00 TO 104+20.00 TRANSITIONS 6% TO 2.5%

PROP. 12"

CONCRETE PAVEMENT

PROP. 1" HMA
BOND BREAKER

MC-30

PROP. 6"
LIMESTONE

PROP. 6"

LIME-TRT SUBGRADE

COMPACTED EMBANKMENT

DETAIL

N.T.S.

	SUPER ELEVATION TRANSITIONS MAX e = 6%										
	PI Sta	Radius	Design Speed	е	Beain	PC Sta.of Curve	End Transition	Begin Transition	PT Sta.of Curve	End	
CURVE ID		FT	MPH	%	Begin Transition					Transition	
PORTRD-1	99+30.00	833.00	50	6.00	94+40.00	97+64.70	98+50.00	100+10.00	100+91.06	104+20.00	

NOTES:

WHERE REQUIRED BY FIXTURES OR UNUSUAL CONDITIONS, THE GOVERNING SLOPES MAY VARY WHEN DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

114 #/SY OF ACP IS EQUIVALENT TO 1 INCH IN DEPTH OF ACP.

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SEE ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

<u>LEGEND</u>

1) - 12" CRCP (Epoxy Coated Rebar)

2 - 1" HMA Bond Breaker

(3) - MC-30

4 - 6" Limestone Flexbase 4% Cement Treated

5 - 6" 6% Lime Treated Subgrade

(6) - Compacted Embankment



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May 17, 20 19

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

PROPOSED
TYPICAL SECTIONS

CALE: 1"-00'

SHEET 2 OF











S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-I

DRAWING FREFARED DI- 5&B									
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID PF	ROJECT N	SHEET NO.					
6					6				
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.			COUNTY				
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON				
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.				
CHK DWG:	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR				

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR ESTIMATE SUMMARY 0921-06-288 TOTAL CODE Ν **DESCRIPTION** FINAL EST. EST. FINAL EST. FINAL ITEM NO DESC CODE SP NO EST. FINAL STA 100 PREPARING ROW 105.00 105.00 6002 CY 9,766.00 9,766.00 110 6001 **EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)** 132 61,819.00 6006 EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY C) CY 61,819.00 STA 61.00 134 6001 61.00 BACKFILL (TY A) 6.00 150 6001 **BLADING** STA 6.00 160 6005 FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL CY 7,291.00 7,291.00 11.00 164 6036 DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY) AC 11.00 6042 AC 11.00 11.00 164 DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (WARM) 1.684.00 168 6001 **VEGETATIVE WATERING** MG 1.684.00 6,684.00 247 6236 FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TY A GR 1-2)(FNAL POS) 6,684.00 682.00 260 6016 TON 682.00 40,107.00 260 6079 LIME TRT (SUBGRADE)(6") SY 40,107.00 275 CEMENT TON 455.00 455.00 6001 275 SY 40,107.00 40,107.00 6003 CEMENT TREAT (NEW BASE) (6") 8,021.00 310 6009 PRIME COAT (MC-30) GAL 8,021.00 2,194.00 340 6104 D-GR HMA(SQ) TY-D SAC-B PG64-22 TON 2,194.00 38,486.00 360 6006 CONC PVMT (CONT REINF - CRCP) (12") SY 38,486.00 47.00 400 6001 STRUCT EXCAV CY 47.00 400 6005 CY 536.00 536.00 CEM STABIL BKFL 80.00 409 6001 PRESTR CONC PIL (16 IN SQ) LF 80.00 LF 409 6004 PRESTR CONC PIL (24 IN SQ) 16,646.00 16,646.00 420 CY 161.00 161.00 6013 CL C CONC (ABUT) 420 6025 CY 735.00 735.00 CL C CONC (BENT) 218,750.00 422 6001 **REINF CONC SLAB** SF 218,750.00 LF 30,503.00 425 6039 PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54) 30,503.00 428 6001 PENETRATING CONCRETE SURFACE TREATMEN SY 38,846.00 38,846.00 348.00 432 6016 RIPRAP (STONE TY R)(DRY)(12 IN) CY 348.00 432 CY 48.00 6045 RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN) 48.00 8,894.00 450 6006 RAIL (TY T223) LF 8,894.00 700.00 454 6001 SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - A) LF 700.00 RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN) LF 188.00 464 6005 188.00 4.00 467 6394 SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (C) EΑ 4.00 500 1.00 6001 **MOBILIZATION** LS 1.00 12.00 502 6001 BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING MO 12.00 LF 410.00 506 6001 ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1) 410.00 410.00 506 6011 **ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)** LF 410.00 506 6020 CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1) SY 156.00 156.00 156.00 506 6024 CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE) SY 156.00 506 6031 HR32.00 32.00 FRNT END LOADER WORK (ERSN & SEDM CONT) LF 21,072.00 506 6038 TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL) 21,072.00 LF 21,072.00 506 6039 TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE) 21,072.00 LF 540 6001 200.00 MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST) 200.00 8.00 540 6006 MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM) EΑ 8.00 8.00 544 6001 **GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)** EΑ 8.00 160.00 550 6003 CHAIN LINK FENCE (REMOVE) LF 160.00 6001 EΑ 8.00 644 IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P) 8.00 20.00 644 6004 IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T) EΑ 20.00 1.00 644 6007 IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(U) EΑ 1.00 5.00 644 6030 IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T) EΑ 5.00 88.00 658 6014 INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI) EΑ 88.00

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET

SHEET 1 OF 2







DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B





S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. EXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

1	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	o.	SHEET NO.		
-	6					7		
	DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
1	CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR	CAMERON				
J	DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
	CHK DWG:	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR		

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR ESTIMATE SUMMARY 0921-06-288 U N TOTAL CODE DESCRIPTION FINAL FINAL FINAL EST. EST. EST. T ITEM NO DESC CODE SP NO FINAL EST. 6048 EΑ 4.00 658 INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(FLX)GND 4.00 100.00 658 6067 INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2 EΑ 100.00 LF 666 6036 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL) 827.00 827.00 616.00 666 6042 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL) LF 616.00 666 6048 LF 38.00 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL) 38.00 LF 1,566.00 666 6141 REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)12"(SLD)(100MIL) 1,566.00 SF 300.00 666 6153 REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)(ISLAND)(100MIL) 300.00 LF 43,803.00 43,803.00 666 6224 PAVEMENT SEALER 4" 2,182.00 666 6228 PAVEMENT SEALER 12" 2,182.00 LF 21,582.00 666 6303 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL) 21,582.00 22,221.00 666 6315 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL) LF 22,221.00 491.00 672 6009 REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A EΑ 491.00 1,210.00 677 6001 ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4") LF 1,210.00 1.00 685 6002 EΑ 1.00 RELOCATE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY 200.00 605 6001 PREFORMED IN-LANE(TRANS) RUMBLE STRIP LF 200.00

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

ESTIMATE &
QUANTITY
SHEET

SHEET 2 OF 2







DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B





S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	SHEET NO.			
6					8		
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.			COUNTY		
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON		
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK DWG:	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR		

Project Number: Project Number:

County: Cameron **Control:** 0921-06-288 **County:** Cameron **Control:** 0921-06-288

Highway: South Port Connector **Highway:** South Port Connector

GENERAL NOTES:

General Requirements and Covenants to Items 1 thru 9:

Provide on a weekly basis a list of equipment, including idle equipment, utilized on the project that week.

The use of prison produced materials is prohibited on the project.

The use of publicly owned equipment is prohibited on the project.

The Contractor must comply with all Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standards.

In the event of a called evacuation, emergencies, impeding adverse weather or as directed, do not perform any work without written authorization. The District reserves the right to suspend all work in support of evacuations or emergencies occurring from other parts of the state. Any work performed, other than work directed by the Department, is unauthorized work in accordance with Item 5.

Sweep, clean and remove any construction waste, surplus materials or debris from the roadway and R.O.W. at the end of each day unless otherwise approved. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Asphalt application season will be established in accordance with Item 316.4.4 Adverse Weather Conditions or as directed by the Engineer.

Cut existing pavement using a saw or other approved method to ensure a neat transverse and/or longitudinal line to assure a smooth tie-in with new pavement. Cut a minimum depth of the final lift thickness. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Promptly pick up and properly dispose of paper and other materials used for pavement joints.

All pavement markings shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Texas MUTCD.

ITEM 5: Control of the Work

Questions regarding the plan work limits should be brought to the Engineer's attention prior to commencing work. Measuring equipment will be in working condition and calibrated to the manufacturer's specifications.

Field verify all dimensions and notify Engineer prior to initiating any work.

Verify the locations of utilities, underground or overhead, shown within the limits of the R.O.W. Adhere to OSHA Standards when working within the vicinity of overhead power lines. Coordinate with the utility companies and notify the Engineer of any possible conflicts. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

The 1-800 call services for utility locations do not include TxDOT facilities. Contact the Pharr District Signal Section (956-702-6225) for coordination with TxDOT underground lines.

Notify the Engineer immediately of utility conflicts in accordance with Item 5.6. Refer to Item 4.5 for consideration of differing site conditions.

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Article 5.9.3, "Method C". Existing alignment shall be used for horizontal control.

Contractor will mark Stations every 100 feet.

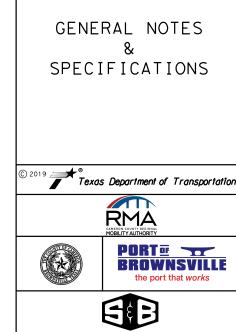
Before any operations begin, the Contractor will be responsible for noting and recording the locations and configuration of all existing pavement markings for use in the placing of the final permanent pavement markings. All roadways are to be striped as existing, unless shown otherwise in the plans, standards, or as directed by the Engineer.

Prior to contract letting, bidders may obtain a free computerized transfer of files (from the Engineer's office) that contains the earthwork information. If copies of the actual cross-sections in addition to, or instead of, the electronic files are requested, they will be available at the Engineer's office for borrowing by copying companies for the purpose of making copies for the bidder at the bidder's expense.

The Contractor shall maintain and preserve the integrity of all "existing survey markers" by avoiding the disturbance of such markers; which include all control points (horizontal and/or vertical), stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The Contractor will repair all disturbed control points, stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The cost for any, and all repairs to the "existing survey markers", will be deducted from money due or to become due to the Contractor.

ITEM 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.



DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. DGN: JS STATE DIST. CAMERON

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

&

RMA

BROWNSVILLE

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: Cameron Control: 0921-06-288 County: Cameron Control: 0921-06-288

Highway: South Port Connector

404 Permit Requirements:

The Contractor shall note that discharge of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States (U.S.), including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for construction, will require specific approval from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

Brownsville Navigation District (BND) will obtain the appropriate nationwide or individual permit(s) when necessary as dictated by project specific conditions and the potential to affect USACE jurisdictional areas to address the work detailed in the plans. The Contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in charge of construction. BND will hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit. If the Contractor cannot work within the limits or scope of this permit(s), then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE on the need for changes or amendments to the conditions of the existing permit(s) as originally obtained by BND. However, the Contractor may request BND to assist in this process by providing complete and specific revised details for BND review and submittal to the USACE. For off project right of way coordination, the Contractor or his agent, shall handle all activities directly with the USACE.

It is essential that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the proposed work. If the Contractor needs further explanation of the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the Pharr District Environmental Coordinator.

Project Specific Locations (PSL's) Coordination

The Contractor shall not initiate activities in a project specific location (PSL) associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit area that has not been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permitting for this project. Such activities include, but are not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites. Associated defined here includes materials delivered to, or from the PSL. The permit area includes all waters of the U.S., or associated wetlands, affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for such work. The Contractor shall be responsible for any, and all consultations with the USACE regarding activities, including project specific locations (PSLs) that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE.

The Contractor shall provide the department with a copy of all consultation(s), or approval(s), from the USACE prior to initiating activities.

The Contractor may proceed with activities in PSLs that do not affect a USACE permit area if a self determination has been made that the PSL is non-jurisdictional or proper USACE clearances have been obtained in jurisdictional areas, or have been previously evaluated by the USACE as

Highway: South Port Connector

Project Number:

part of the permit review of this project. The Contractor is solely responsible for documenting any determination(s) that their activities do not affect a USACE permit area. The Contractor shall maintain copies of their determination(s) for review by the department or any regulatory agency.

The total disturbed area for this project is 36 acres. The disturbed area for all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) within 1 mile of the project limits for the Contract, will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission of Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the R.O.W. When the total area disturbed in the Contract, and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the R.O.W. to the Engineer and to the local government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

Establish uniform perennial vegetative coverage with a density of at least 70% of the native background vegetative cover to achieve final stabilization.

For all pits and quarries, comply with the "Texas Aggregate Quarry and Pit Safety Act".

In order to expedite the approval process for PSLs, or to eliminate or minimize potential impacts to project progress, initiate coordination efforts with the USACE within 30 days from the date of "Authorization to Begin Work". If this is not done, the Contractor waives the right to request any contract time considerations if project progress is impacted and PSLs approval is still pending.

Requests submitted to the BND will be evaluated on this basis, and will require documentation showing substantial early coordination efforts to expedite the approval process as herein stated. The request shall include a detailed chronological summary status with dates of coordination activities with the resource agencies, including those occurring after the initial coordination, to be reviewed and confirmed by the district's environmental section.

ITEM 8: Prosecution and Progress

Liquidated damages per Working Day for this project have been set at \$1,425.00 per day.

Where road closures or detours around structures are necessary to accomplish proposed work, the removal of existing structures and/or cutting of existing pavement will not be permitted until all pre-cast members for the proposed structure have been cast, tested, and approved for use.

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Upon issuance of written authorization to begin work, all of Item 100 work that is in conflict with utilities, "Preparing Right of Way" will commence unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Contractor shall only perform Prep R.O.W. on the first Phase of construction as much as possible. Item 100 work shall be completed before work begins on other items, unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer. Item 100 will be charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4. Standard Workweek.

Prepare the progress schedule using the Critical Path Method (CPM). Submit (2) two 11"x17" hard copies and an electronic file of the original or updated progress schedule. Submit the original progress schedule seven (7) days before the Preconstruction Conference.

Submit an updated progress schedule as directed to show proposed major changes, changes affecting compliance with the contract requirements, or changes affecting the critical path/controlling item of work.

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4. Standard Work Week.

Work above traffic is not allowed.

Nighttime work is not permitted unless approved by the Engineer.

Notify the Engineer at least 48 hours in advance of weekend work.

ITEM 100: Preparing Right of Way

Coordinate all R.O.W. preparation activities with the project's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P) and Environmental Permit Issues, and Commitments Sheet (EPIC) or as approved.

Preparation of R.O.W. will be done in accordance with the construction phasing shown on the Traffic Control Plans. Performance of this item will not be allowed outside of the project's current construction phase without prior approval by the Engineer. Clearing & grubbing shall be executed in accordance with the District Clearing and Grubbing detail sheets.

Note medium to heavy brush from STA 6+75.00 to STA 26+43.00. Remove and dispose of all obstructions shown and not specifically shown in the plans. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 110: Excavation

Highway: South Port Connector

Project Number:

In all excavated areas, broom the existing base or subgrade to remove any loose material. This work is considered subsidiary to this item.

Before excavation and embankment operations begin, windrow all topsoil (approx. 4 inches) to be reused on side slopes. This work is subsidiary to Item 110, "Excavation" and Item 134, "Backfill".

ITEM 132: Embankment

Embankment (DENS CONT) shall be Type C with a max. PI of 35. Material used as embankment material in the top two feet below the bottom of Flexible Base shall meet the following requirements based on preliminary tests and such other tests found necessary by the Engineer.

1. The material shall be such as to produce a well-bonded embankment and shall have a minimum PI of 12 and a maximum PI of 35.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to advise the Engineer of the location of the source sufficiently in advance to avoid delay. The Engineer may sample and test project materials at any time before compaction throughout the duration of the project to assure specification compliance.

ITEM 134: Backfilling Pavement Edges

Areas to be backfilled shall extend approximately 3-ft out from the edges of the proposed overlay. Final slopes shall be uniform and smooth. The 100-foot station payment includes backfilling of both sides.

Backfill Ty A shall not contain particles more than two inches in size and shall have a minimum PI of 10 and a maximum PI of 20.

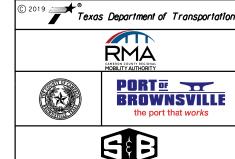
Any additional backfill material necessary due to pre-existing edge conditions or to replace existing fill removed during blading operations will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to this bid item.

ITEM 150: Blading

When directed, fill and grade low areas outside the embankment areas to drain.

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ITEM 160: Topsoil

Use topsoil as needed and directed by the Engineer for select problem areas. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, use topsoil from approved sources outside the R.O.W. as per standard specifications. Existing topsoil is to be salvaged and retained for re-use on the project as topsoil.

ITEM 164: Seeding for Erosion Control

Restore and seed areas not shown in the plans disturbed by the Contractor's operations. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

During drill seeding operations, application methods shall be in accordance with the method shown in the Standard Specification Book.

SS-1 Tacking Agent shall be a ratio of 2:1, two (Emulsion) to one (water) and applied at a rate of 0.05 gallons per square yard. The SS-1 Tacking Agent required for Drill Seed operations, will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 164 "Drill Seeding." Watering shall not be used with the Drill Seed Method. A biodegradable tacking agent may be used in lieu of the SS-1 tacking agent in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations when approved by the engineer.

Cool Season or Warm Season Grasses shall be included as part of Item 164 (See Table 3 and/or Table 4 in the Standard Specification Manual for dates and seed type).

Seed mixture shall be as specified under Item 164.

The following <u>is</u> a list of seed types that have been found to grow in High Salt Areas and are to be used on South Port Connector Road:

Rhode Grass	2.0 lbs/Acre
Bermuda Grass	1.2 lbs/Acre
Alkali Sacaton	1.9
	lbs./Acre
Blue Panic	2.0 lbs/Acre

Notify the Engineer of the unavailability of any seed mix. Make changes to the seed mix as approved.

ITEM 166: Fertilizer

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Project Number:

Fertilize all areas of the project to be seeded or sodded. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Fertilizer rate is based on a rate of 100 Lbs. of Nitrogen per acre. The Nitrogen-Phosphorous-Potassium (NPK) ratio shall include a minimum of 5 percent phosphorous and 5 percent potassium. Fertilizer shall be homogenized.

ITEM 168: Vegetative Watering

Distribute water to only those areas shown in the plans or as directed. Excessive overspray will not be permitted.

Water all areas of the project to be seeded or sodded every two (2) days for 90 days or as directed. Apply water in a manner to ensure adequate moisture but not to erode the soil in place. During periods of adequate moisture, mechanical watering may not be required as approved. Upon final stabilization, the Engineer may require to continue watering as specified for a period not to exceed 30 days.

ITEM 247: Flexible Base A

Flexible Base Type A will be composed of argillaceous Limestone and may contain stone, conglomerate, gravel, sand or granular materials.

Flexible Base (TY A GR 1-2) shall conform to the following requirements:

Retained on Sq. Sieve	Percent Retained
2-1/2L	0
1-3/4L	0-10
7/8L	10-35
3/8L	30-65
No. 4	40-75
No. 40	65-90
Max. PI:	10
Max. Wet Ball PI:	10
Wet Ball Mill Max Amount:	40
Min. Comp. Strength PSI:	175 at 15 PSI lateral pressure
Triaxial Test	Tex-117-E

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1	DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY							
	CHK FC	TEXAS	EXAS PHARR CAMERON								
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The Wet Ball Test (Tex-116-E) shall be run and the Plasticity Index of the material passing the No. 40 sieve shall be determined (Wet Ball PI).

The percent of density as determined by Compaction Ratio (Tex-113-E) for the new Flexible Base shall be a minimum of 98%.

The Contractor's attention is called to the fact that certain existing and/or proposed structures may be within the limits of the Flexible Base. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to perform construction operations without damage to these structures.

For water added under Item 247, the sulfate content will not exceed 3000-ppm and the chloride content will not exceed 3000-ppm.

When requested, stake with blue tops, at 100-foot intervals, the lines and grade shown in the plans.

ITEM 260: Lime Treatment (Road Mixed)

The Contractor's attention is called to the fact that certain existing and/or proposed structures are within the limits of the lime-treated Subgrade. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, these structures shall be installed before the final rolling of this Subgrade. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to perform the proper lime treating operation without damage to these structures.

The slurry method of applying lime will be required, except when the lime is to be added to naturally wet materials as directed by the Engineer.

For this project, the Engineer will direct a random number of lime trucks to be check weighed.

The percent of density as determined by Tex-121-E for the new and salvage Flexible Base shall be a minimum of 98% for all courses.

Proof roll all constructed lime treated subgrade and bases courses in accordance with Item 216, "Proof Rolling." Correct soft spots as directed. Correction of soft spots in the subgrade or base courses will be at the Contractor's expense.

ITEM 275: Cement Treatment (Road-Mixed)

The Contractor's attention is called to the fact that certain existing and/or proposed structures are within the limits of the cement-treated Subgrade. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, these structures shall be installed before the final rolling of this Subgrade. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to perform the proper cement treating operation without damage to these structures.

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The percent of density as determined by Tex-121-E for the new and salvage Flexible Base shall be a minimum of 98% for all courses.

Proof roll all constructed cement treated subgrade and bases courses in accordance with Item 216, "Proof Rolling." Correct soft spots as directed. Correction of soft spots in the subgrade or base courses will be at the Contractor's expense.

ITEM 310: Prime Coat

The Contractor shall exercise diligence in the application of asphalt by the use of flagging and rolling procedures to keep from spraying or splattering the traveling public with asphaltic material.

All existing flexible base, which may become exposed by the milling operation, shall be primed at the rate of 0.2 Gal/SY.

Do not apply subsequent courses over the initial prime coat any earlier than the day after the prime coat was applied, unless otherwise authorized or directed by the Engineer.

ITEM 340: Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt Small Quantity

The use of Recycled Asphalt Shingles (RAS) will not be allowed.

Provide aggregate with a minimum surface aggregate classification (SAC) of "B" unless otherwise shown. SAC requirements apply to aggregates used on all final roadway surfaces, including shoulders.

Use of Contractor-owned RAP including HMA plant waste will be permitted after the material from Item 354 has been exhausted or as approved by the Engineer.

Any RAP remaining from the contract is to remain with the Contractor. Use crushed gravel screenings with or in lieu of stone screenings.

Use a cut-off chute when placing hot-mix asphalt on narrow width locations unless approved.

The laboratory-molded density for this project will be 97% in accordance with test method TEXS-207-F.

Contractor will present a contingency plan to be approved by the Engineer in the event of a HMAC facility breakdown prior to pavement operations. No pavement drop-off's of any depth

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will be allowed when opened to traffic unless specifically noted in the plans for a particular location.

Construct longitudinal joints with a joint maker providing a maximum one (1) inch vertical edge (1/2 inch desirable) with an adjacent 6:1 taper. Construct the outside edge with a 6:1 taper, or backfill within the same day.

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, a tack coat will be placed on all lifts in accordance to 341.4.7.2 Tack Coat. A non-tracking tack coat shall be used. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to Item 341.

ITEM 400: Excavation and Backfill for Structures

If the Contractor elects to cut pavement (existing/detour) for structural work beyond that required by the construction phasing shown in the plans and approved by the Engineer, it shall be restored at the Contractor's expense and backfilled to its original condition or better in accordance with Item 400.

Unless shown otherwise in the plans, use a 1-ft depth for Item 400 Structural Excavation (Special) for gravel bedding needed below drainage structures with unstable material.

Item 404: Driving Piling

Difficult Driving

If it is necessary to advance the piling through a strong or stiff layer where refusal is possible, a pile penetration note may be required. A typical note may read, "The contractor's attention is drawn to the hard material in the soil profile, jetting and/or pilot holes may be necessary to advance the piling to the required penetration depth."

Dynamic Monitoring

Dynamic monitoring of a pile during driving can be accomplished using a Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) testing system. PDA testing measures the strain and acceleration in the piles as a result of the impact of the hammer. PDA testing of a pile can help to determine the stresses in the pile during and monitor the pile for damage or integrity. The capacity of the pile and the time dependent changes in capacity (if a restrike is undertaken) can be obtained if the PDA testing data is used with the Case Pile Wave Analysis Program (CAPWAP).

Not all piling will require dynamic monitoring. However, for critical structures, projects with a large number of piling, or in difficult soil conditions PDA testing should be considered for use.

Consult with the Geotechnical Branch to determine if a specific project might be considered as a candidate for PDA testing.

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ITEM 420: Concrete Substructures

Pay bent concrete as plan quantity.

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Promptly apply an ordinary surface finish to all concrete surfaces once meeting curing requirements.

Place longitudinal construction joints at the lane line for bridge approach slabs. These construction joints will be subsidiary to Item 420.

ITEM 421: Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Provide Sulfate Resistant Concrete for all concrete piling and drilled shafts.

Provide equipment at the batch plant for determining the free moisture and/or absorption of aggregates in accordance with applicable TXDOT Test.

Provide the following items for concrete batch inspection in accordance with specifications outlined in DMS-10101, "Computer Equipment":

- (1) One Desktop Microcomputer or One Laptop Microcomputer
- (2) One Integrated Printer/Scanner/Copier/Fax Unit
- (3) Contractor-Furnished Software
- (4) Hardware

Submit to the Engineer for approval the project locations for all Portland Cement concrete washout areas prior to starting any concrete work.

Use membrane curing, Type 2, for concrete curb, gutter and combined curb and gutter, concrete medians, directional islands and sidewalks.

ITEM 427: Surface Finishes for Concrete

Provide surface finishes for concrete as follows:

(1) Bridge overpass and underpass structures - Surface Area I, opaque sealer coating (color to be determined by the Engineer).

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(1) Bridge waterway crossings and bridge class box culvert structures - Surface Area II, opaque sealer coating (color to be determined by the Engineer).

Concrete traffic barrier/railing (roadway and bridge), and retaining wall coping - opaque sealer coating (color to be determined by the Engineer) to all exposed surfaces.

ITEM 432: Riprap

Provide Class "A" concrete minimum for riprap aprons placed around all box culvert and pipe safety end treatments. Provide Ì-inch thick dummy joints at least every 15-ft for riprap aprons placed around box and pipe culverts.

Do not use fiber reinforced concrete riprap on side slopes equal to or steeper than 6:1 unless approved by the Engineer.

ITEM 464: Reinforced Concrete Pipe

Use tongue and groove pipe where the RCP extends into the lime treated subgrade. The 4-foot depth restriction for heavy equipment passage over pipe structures is voided. The Contractor will be responsible for any construction damage to these facilities.

Do not use mortar joints.

All reinforced concrete pipe shall include rubber gaskets unless shown otherwise on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

The work performed for concrete collars will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 467: Safety End Treatment

Place safety end treatments with a uniform slope.

Reinforce concrete riprap with 4x4 - W2.9 x W2.9 welded wire fabric or with No. 3 reinforcing bars spaced at a maximum of 12 inch in each direction.

The work performed for concrete collars will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

All Type II SET's shall have riprap, Class "A" minimum, aprons as shown on the plans. The Contractor may submit an alternate precast SET design for approval by the Engineer.

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The use of precast Type II safety end treatments with integrally cast riprap aprons is allowed as approved. All safety end treatments shall include riprap to the dimensions shown on PSET-RR. This riprap shall be subsidiary to Item 467.

ITEM 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Furnish additional barricades, signs, and traffic handling as directed. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Traffic control for daytime lane closures shall be in accordance with TCP 1 Series Standards.

Traffic control shall include temporary rumble strips in accordance with WZ (RS)-16.

When advanced warning flashing arrow panels are specified, furnish one (1) standby unit in good condition at the job site for immediate use.

The Contractor's Responsible Person (CRP) or his representative(s) shall be located within one hour of traveling time to the project site. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of the name, physical address, and telephone number of this employee or these employees. The Engineer shall furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

Maintain traffic control devices by taking corrective action as soon as possible.

Attach stop/slow paddle to a staff with a minimum length of 6 feet to the bottom of the sign.

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators are required.

The use of a pilot vehicle in conjunction with flaggers will be permitted. If used, provide positive and unrestricted communication between the driver of the pilot vehicle and the flaggers. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Replace/relocate all regulatory signs removed due to construction operations with the same sign on fixed support(s) immediately upon its removal. First obtain the Engineer's approval before removing any regulatory roadway signs. Required flaggers are to be available to direct traffic during sign intermediate down time.

Relocate any Directional Sign Assemblies removed during construction operations immediately upon their removal.

These signs shall be relocated to a location in accordance with the latest version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices". In no case will a sign be removed without a

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CHK FC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON

DWG: CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO.

CHK OQ21 O6 288 SOUTH PODT CONNECTOR

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replacement sign and support(s) being readily available and a location established. Removal and relocation of these signs required for traffic control will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

From the beginning to the end of the project, all traffic control devices need to be in acceptable condition as per the Texas Quality Guidelines for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly, or more frequent, traffic management reviews on the project. The "Safety Contingency" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid items established by the contract. The Engineer may not choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

All items marked as optional on all traffic control standards shall be required unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Trail vehicle shall be required on all mobile traffic control operations.

ITEM 504: Field Office and Laboratory

Furnish (1) Field Office (Type C).

Provide one (1) Type D Structure (Asphalt Mix Laboratory) modified by the following:

<u>Laboratory room</u>: The other room of this building will be used as a laboratory and will include access to a bathroom facility from the interior. The laboratory and bathroom facility will have the walls, ceiling, and floor insulated such that the air temperature can be maintained at 76 degrees Fahrenheit at all times.

Furnish for the Department's use in the asphalt laboratory one (1) desktop computer.

Apply for and secure permits necessary for the buildings, and pay all utility meter deposits and service bills. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Provide two (2) sets of keys for all facilities.

Maintain all mechanical, electrical and plumbing facilities at all times.

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Furnish and install adequate equipment, outlets, lighting, air condition, heating, and ventilation as approved. Arrange and install outlets as directed with no less than 1 outlet per wall. Portable toilets will not be allowed.

Provide two (2) standard size office desks, four (4) office chairs, two (2) bookcases, and two (2) filing cabinets as approved. Provide solar screens, blinds, or shades.

Provide high speed internet connectivity, a printer/fax/scan/copier, and one (1) phone line and two (2) phones.

Provide hot water or a hot water dispenser capable of generating one (1) gallon of water at 140 degrees Fahrenheit with acceptable water pressure.

Use support blocks for stability and tied down portable structures according to applicable zoning requirements or as directed.

Provide Safety Equipment as follows:

- (1) ONE EYE WASH STATION
- (2) ONE FIRE EXTINUGUISHER
- (3) ONE FIRST AID KIT

Provide janitorial services as needed.

Provide doors with a minimum width of 36 inches and 80 inches in height. Secure all exterior openings with bars.

Furnish, for the Department's use in the asphalt laboratory, one (1) desktop computer.

Asphalt content will be measured by Ignition Method. Provide electrical service for the asphalt content by Ignition Method.

ITEM 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Designate in writing a Contractor Responsible Person (CRP) for implementing, maintaining, and reviewing environmental requirements.

Temporary sediment control fence is to be used around the stockpile location(s) and/or as directed by the Engineer. This will not be paid for directly but shall be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Biodegradable erosion control logs and/or silt fence will be checked and cleared of debris or sediment, as well as maintained, by the Contractor at least once a week. Biodegradable erosion

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control logs will also be checked and cleared of any debris or sediment after $\frac{1}{2}$ " rain event or more. These tasks will be considered subsidiary to Item 506.

The Contractor Force Account "Erosion Control Maintenance" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone Best Management Practice (BMP) maintenance, to improve the effectiveness of the Environmental Controls that may need maintenance attention and/or require replacement while the project is still under the construction stage. These procedures will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent BMP management reviews on the project. The "Erosion Control Maintenance" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid items established by the contract.

ITEM 540: Metal Beam Guard Fence

The optional terminal anchor post with the terminal connector will be required as shown on the Metal Beam Guard Fence Standard.

Galvanize the rail elements supplied for this project using a Type II Zinc Coating.

ITEM 544: Guardrail End Treatments

Label "end treatment type" on backside of unit at time of installation.

ITEM 644: Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

All signs shall be installed as shown in the plans and in accordance with the current edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and the "Sign Crew Field Book" (SCFB).

All signs shall be erected according to the locations shown on the signing layout sheets except that a sign may be shifted in order to secure a more desirable location. All sign locations will be staked as shown in the plans and as approved. It is the intent of the plans to erect all roadside traffic signs with the sign edge a minimum of 6 feet from the edge of the shoulder, or if none, 12 feet from the edge of the travel lane. In curb and gutter sections the sign edge shall be a minimum of 2 feet from the face of the curb.

For this project, aluminum type sign blanks as provided for under Item 636 will be required for all proposed signing installed under Item 644. Aluminum sign blanks less than 7.5 square feet shall be 0.08 inch thick, sign blanks 7.5 to 15 square feet shall be 0.100 inch thick and sign blanks greater than 15 square feet shall be 0.125 inch thick.

All excess excavation shall be spread uniformly inside the right of way as directed and shall be included in the price of these Items.

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Sign types which design details are not shown on the plans shall conform with the latest edition of the Department's "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" Manual.

Signs shown to be removed shall include the complete sign installation and separate the sign post at the concrete foundation. The concrete foundation shall be disposed in accordance with this Bid Item. Except for concrete foundations, all removed sign panels, sign posts, and hardware shall remain then property of the Department. All removed sign installations shall be completely disassembled. All salvageable sections of sign panels shall be recycled by TxDOT. The removed sign material will be required to be hauled to the maintenance yard closest to the project. No signs shall be removed without prior approval.

ITEM 658: Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

Delineator assemblies shall be installed 8 feet from the edge of the shoulder unless restricted by some obstruction, in which case, the delineator assembly shall be placed between 2 and 8 feet from the edge of the shoulder.

Bi-directional object markers shall be in accordance with the D&OM standard sheets. The Contractor is directed to the standards when instructed where and how to install the object markers.

ITEM 666: Retro-reflectorized Pavement Markings

All permanent pavement markings for this project under this Item shall be 0.100 inches (100 mil) thick thermoplastic.

Any permanent pavement markings or non-removal work zone pavement markings lacking reflectivity in accordance with the requirements of Tex 828-B, or that fail to meet minimum retro reflectivity requirements for longitudinal pavement markings when required, will be addressed per the requirements of the specification. The roadway will be re-striped at no additional compensation.

Before the roadways are overlaid, the location and configuration of all existing pavement markings shall be recorded for use in installing the final permanent pavement marking. All roadways shall be striped as existing, unless otherwise noted in the plans.

The beads used on this project shall meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8290, Glass Traffic Beads Texas Type II & III. Use a 50% Type II/50% Type III mix utilizing a double drop system with Type III beads dropped first.

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Pavement surface preparation for markings and markers will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 666.

Prior to any striping operations, an on-site coordination meeting between all the parties involved will be required to review striping details and requirements to ensure quality work.

The beads used on this project shall meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8290, Glass Traffic Beads Texas Type II & III. Use a 50% Type II/50% Type III mix utilizing a double drop system with Type III beads dropped first.

ITEM 677: Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

Asphalt and aggregate types and grades shall be as approved in writing when a surface treatment is used to eliminate existing pavement markings.

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SN: JS	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY
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WG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
HK WG:	0921	06	288	SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

General Notes Sheet S

* Station	Material Name	(sq. ft.)	Unadjusted Volumes (cu. yd.)	Volumes (cu. yd.)	Facto	Mass r Ordinate	17+00.00 SOIL Excavation	0.0 53.3	0 118	0 118	1.00	-12
0+97.00		1096.3	0	0	1.00	0	DIRT Excavation Fill	27.1 0.0	161 0	161 0	1.00	149
1+00.00	D DIRT Excavation Fill	992.7 0.0	116 0	116 0	1.00	116	18+00.00 SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT Excavation	0.0 23.1	0 141	0 141	1.00	8
2+00.00	D DIRT Excavation Fill	188.6	2188 0	2188 0	1.00	2304	19+00.00 SOIL Excavation	42.0	128 0	128 0	1.00	136
3+00.00	D DIRT Excavation Fill	149.9 0.0	627 0	627 0	1.00	2931	Excavation Fill DIRT Excavation Fill	0.0 0.8 133.8 0.0	44 326 0	326 0	1.00	92 418
4+00.00	SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 4.4	0 8	0 8	1.00	2923	20+00.00 SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 9.4	0 19	0 19	1.00	399
	Excavation Fill	137.4	532 0	532 0	1.00	3455	DIRT Excavation Fill	65.9 0.0	370	370 0	1.00	769
5+00.00	SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 6.2	0 20	0 20	1.00	3435	21+00.00 SOIL Excavation	0.0	0 38	0 38	1.00	731
5 00 00	Excavation Fill	53.1 0.0	353 0	353 0	1.00	3788	DIRT Excavation Fill	52.7 0.0	220	220	1.00	951
6+00.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 5.3	0 21	0 21	1.00	3767	22+00.00 SOIL Excayation	0.0	.0	.0	1.00	
	DIRT Excavation Fill	71.2 0.0	230 0	230 0	1.00	3997	Fill DIRT Excavation Fill	10.7 60.8 0.0	40 210 0	40 210 0	1.00 1.00 1.00	911
7+00.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 200.0	0 380	0 380	1.00	3617	23+00.00 SOIL Excavation	0.0	0	0	1.00	
	DIRT Excavation Fill	22.8	174 0	174 0	1.00 1.00	3791	FIII DIRT Excavation Fill	65.9 42.8 0.0	142 192 0	142 192 0	1.00 1.00 1.00	979 1171
8+00.00	SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 393.4	0 1099	0 1099	1.00	2692	24+00.00 SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 188.7	0 471	0 471	1.00	700
	Excavation Fill	31.2 0.0	100	100 0	1.00 1.00	2792	DIRT Excavation Fill	43.6	160	160	1.00	860
9+00.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 338.9	0 1356	0 1356	1.00	1 4 3 6	25+00.00 SOIL Excavation	0.0	0	0	1.00	
	DIRT Excavation Fill	29.3 0.0	112	112	1.00	1548	Fill DIRT Excavation Fill	360.1 43.7 0.0	1016 162 0	1016 162 0	1.00 1.00 1.00	-156 6
10+00.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 243.3	0 1078	0 1078	1.00	470	26+00.00 SOIL Excavation	0.0	0	0	1.00	
	DIRT Excavation Fill	39.6 0.0	128	128	1.00	598	FIII DIRT Excavation Fill	515.3 44.7 0.0	1621 164 0		1.00 1.00 1.00	-1615 -1451
11+00.00	SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 136.0	0 702	0 702	1.00	-104	26+43.00 SOIL Excavation	0.0	0 792	0	1.00	-2243
	Excavation Fill	51.9 0.0	169 0	169 0	1.00	65	FIII DIRT Excavation Fill	479.2 0.0 0.0	36 0	792 36 0	1.00 1.00 1.00	-2243
12+00.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 56.6	0 357	0 357	1.00	-292	SKIP STATION RANGE = 26+43.1 46+43.00 SOIL					
	DIRT Excavation Fill	42.8 0.0	175 0	175 0	1.00	-117	Excavation Fill 47+00.00 SOIL	0.0 976.2	0 5	0 5	1.00	-2212
13+00.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 48.7	0 195	0 195	1.00	-312	Excavation Fill	0.0 958.6	0 2042	0 2042	1.00	-4254
	DIRT Excavation Fill	41.7 0.0	156 0	156 0	1.00	-156	48+00.00 SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 820.8	0 3295	0 3295	1.00	-7549
14+00.00	SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 27.2	0 1 4 1	0 1 4 1	1.00	-297	49+00.00 SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 547.0	0 2533	0 2533	1.00	-10082
	Excavation Fill	42.3 0.0	156 0	156 0	1.00	-141	50+00.00 SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 497.1	0 1934	0 1934	1.00	-12016
15+00.00	O SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 18.8	0 85	0 85	1.00	-226	51+00.00 SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 372.5	0 1610	0 1610	1.00	-13626
10.00	Excavation Fill	53.4 0.0	1 7 7 O	1 7 7 O	1.00	-49	52+00.00 SOIL Excavation	0.0	0	0	1.00	
16+00.00	O SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 10.2	0 54	0 54	1.00	-103	Fill 53+00.00 SOIL Excavation	328.1	1297	1297	1.00	-14923
	Excavation Fill	59.6 0.0	209 0	209 0	1.00	106	Fill	358.9	1272	1272	1.00	-16195

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

EARTHWORK SUMMARY

SHEET 1 OF 2











S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B

D.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	, , ,, <u>,</u> , ,,,		- 500		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	0.	SHEET NO.
6					19
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.			COUNTY
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DWC	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR

	0.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 462.7	0 1521	0 1521	1.00	-17716
55+00	0.00	SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 588.6	0 1947	0 1947	1.00	-19663
56+00	0.00	SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 715.0	0 2414	0 2414	1.00	-22077
57+00	0.00	SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 853.9	0 2905	0 2905	1.00	-24982
57+89	9.00	SOIL Excavation Fill	0.0 875.9	0 2851	0 2851	1.00	-27833
		RANGE = 57+89.	10 +0 81+63.9	0			
	4.00	Excavation Fill	0.0 848.7	0 6	0 6	1.00	-27839
82+00	0.00	SOIL Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 755.0	0 1069	0 1069	1.00	-28908
		Excavation Fill	26.8 0.0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1.00	-28890
83+00	0.00	Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 723.7	0 2738	0 2738	1.00	-31628
0.4.04		Excavation Fill	26.6 0.0	99 0	99 0	1.00 1.00	-31529
84+00	0.00	Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 642.9	0 2531	0 2531	1.00	-34060
95+00	0.00	Excavation Fill	27.9 0.0	101 0	101 0	1.00	-33959
85100		Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 530.5	0 2173	0 2173	1.00	-36132
86+00	0.00	Excavation Fill	22.4 0.0	93 0	93 0	1.00	-36039
		Excavation Fill DIRT	0.0 393.5	1711	1711	1.00	-37750
87+00	0.00	Excavation Fill SOIL	21.4	81 0	81 0	1.00	-37669
		Excavation Fill DIRT Excavation	0.0 296.0 19.8	0 1277 76	0 1277 76	1.00 1.00	-38946
88+00	0.00	Fill SOIL	0.0	0	0	1.00	-38870
		Excavation Fill DIRT Excavation	0.0 257.6 21.6	0 1025 77	0 1025 77	1.00 1.00	-39895
89+00	0.00	Fill SOIL	0.0	0	0	1.00	-39818
		Excavation Fill DIRT Excavation	0.0 242.4 20.9	0 926 79	0 926 79	1.00	-40744
90+00	0.00	Fill	0.0	0	0	1.00	-40665
		Fill DIRT Excavation	227.1	869 81	869 81	1.00 1.00	-41534
91+00	0.00	Fill SOIL Excavation	0.0	0	0	1.00	-41453
		Fill DIRT Excavation	220.0 23.3	828 85	828 85	1.00	-42281
92+00	0.00	Excavation	0.0	0	0	1.00	-42196
		Fill DIRT Excavation Fill	214.4 19.1 0.0	804 79 0	804 79 0	1.00	-43000 -42921
93+00	0.00	SOIL Excavation	0.0	0	0	1.00	
		Fill DIRT Excavation Fill	217.0 20.6 0.0	799 74 0	799 74 0	1.00	-43720 -43646
				J	v		

04.00.00	2011					
94+00.00	Excavation Fill	on 0.0 214.2	0 799	0 799	1.00	-44445
	DIRT Excavation	n 17.0	70	70	1.00	
95+00.00	Fill SOIL	0.0	0	0	1.00	-44375
30 00.00	Excavatio Fill	on 0.0 215.4	0 796	0 796	1.00 1.00	-45171
	DIRT Excavation	n 13.4 0.0	56 0	56 0	1.00	-45115
96+00.00						
	Excavatio Fill DIRT	on 0.0 204.5	0 778	0 778	1.00 1.00	-45893
	Excavatio Fill	on 14.1 0.0	51 0	51 0	1.00 1.00	-45842
97+00.00	Excavatio		0	0	1.00	
	Fill DIRT Excavation	205.6 on 16.3	759 56	759 56	1.00	-46601
	Fill	0.0	0	0	1.00	-46545
98+00.00	SOIL Excavation	on 0.0 225.0	0 797	0 797	1.00	-47342
	DIRT Excavation	n 16.5	61	61	1.00	
99+00.00	Fill	0.0	0	0	1.00	-47281
	Excavatio Fill	0.0 248.4	0 877	0 877	1.00 1.00	-48158
	DIRT Excavation Fill	on 14.3 0.0	57 0	57 0	1.00 1.00	-48101
100+00.00	SOIL Excavatio	on 0.0	0	0	1.00	
	Fill	257.1	936	936	1.00	-49037
	Excavatio Fill	on 15.6 0.0	55 0	55 0	1.00 1.00	-48982
101+00.00	Excavatio	on _0.0	0	. 0	1.00	
	Fill DIRT Excavation	238.2 on 15.5	917 58	917 58	1.00	-49899
400.00.00	Fill	0.0	Ő	Ő	1.00	-49841
102+00.00	Excavation Fill	on 0.0 209.8	0 830	0 830	1.00	-50671
	DIRT Excavation	on 17.4 0.0	61 0	61 0	1.00	-50610
103+00.00	SOIL					-30610
	Excavatio Fill DIRT	on 0.0 188.0	0 737	0 737	1.00 1.00	-51347
	Excavation Fill	on 15.9 0.0	62 0	62 0	1.00 1.00	-51285
104+00.00	SOIL Excavation	on 0.0	0	0	1.00	
	Fill	170.7	664	664	1.00	-51949
	Excavatio Fill	on 15.1 0.0	57 0	57 0	1.00 1.00	-51892
105+00.00	SOIL Excavation	on 0.0 92.9	0 488	0 488	1.00	-52380
	DIRT Excavation	on 96.0	206	206	1.00	
105+69.86	Fill	0.0	0	0	1.00	-52174
. 55 55, 66	Excavatio Fill	0.0 0.3	0 121	0 121	1.00 1.00	-52295
	DIRT Excavation Fill	0.0	242	242	1.00	-52053
*	G R A N Material N	ID SUM	M A R Y Unadjusted	T O T A L Adjusted	. S Mult	,,
			Volumes (cu. yd.)	Volumes (cu. yd.)	Factor	
SOII	-	Excavation Fill	0 61819	0 61819	1.00	
DIR	Т	Excavation	9766	9766	1.00	
		Fill	0	0	1.00	

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

EARTHWORK SUMMARY

SHEET 2 OF 2











S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1592

DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B

DIVABILITY	7 1 IVE 1 A	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.											
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	0.	SHEET NO.								
6				20									
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY										
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON								
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.								
CHK DWC-	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR								

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR ROADWAY SUMMARY

		FOR CONTR	RACTORS INFORM	IATION ONLY	100-6002	110-6001	132-6005	134-6001	150-6001	247-6236	260-6016	260-6079	275-6001	275-6003	310-6009	340-6104	360-6006	400-6005
STA	ATION	LENGTH	PROP. PAVEMENT AREA	PROP. BASE AREA	PREPARING R.O.W.	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP) (TY C)	BACKFILL (TY A)	BLADING	FLBS (RDWY DEL) (TY A GR 1-2) (FINAL POS)	LIME (6%)	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (6")	CEMENT (4%)	CEMENT TREAT (NEW BASE) (6")	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	D-GR HMA (SQ) TY-D SAC-B PG64-22 (1.0") (BOND BREAKER)	CONC. PVMT. (CONT REINF CRCP) (12")	CEM STABIL BKFL
															(0.2 GAL/SY)	(114 LBS/SY)		
BEGIN	END	LF	SY	SY	STA	CY	CY	STA	STA	CY	TON	SY	TON	SY	GAL	TON	SY	CY
0+97.00	8+00.00	703.00	6,889	7,046	7.0	4,220	429	7	3	1,174	120	7,046	79.9	7,046	1,409	393	6,889	
8+00.00	19+00.00	1,100.00	5,938	6,183	11.0	1,671	5,326	11		1,030	105	6,183	70.1	6,183	1,237	338	5,938	
19+00.00	26+43.00	743.00	3,963	4,129	7.4	1,840	4,183	7		688	70	4,129	46.8	4,129	826	226	3,963	134
26+43.00	46+43.00	2,000.00			20.0													
46+43.00	52+00.00	557.00	2,971	3,094	5.6		11,419	6		516	53	3,094	35.1	3,094	619	169	2,971	134
52+00.00	57+89.00	589.00	3,141	3,272	5.9		14,207	6		545	56	3,272	37.1	3,272	654	179	3,141	134
57+89.00	81+64.00	2,375.00			23.8													
81+64.00	85+00.00	336.00	1,762	1,866	3.4	218	6,344	3		311	32	1,866	21.2	1,866	373	100	1,762	134
85+00.00	96+00.00	1,100.00	5,866	6,111	11.0	851	12,007	11		1,019	104	6,111	69.3	6,111	1,222	334	5,866	
96+00.00	105+69.86	969.86	7,955	8,406	9.7	966	7,904	10	3	1,401	143	8,406	95.3	8,406	1,681	453	7,955	
PROJEC	CT TOTAL	10,473	38,486	40,107	105	9,766	61,819	61	6	6,684	682	40,107	455	40,107	8,021	2,194	38,486	536

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR ROADWAY SUMMARY - CONTINUED

		428-6001	550-6003
STA	ATION	PENETRATING CONCRETE SURFACE TREATMENT	CHAIN LINK FENCE (REMOVE)
BEGIN	END	SY	LF
0+97.00	8+00.00	6,889	
8+00.00	19+00.00	5,938	
19+00.00	26+43.00	3,963	160
26+43.00	46+43.00		
46+43.00	52+00.00	2,971	
52+00.00	57+89.00	3,141	
57+89.00	81+64.00		
81+64.00	85+00.00	1,762	
85+00.00	96+00.00	5,866	
96+00.00	105+69.86	7,955	
PROJE	CT TOTAL	38,486	160

1) UNIT WT OF EXISTING MATERIAL 2970 LB/CY

2) UNIT WT OF NEW BASE 3375 LB/CY

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR SW3P SUMMARY

		160-6005	164-6036	164-6042	168-6001	506-6001	506-6011	506-6020	506-6024	506-6031	506-6038	506-6039
FROM STATION	TO STATION	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (WARM)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	FRNT END LOADER WORK (EROSION & SEDM CONT)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
		CY	AC	AC	(MG)	LF	LF	SY	SY	HR	LF	LF
0+97.00	22+00.00	2,437	5	5	762			78	78	14	4,284	4,284
22+00.00	44+00.00	533	1	1	116	100	100			3	4,400	4,400
44+00.00	66+00.00	1,393				200	200				4,400	4,400
66+00.00	88+00.00	776	1	1	219	110	110			4	4,400	4,400
88+00.00	105+69.86	2,153	4	4	588			78	78	11	3,588	3,588
THROUGH C	OUT PROJECT											
PROJEC	CT TOTAL	7,291	11	11	1,684	410	410	156	156	32	21,072	21,072

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

SUMMARY SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 2











DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	٥.	SHEET NO.						
6					21						
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY								
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON						
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.						
CHK DWG:	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR						

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE SUMMARY

		432-6045	540-6001	540-6006	544-6001	
FROM STATION	TO STATION	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP) GD FEN (4IN) (TIM POST)		MTL W-BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TRT (INSTALL)	
		CY	LF	EA	EA	
0+97.00	8+00.00					
8+00.00	19+00.00					
19+00.00	30+00.00	12	50	2	2	
30+00.00	41+00.00					
41+00.00	52+00.00	12	50	2	2	
52+00.00	63+00.00	12	50	2	2	
63+00.00	74+00.00					
74+00.00	85+00.00	12	50	2	2	
85+00.00	96+00.00					
96+00.00	105+69.86					
PROJEC	T TOTAL	48	200	8	8	

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR DRAINAGE SUMMARY

PROJECT TOTAL	47	188	4	
104+00.00	23.00	92	2	
2+00.00	24.00	96	2	
	CY	LF	EA	
		(24 IN)	(6: 1) (C)	
STATION	EXCAV	(CL III)	(24 IN) (RCP)	
	STRUCT	RC PIPE	SET (TY II)	
	400-6001	464-6005	467-6394	

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR SMALL SIGNS SUMMARY

		644-6001	644-6004	644-6007	644-6030	658-6014	658-6048	658-6067	685-6002
FROM STATION	TO STATION	IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY10BWG (1) SA (P)	IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY10BWG (1) SA (T)	IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY10BWG (1) SA (U)	IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TYS80 (1) SA (T)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB(BI)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(FLX)GND	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DW)SZ 1 (BRF)GF2	RELOCATE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY
		EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
0+97.00	22+00.00	4	2		4		2		
22+00.00	44+00.00		2			36			
44+00.00	66+00.00		3			20			
66+00.00	88+00.00		2			32			
88+00.00	105+69.86	4	11	1	1		2		1
ENTIRE	PROJECT							100	
PROJEC	CT TOTAL	8	20	1	5	88	4	100	1

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS SUMMARY

		666-6036	666-6042	666-6141	666-6224	666-6228	666-6303	666-6315	666-6048	666-6153	672-6009	677-6001	6056-6001
FROM STATION	TO STATION	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" SLD (100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 12" SLD (100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) 12" SLD (100 MIL)	PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	PAVEMENT SEALER 12"	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W) 4"(SLD) (100 MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 4"(SLD) (100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) (ISLAND) (100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY II A-A	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	PREFORMED IN-LANE (TRANS) RUMBLE STRIP
		LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	SF	EA	LF	LF
0+97.00	22+00.00	392	203	836	9,935	1,039	4,462	5,473	14	142	149	580	120
22+00.00	44+00.00				8,800		4,400	4,400			56		
44+00.00	66+00.00				8,800		4,400	4,400			56		
66+00.00	88+00.00				8,800		4,400	4,400			56		
88+00.00	105+69.86	435	413	730	7,468	1,143	3,920	3,548	24	158	174	630	80
PROJEC	T TOTAL	827	616	1,566	43,803	2,182	21,582	22,221	38	300	491	1,210	200

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

SUMMARY SHEETS

SHEET 2 OF 2











	TEXA	S BOARD OF	PROFESSI	ONA	L ENGINEERS #: F-1582			
DRAWING	PREPA	RED BY:	S&B					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	٥.	SHEET NO.			
6					22			
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY				
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON			
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.			
CHK DWG:	0921	06	288 SOUTH PORT CONNEC					

GENERAL NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS DATA:

USE A POWER-BROOM WHEN CLEANING THE ROADWAY AS NEEDED.

REMOVE & DISPOSE ALL MATERIAL NOT DEEMED SALVAGEABLE BY THE ENGINEER, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

ON EXISTING PAVEMENT THAT WILL REMAIN IN PLACE, SAND BLAST OR SURFACE TREAT IN ORDER TO REMOVE EXISTING STRIPING.

DO NOT BLOCK DRAINAGE WHEN HANDLING & STOCKPILING EXCAVATED MATERIAL.

MAINTAIN ACCESS TO DRIVEWAYS AND INTERSECTIONS THROUGH ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION.

MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION.

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES:

AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PROJECT, ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL
DEVICES SHALL BE IN ACCEPTABLE CONDITION, AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT
THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT, AS PER GUIDELINES FOR TEMPORARY TRAFFIC
CONTROL DEVICES AND FEATURES.

NOTIFY THE AREA ENGINEER (AE) IN WRITING (E-MAIL IS ACCEPTABLE) ONCE THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (TCP) AND ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES HAVE BEEN INSTALLED AS PER PLANS ON THE PROJECT SO THAT THE DEPARTMENT'S RESPONSIBLE PERSON ACCOMPANIED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBLE PERSON CAN CONDUCT A NIGHT INSPECTION ON THE SAID TCP AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES. COMMENCEMENT OF WORK WILL NOT BE AUTHORIZED NOR ALLOWED UNTIL THE AE NOTIFIES THE CONTRACTOR IN WRITING (E-MAIL IS ACCEPTABLE) TO PROCEED WITH THE WORK.

CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A SUFFICIENT AMOUNT OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCEPTABLE CONDITION TO REPLACE ANY DAMAGED TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE WITHIN 24 HOURS OF NOTIFICATION.

PROVIDE ADDITIONAL SIGNS AND BARRICADES AS NECESSARY TO ADDRESS FIELD CONSTRUCTIBILITY & VISIBILITY. THESE ADDITIONAL SIGNS WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

REMOVE OR COMPLETELY COVER ALL EXISTING SIGNS WHICH ARE IN CONFLICT WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN.

ADJUST STOP SIGNS AS NEEDED ON INTERSECTING STREETS DURING THE VARIOUS CONSTRUCTION PHASES. DO NOT REMOVE ANY EXISTING STOP SIGNS UNTIL TEMPORARY SIGNS ARE IN PLACE.

COORDINATE THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AND THE VARIOUS SEQUENCES OF CONSTRUCTION WITH ADJACENT CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS IF APPLICABLE, TO ENSURE THE UNINTERRUPTED AND SAFE FLOW OF TRAFFIC.

NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IN WRITING WHEN MAJOR TRAFFIC CHANGES ARE TO BE MADE. NOTIFICATIONS MUST BE GIVEN A MINIMUM OF THREE WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE CHANGE.

ALL WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE 0.100 INCHES (100 MIL) THICK THERMOPLASTIC.

SAFETY:

PROTECT EXPOSED PITS THAT MUST REMAIN OPEN DURING NON-WORKING HOURS AS PER OSHA REQUIREMENTS.



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May 17, 20 19

TRAFFIC CONTROL
PLAN NOTES
SHEET | OF | SHEETS

PHARR DISTRICT STANDARD

Texas Department of Transportation ©T×DOT 2019 Rev 05/08/201 FED. RD. DIV. NO. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. STATE TEXAS 6 COUNTY CONT. SECT. DIST. JOB HIGHWAY NO. SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR PHR CAMERON 0921 06 288

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

THE FOLLOWING WORK WILL BE PERFORMED ALONG THE PROPOSED SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR.

REFER TO THE TCP PHASES, TCP GENERAL NOTES, AND CORRESPONDING PLAN SHEETS FOR MORE DETAILED INFORMATION.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH ADDITIONAL SIGNS AND BARRICADES IN ADDITION TO THE ONES SHOWN ON THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN, TCP STANDARD SHEETS, AND BC STANDARD SHEETS TO MAINTAIN TRAFFIC AND PROMOTE MOTORISTS' SAFETY. THIS WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS. ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL CONFORM WITH THE BC STANDARD SHEETS, TCP STANDARD SHEETS, AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

FOR THIS PROJECT, ALL TEMPORARY LANE CLOSURES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE STANDARD SHEETS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY VARY THE SPACING OF SIGNS TO MEET TRAFFIC CONDITIONS AS APPROVED AND DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

ALL SIGNS AND BARRICADES SHALL BE NEW AND CLEAN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.

ALL BEGINNING AND ENDING BARRICADES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.

1.PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE; REFER TO ADVANCE WARNING LAYOUTS. ALL SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STANDARD SHEETS.

2. PLACE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES, AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT & WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES STANDARD SHEETS. REFER TO SW3P SUMMARY SHEET.

PHASE I: CONTINUED

CONSTRUCT NEW SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR:

- 1. PREPARE AND CLOSE SHOULDERS ON R.L. OSTOS RD. AND SH 4; REFER TO TCP(2-1)-18.
- 2. PREPARE SUBGRADE, PLACE EMBANKMENT, PLACE NEW BASE IN 2 LIFTS. APPLY MC-30 PRIME COAT, 1 COURSE SURFACE TREATMENT AND PLACE CONCRETE PAVEMENT, AS PER PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION SHEETS. PROTECT THE EDGE DROP-OFF AS NEEDED PER THE TXDOT EDGE CONDITION STANDARD. SIGNING FOR PAVEMENT DROP-OFF (CW8-9A) SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN ADVANCE OF THE CONDITION AND REPEATED EVERY ONE (1) MILE, AS NECESSARY.
- 3. CONSTRUCT PROPOSED BRIDGE STRUCTURES.

PHASE II:

- 1. CONSTRUCT TIE INTO EXISTING R.L. OSTOS RD. AND SH 4.
- * PHASE II SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO STARTING PHASE III.

PHASE III

COMPLETION OF ROADWAY:

- 1. AFTER COMPLETION OF ROADWAY, INSTALL NEW SIGNS AND PLACE PERMANENT STRIPING IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE STANDARDS.
- 2. REMOVE ALL SW3P DEVICES.
- 3. PERFORM FINAL CLEAN-UP.
- 4. REMOVE ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

*THE ABOVE NARRATIVE IS THE SUGGESTED CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE. ANY DEVIATION FROM THE SUGGESTED CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE AND TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.



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SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION



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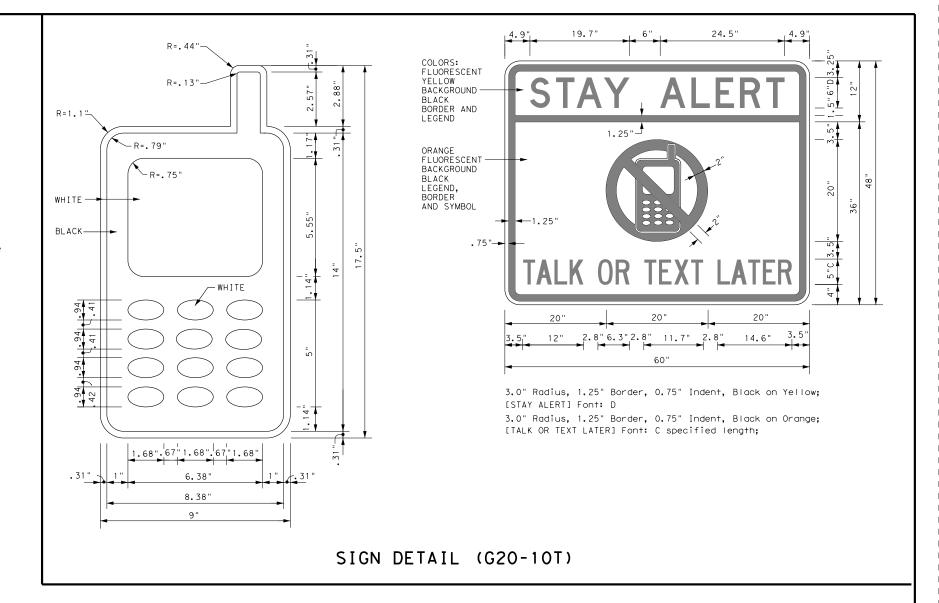
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

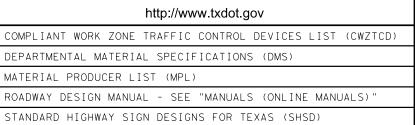
WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118



THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES END ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 (Optiona see Note 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES <> AHEAD END ROAD WORK CW20-1D G20-2 G20-1aT (Optional see Note

May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION ROAD WORK ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES G20-1bT NEXT X MILES ⇒ 1000′-1500′ INTERSECTED 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow WORK 801 G20-5aP WORK Limit G20-5aP mir ZONE TRAFFI TRAFFI G20-5T R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE DOUBL I R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-6T R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT END ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

	Posted Speed	Sign ^A Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
1	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600 ²
1	65	700 ²
	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
_	*	* 3

SPACING

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW201 CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 48" x 48' $36" \times 36"$ CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

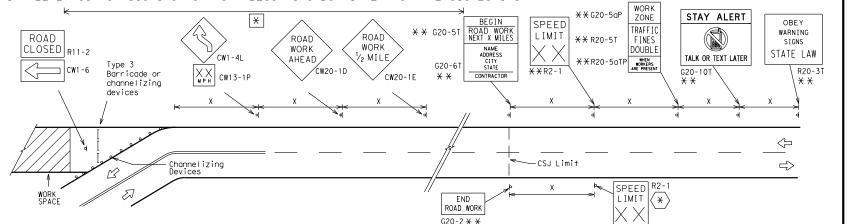
- $_st$ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP X X SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC R20-5TX X WORK FINES WARNING $* \times 620-5$ CW1-4L AHEAD NEXT X MILE DOUBL F SIGNS appropriate CW13-1P XX CW20-1D ROAD R20-5aTP X X MORKERS ARE PRESENT STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER * *R2-ROAD * *G20-6 WORK CW20-1D R20-3T * * WORK G20-10T * * WORK AREA AHEAD \times AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P . CW20-1D channelizing devices \triangleleft $\langle \neg$ $\langle \neg$ \triangleleft \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of — NO-PASSING SPEED (*)END R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * line should 3X FND $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign 'ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location NOTES G20-2 X X within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizina devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance sians are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices					
•	Sign					
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

LECEND

SHEET 2 OF 12



Operation Division Standard

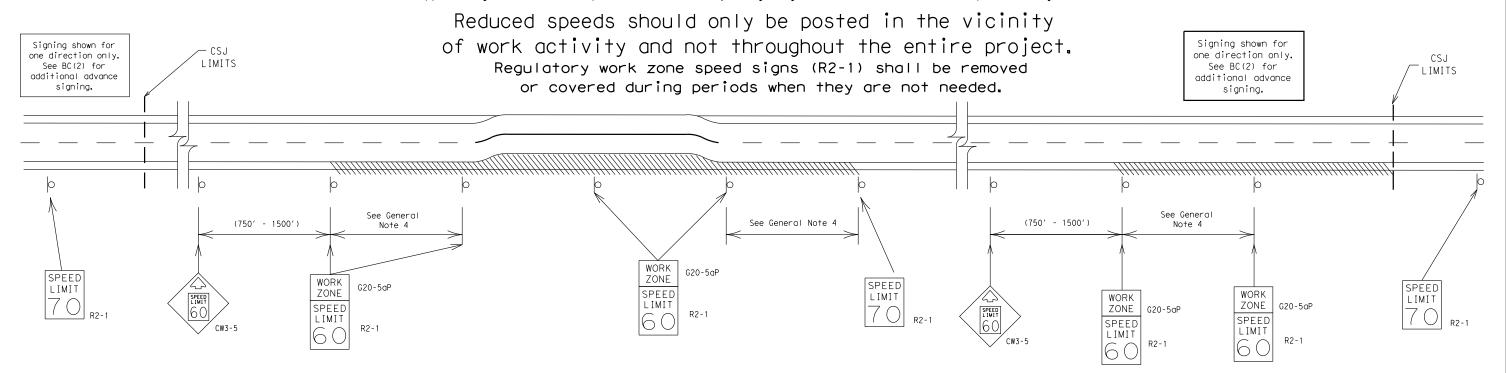
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2) - 14

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9-07	9-07 8-14		COUNTY				SHEET NO.
7-13		PHR	CAMERON				27

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign. "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



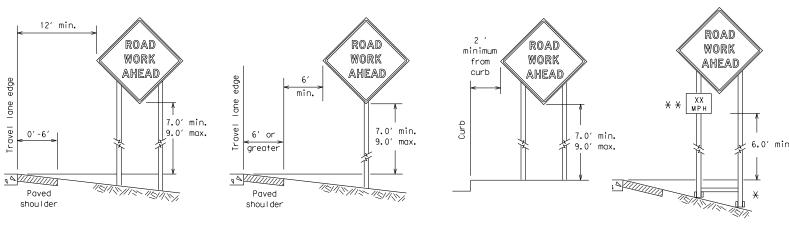
Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

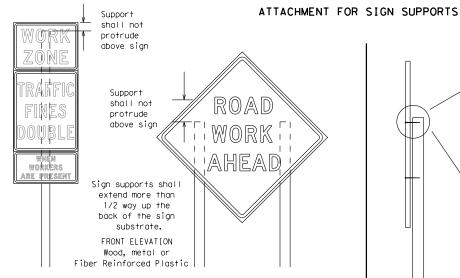
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

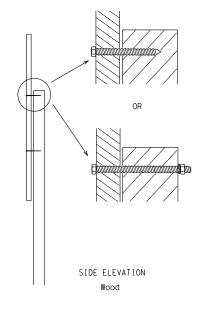


- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

 Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.



or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed.

Attachment to wooden supports

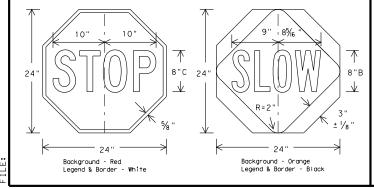
will be by bolts and nuts

be allowed.

Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6^\prime to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- . When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- . If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- i. If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- 6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- . Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- . The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to croshworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs are DMS 9310 for really us signs. The web address for DMS esseifications in above as DC(1)
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

 Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.

 5. Burlap shall NOI be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.
 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.
 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- 6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

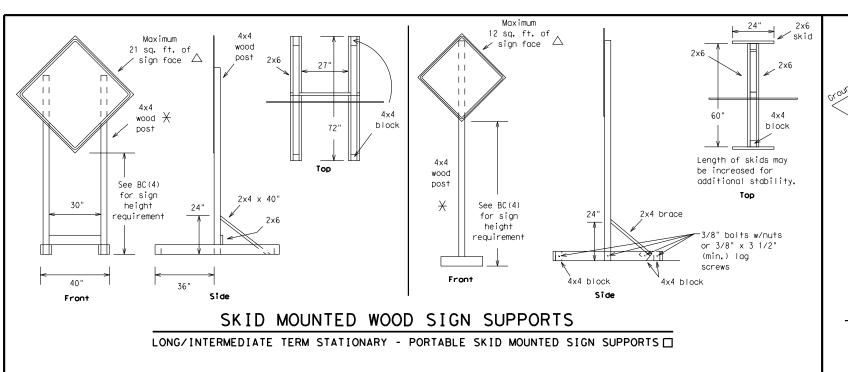


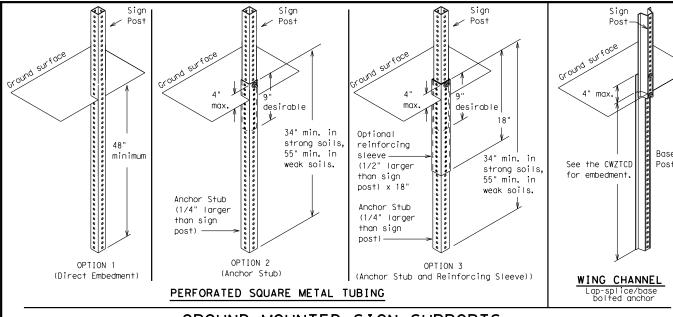
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-14

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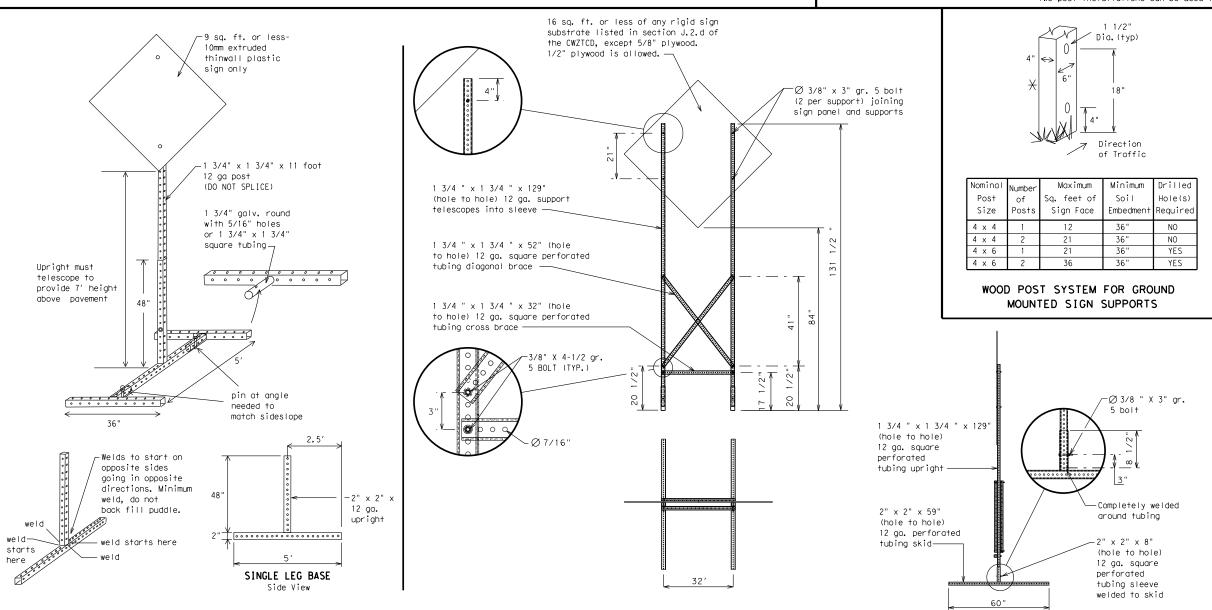


GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 506.
 - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - \times Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - \triangle See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Division Standard

Traffic Operations

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-14

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Emergency Vehicle		South	S
		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	M.I CIMILI
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED		
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
XXXXXXX			

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/E Lis		Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		* * See	Application Guidelines No	ote 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. REFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR
CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)
PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE
UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION
OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS
SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

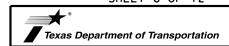
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Division Standard

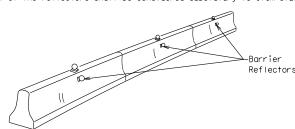
MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)
BC (6) -14

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE

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© TxD0T	November 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB			IGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0921	06	288			SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13		PHR		CAMERON	4		31	

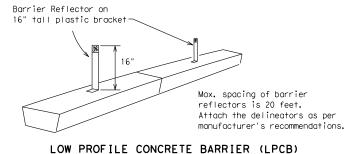
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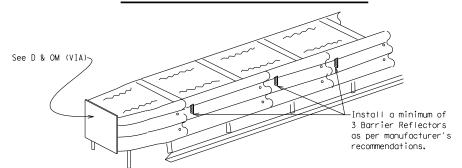
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-auglified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.





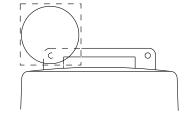
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

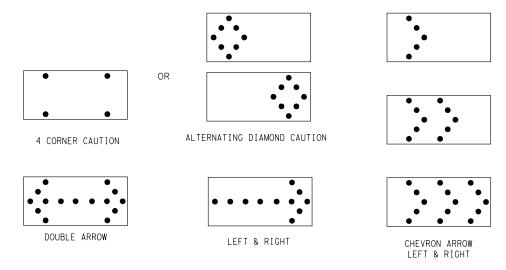
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- 3. The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Operation

Division Standard

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-14

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWYTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

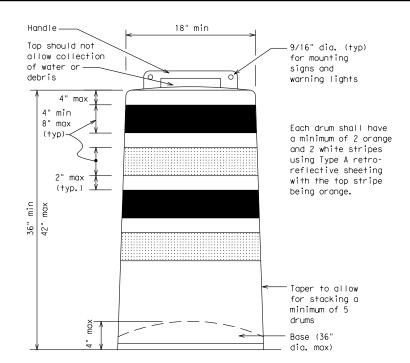
 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

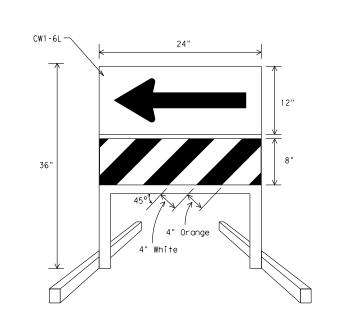
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
 Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved
- for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

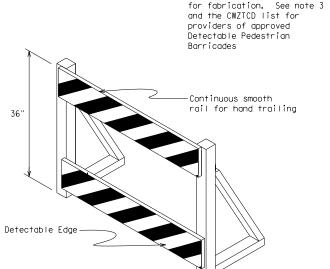




DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

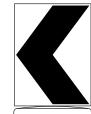
 2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- 5. Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
 Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



This detail is not intended

DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian poth.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type ${\sf B_{FL}}$ or Type ${\sf C_{FL}}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



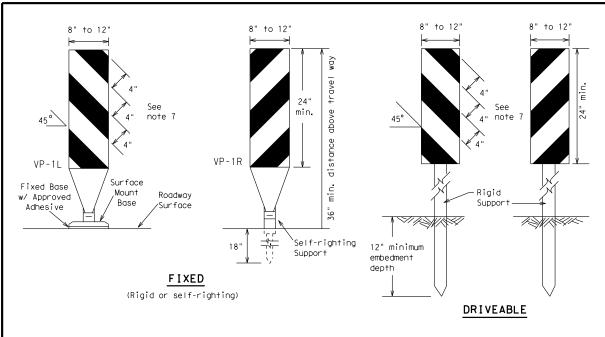
Traffic Operations Division Standard

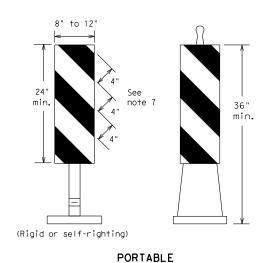
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

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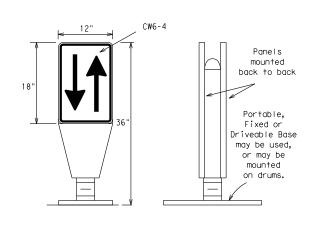
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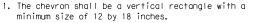
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{VP's}}$ used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A
- conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{or}\,\mathsf{Type}\,\,C_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

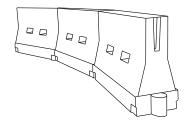


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

Min.

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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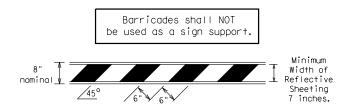
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD)

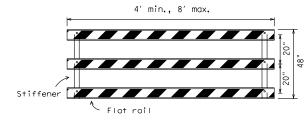
- for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.

 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction
- projects closed to all traffic.

 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

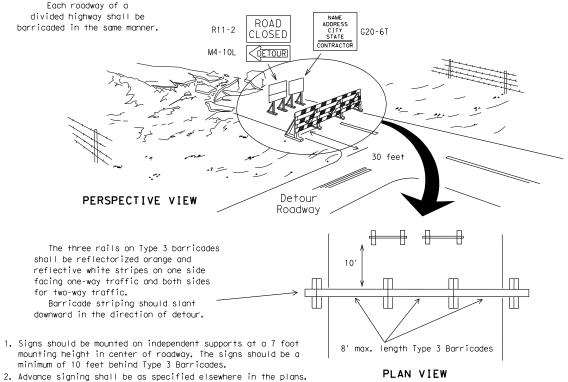


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

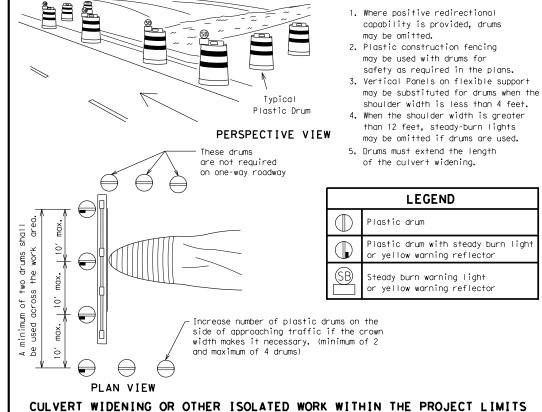


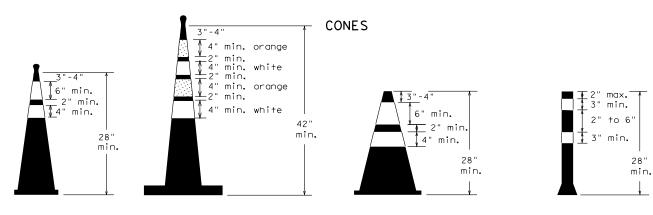
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

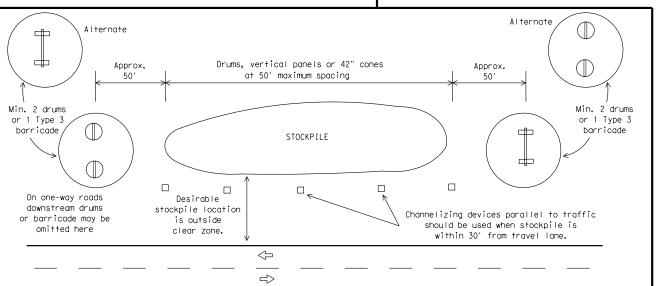




Two-Piece cones

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

 Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

One-Piece cones

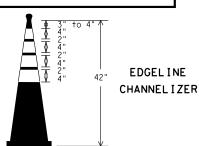
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.

- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

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Traffic Operation

Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

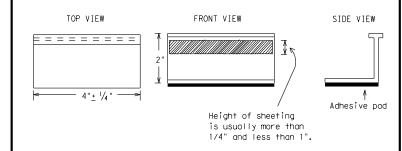
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markinas and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Fngineer.
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



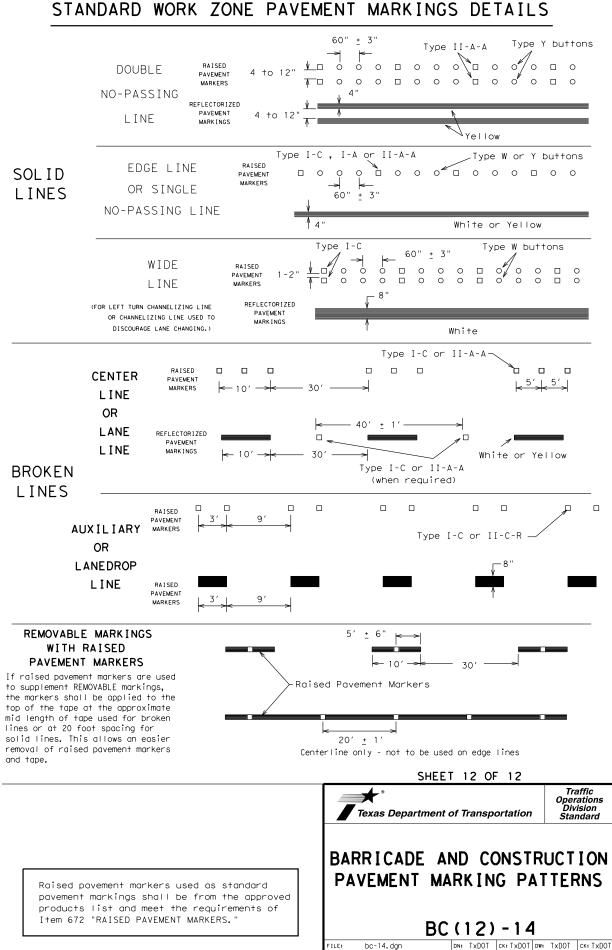
Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

201111								
bc-14.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS 98 9-07	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR			
98 9-07 06 7-13 06 8-14	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
	PHR		CAMERON	٧		36		

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A Yellow Type II-A-Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A 00040000000000000000000000 0000000000 4 to 8" Type Y buttons Type II-A-A-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons Type I-C or II-C-R Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons Type I-A Type Y buttons Type I-A Yellow White Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY ____^ 000 White / Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 00000 5 RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type I-C-Туре 0000 Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



©⊺xDOT February 1998

1-97 9-07

CONT SECT

0921 06

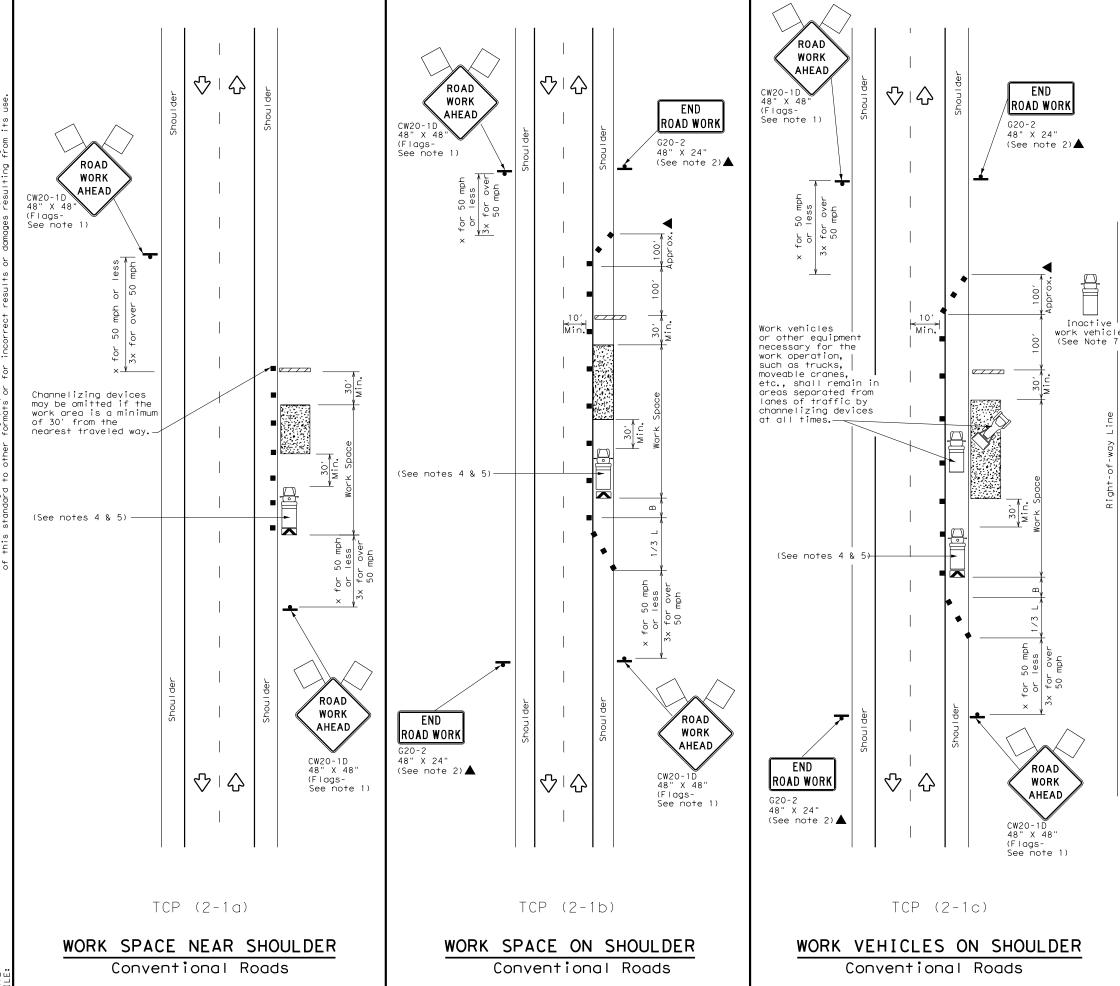
JOB

288

SOUTH PORT

ATE:

DISCLAIMER:
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	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	Lo	Flagger						
•									

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Max Desirable Spacing of Taper Lengths Channelizin X X				ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W3	600′	660′	7201	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

* Conventional Roads Only

Inactive

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	✓	✓	✓	√					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

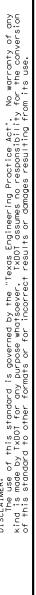
Texas Department of Transportation

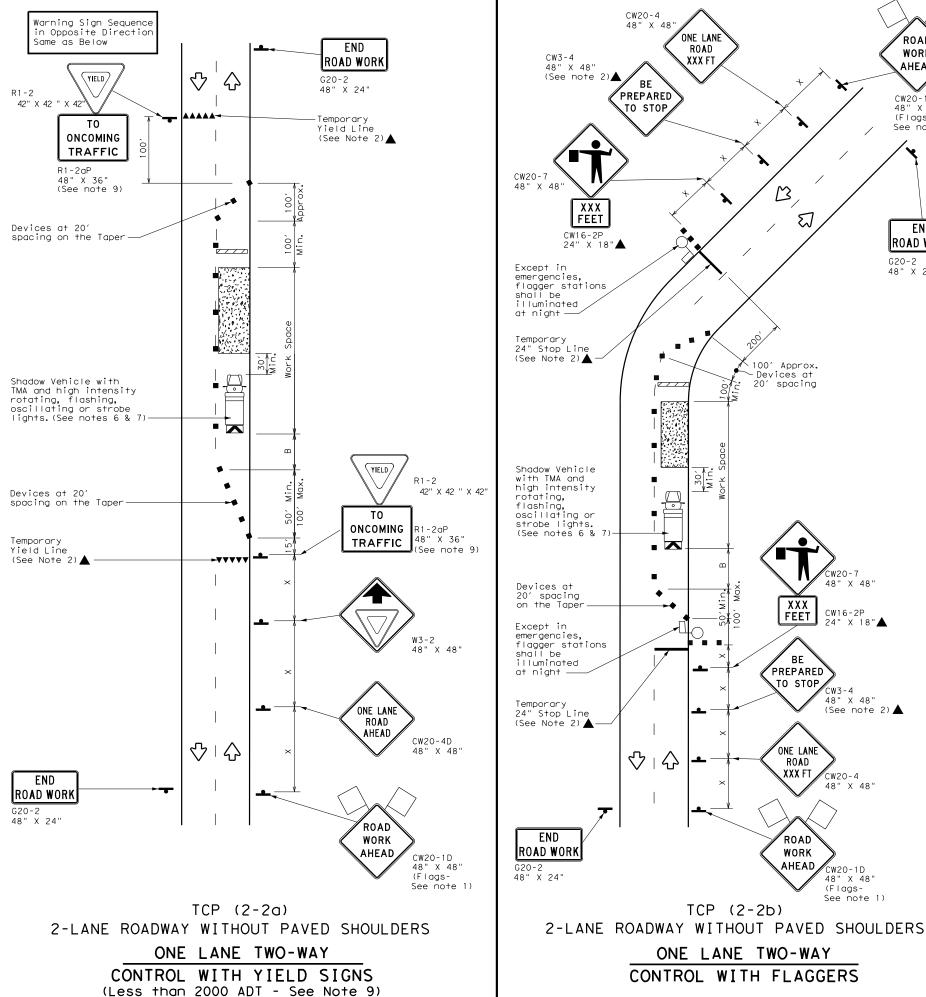
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(2-1)-18

LE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		IGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0921	06	288		TH PORT INECTOR
:-94 4-96 I-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	PHR		CAMERO	V	38





	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
+	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spaci. Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L - W 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

See note 1

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

(Flags-

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

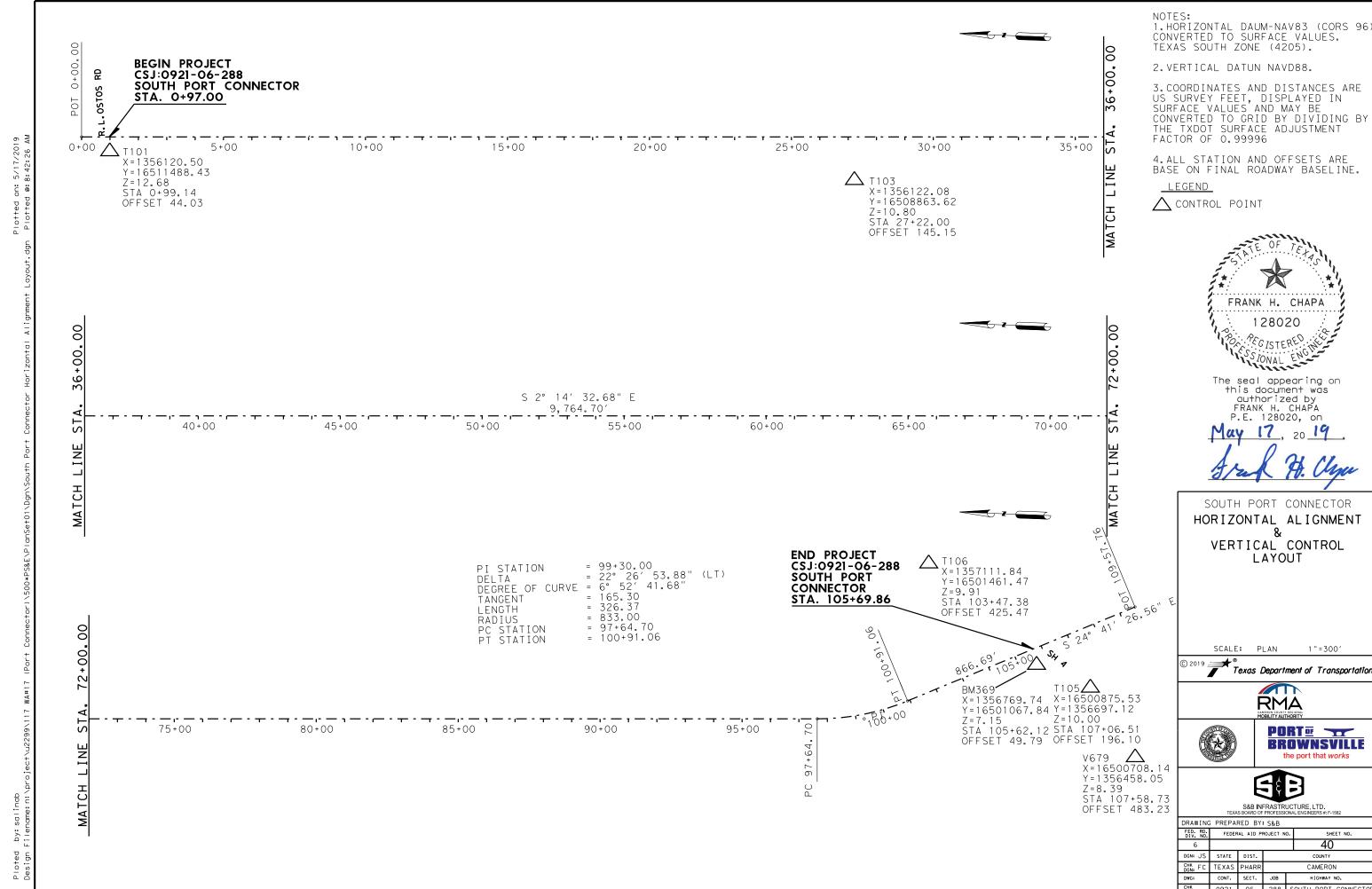


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
◯TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0921	06	288		OUTH PORT ONNECTOR
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	PHR		CAMERO	N	39



ALIGNMENT SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

Chain PORTRD contains: P1 CUR PORTRD-1 P2

Beginning chain PORTRD description

Point P1 X 1,356,160.62 Y 16,511,589.21 Sta 0+00.00

Course from P1 to PC PORTRD-1 S 2° 14′ 32.68" E Dist 9,764.70

Curve Data

Curve PORTRD-1 99+30.00 X 22° 26′ 53.88" (LT) 6° 52′ 41.68" 1,356,549.15 Y P.I. Station Delta = 16,501,666.82 Degree 165.30 326.37 Tangent Length Radius 833.00 16.24 324.28 15.93 97+64.70 External Long Chord =
Mid. Ord. =
P.C. Station
P.T. Station 1,356,542.69 Y 1,356,618.20 Y 1,357,375.05 Y 16,501,831.99 16,501,516.63 16,501,864.59 100+91.06 X C.C. Back Back = S 2° 14′ 32.68″ E Ahead = S 24° 41′ 26.56″ E Chord Bear = S 13° 27′ 59.62″ E

Course from PT PORTRD-1 to P2 S 24° 41′ 26.56" E Dist 866.69

Point P2 X 1,356,980.24 Y 16,500,729.17 Sta 109+57.76

______ Ending chain PORTRD description

FRANK H. CHAPA 128020

The seal appearing on this document was authorized by FRANK H. CHAPA P.E. 128020, on

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

ALIGNMENT DATA

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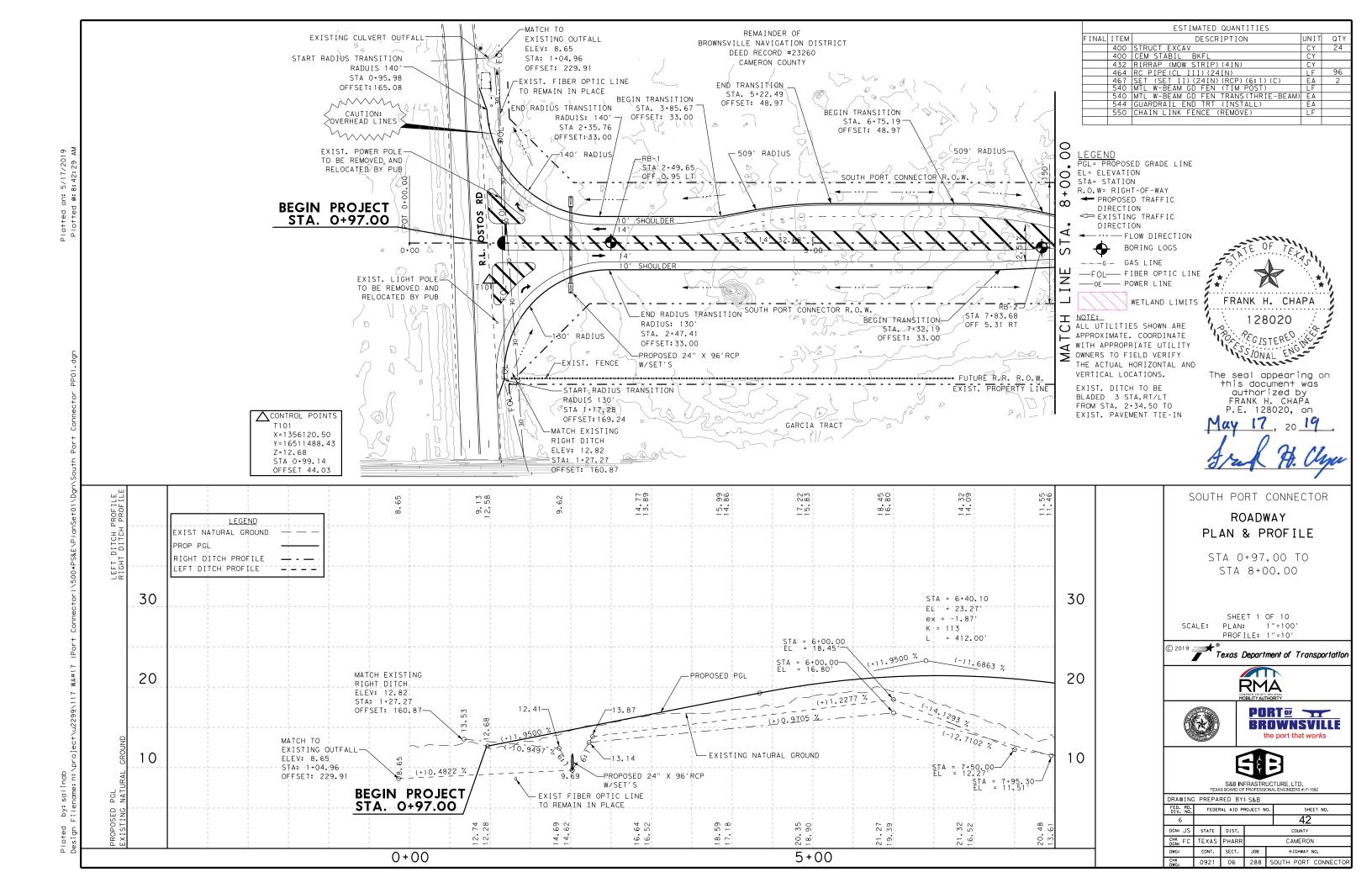


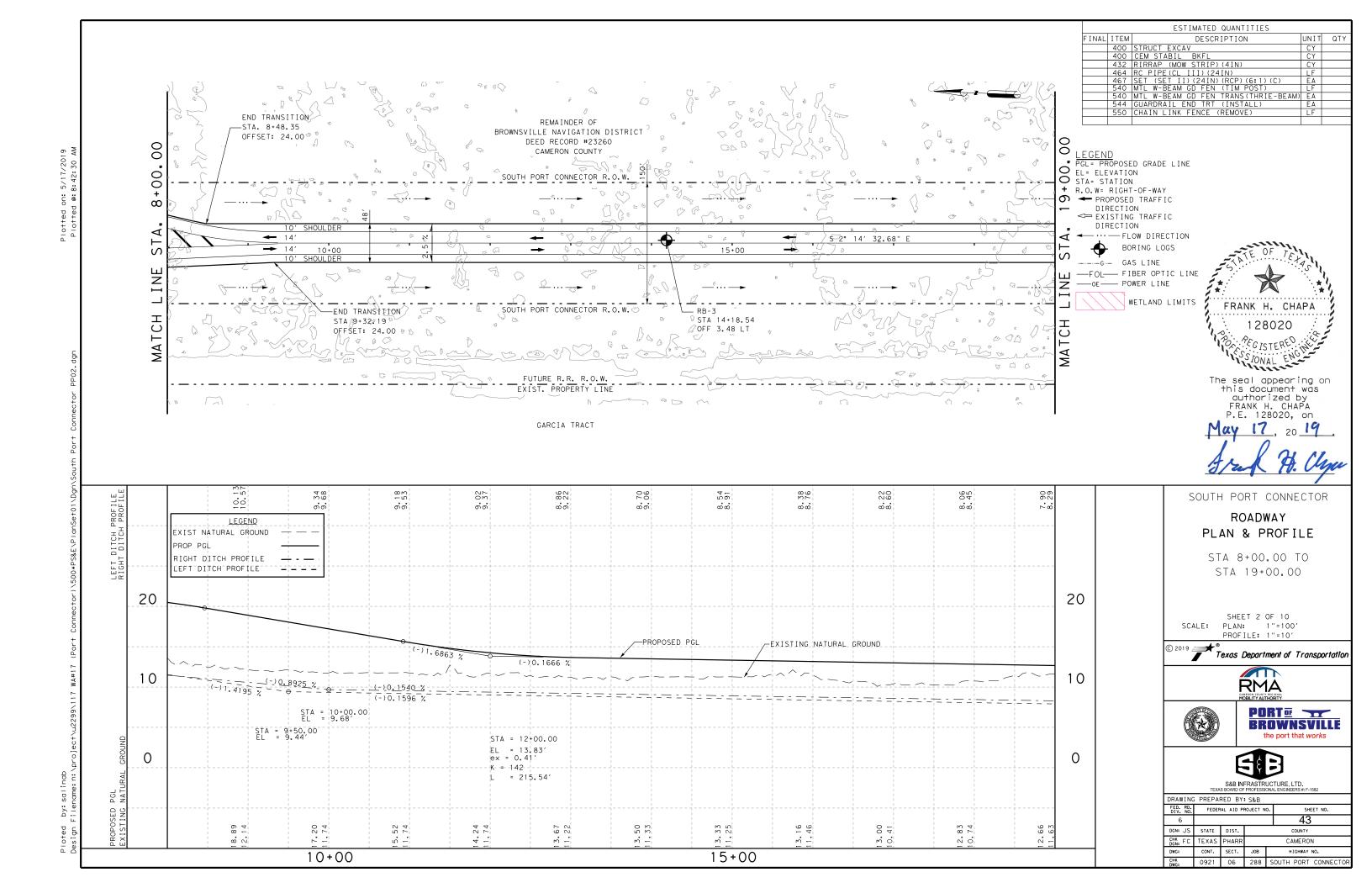


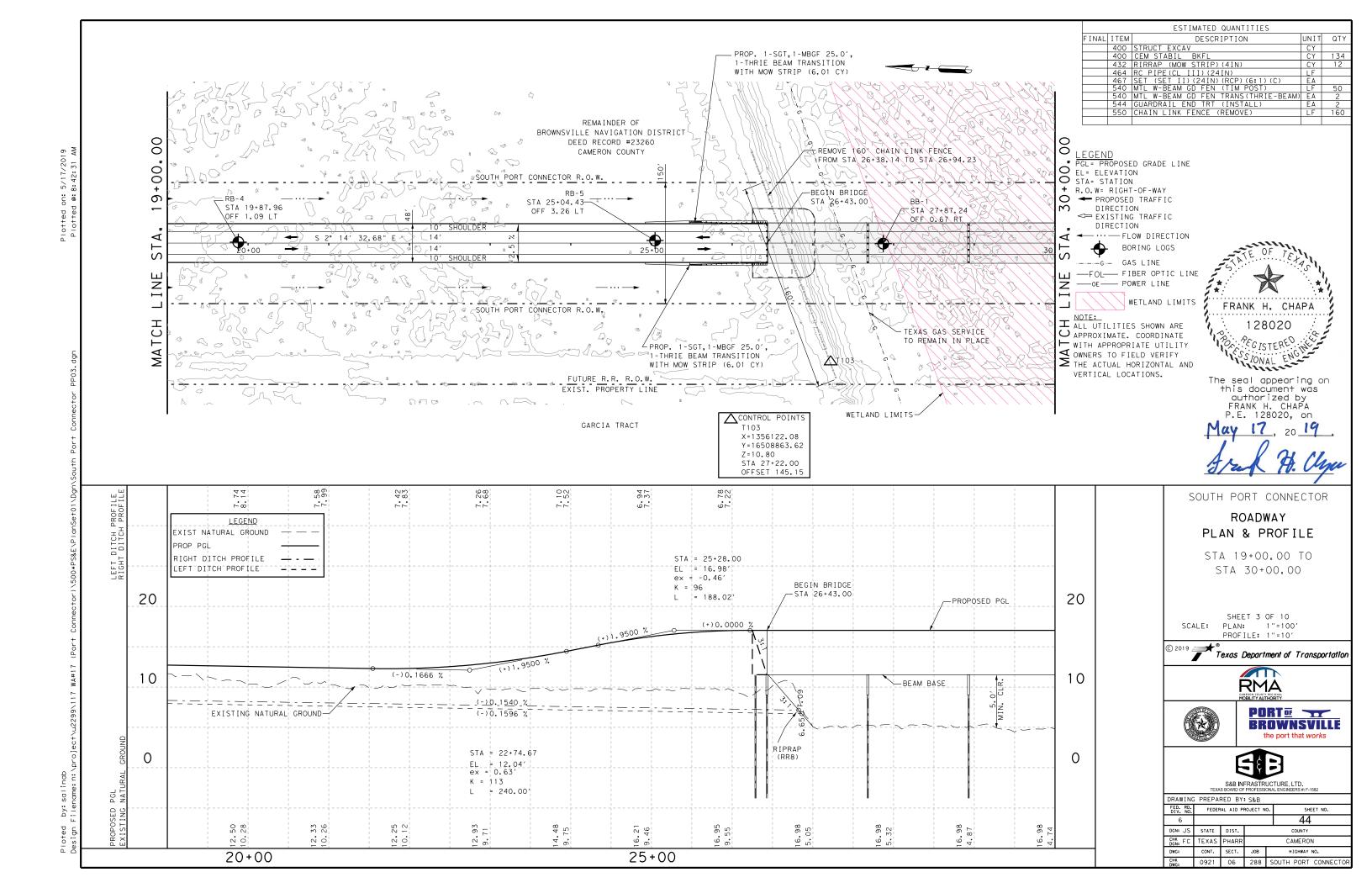


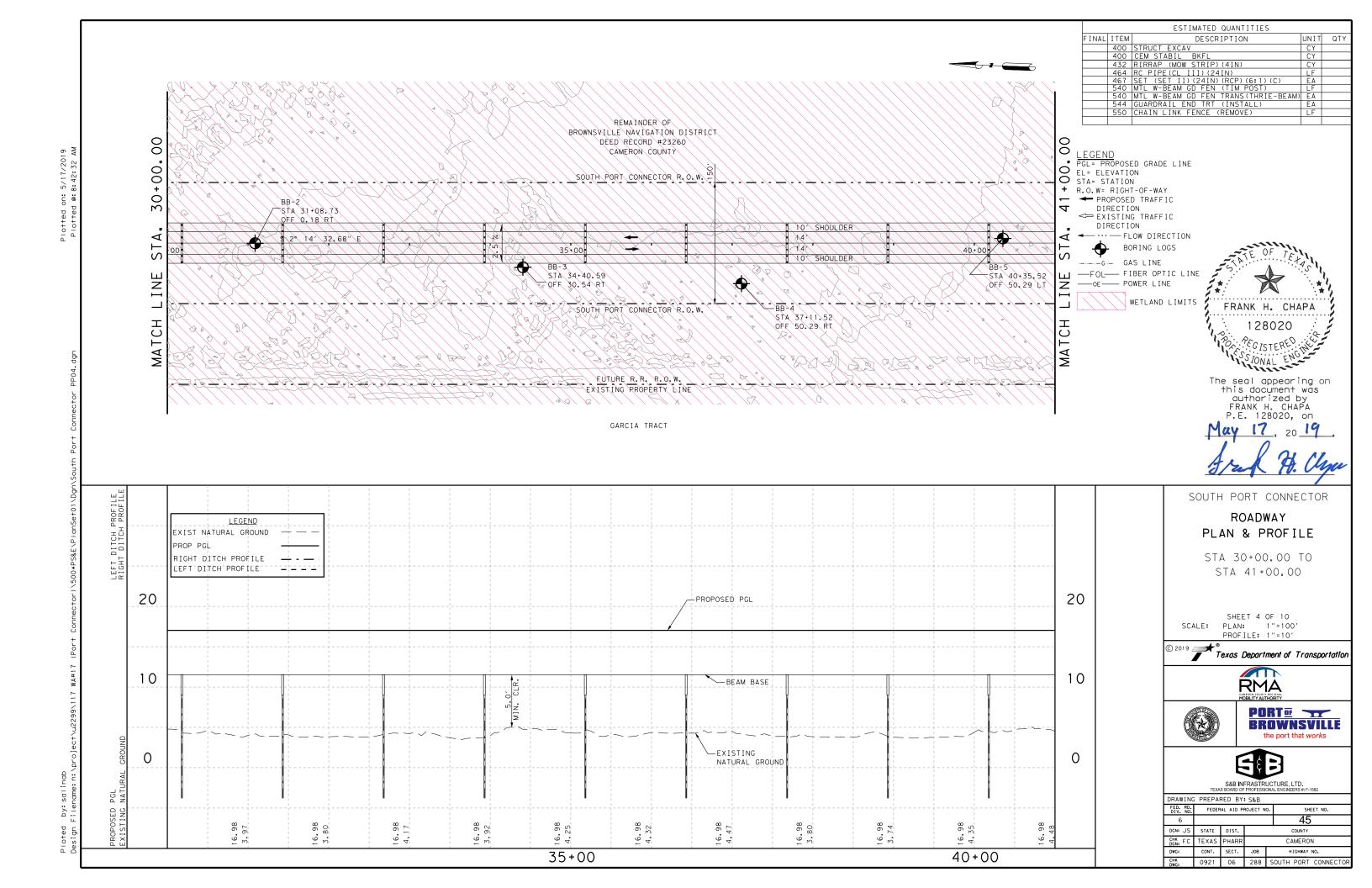
S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

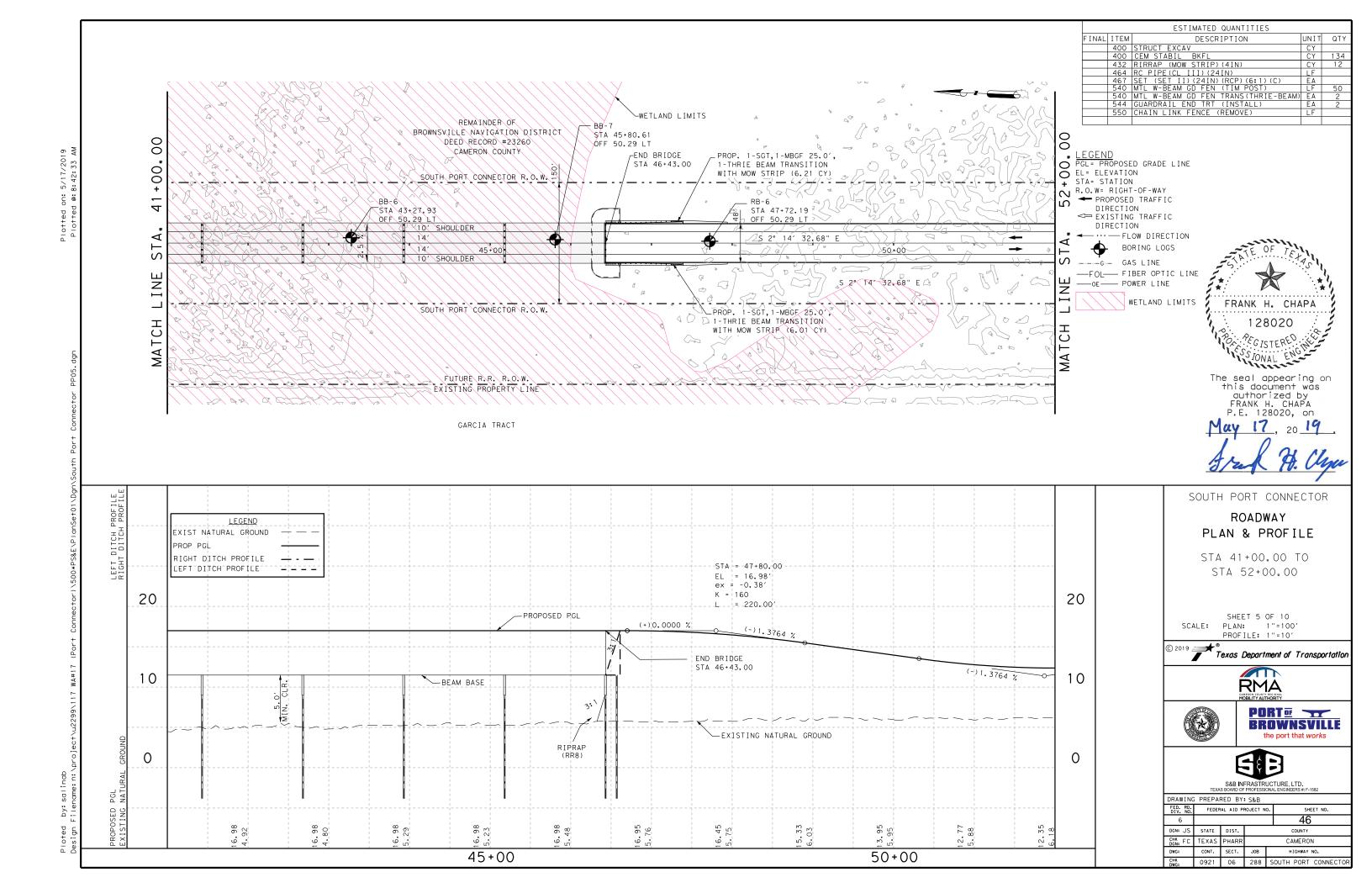
DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B								
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	SHEET NO.				
6			41					
DGN: JS	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY					
CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON			
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.					
CHK	0921	06	288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR					

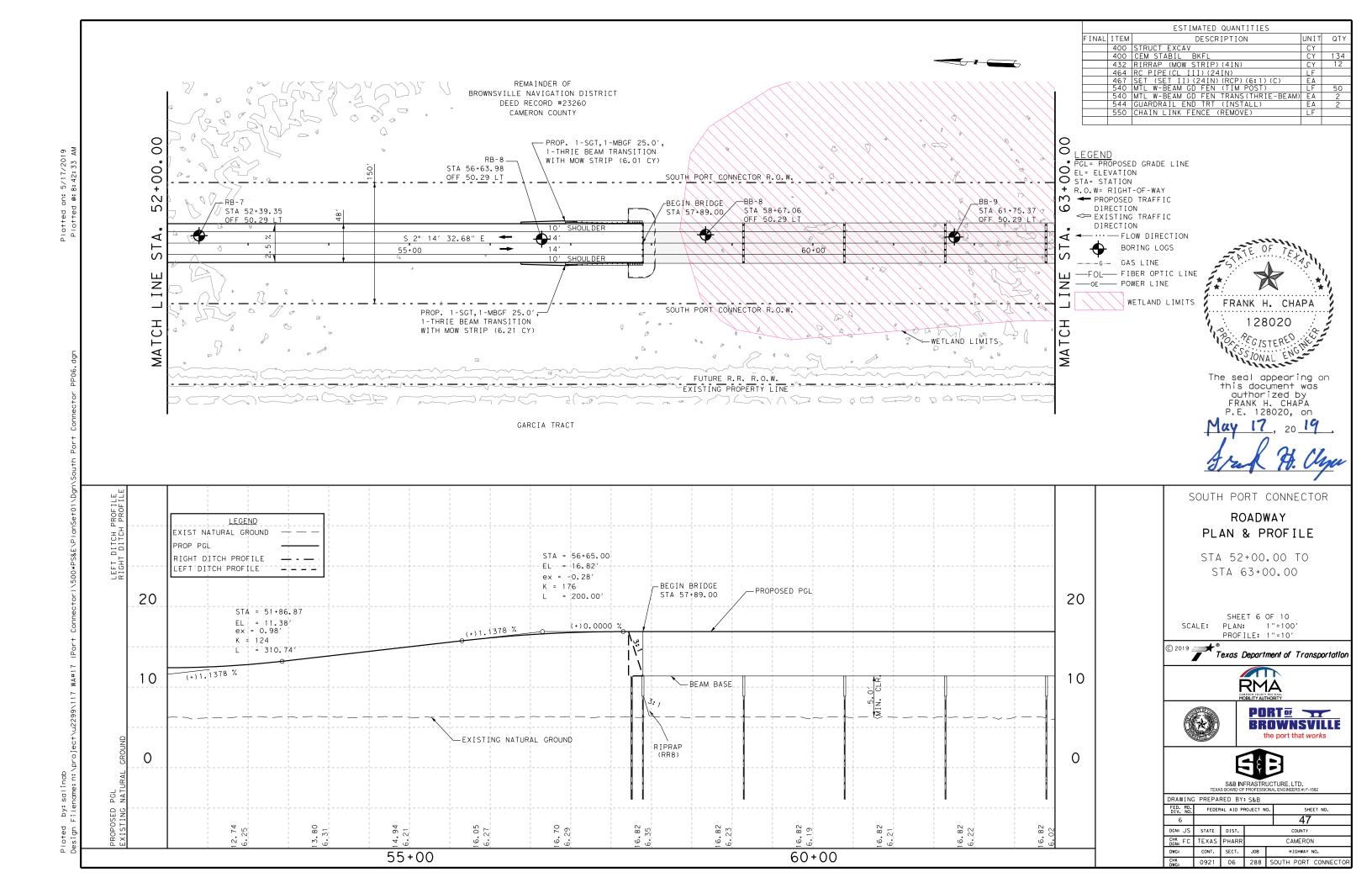


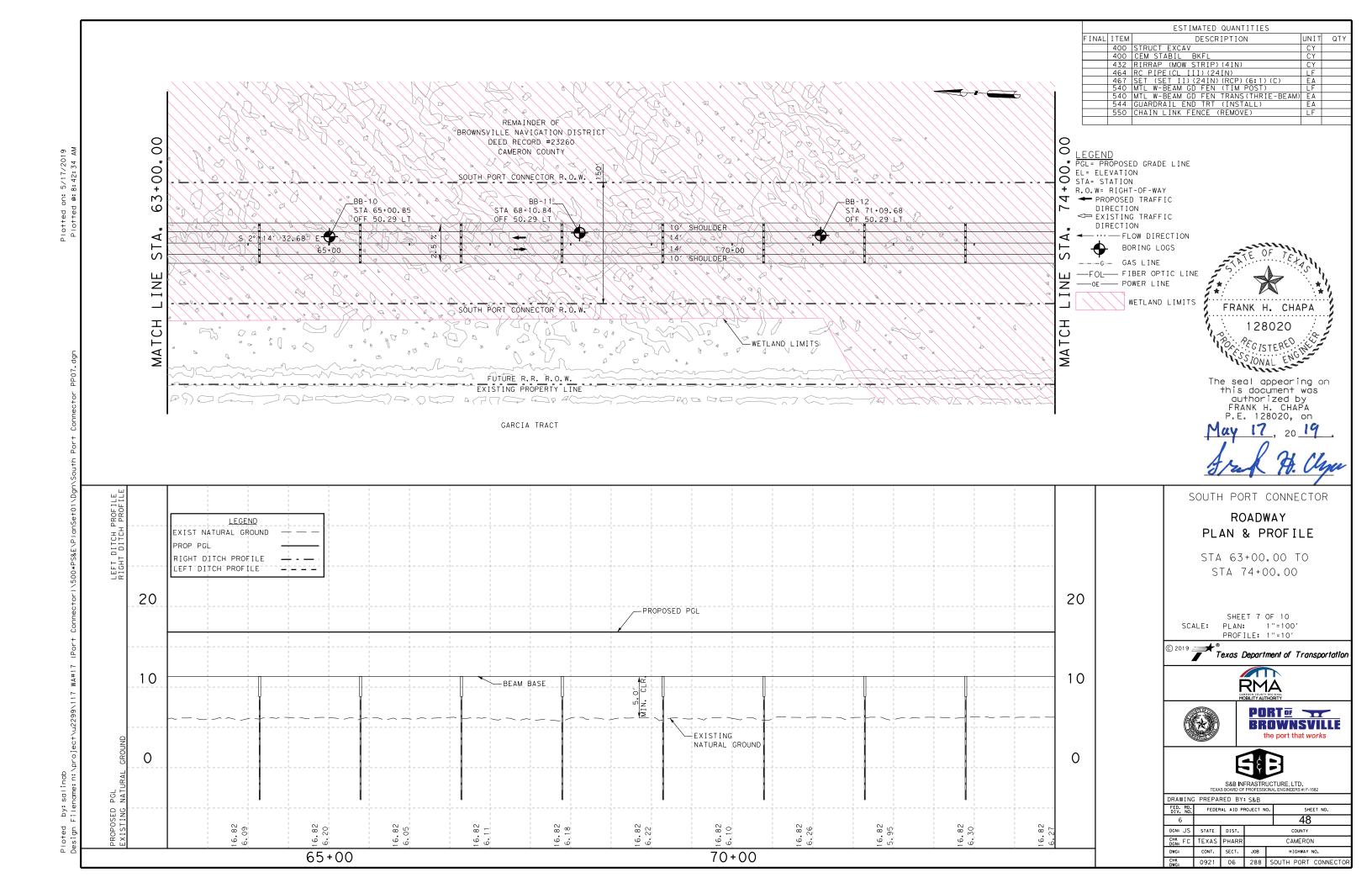


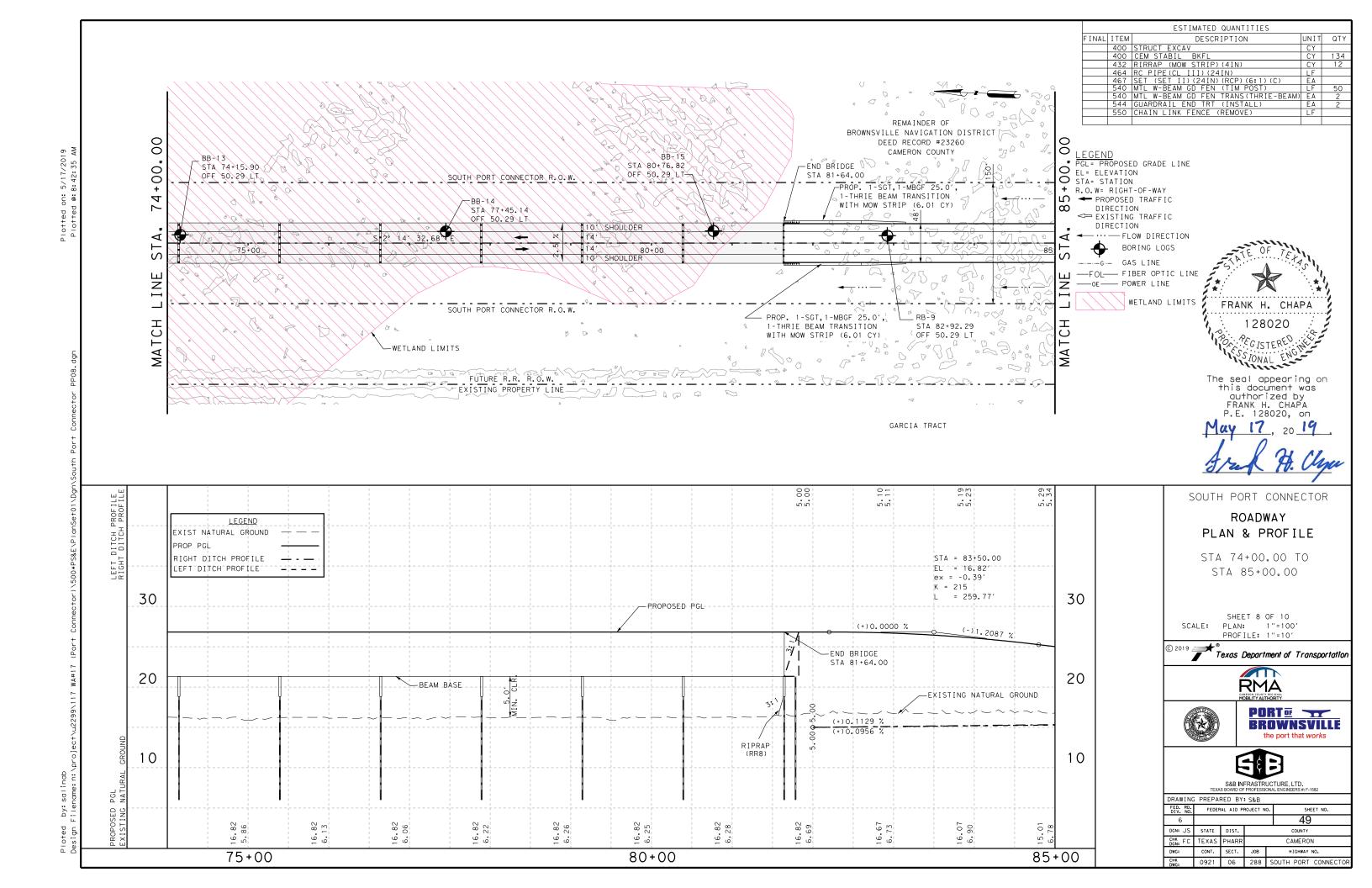


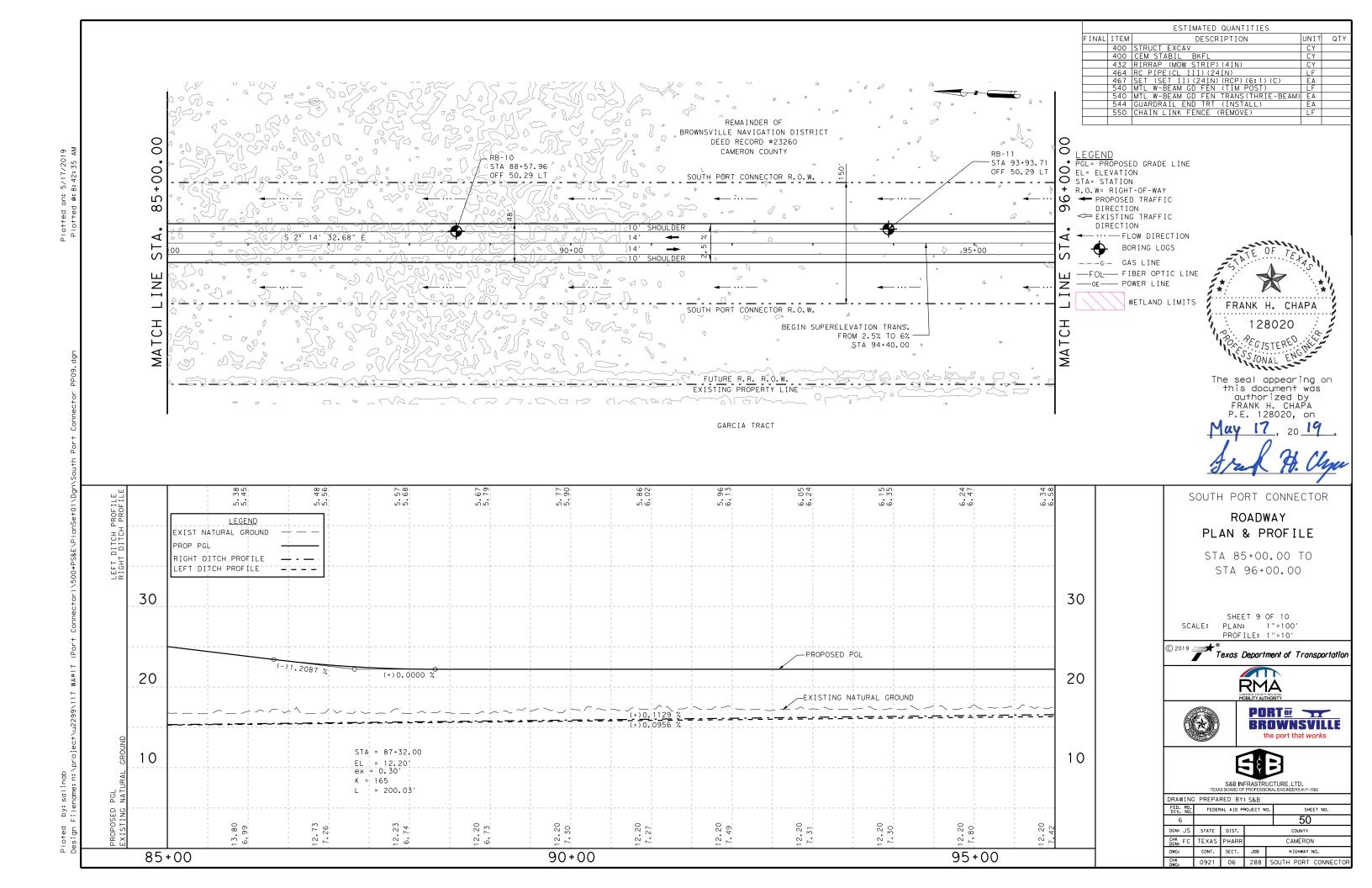


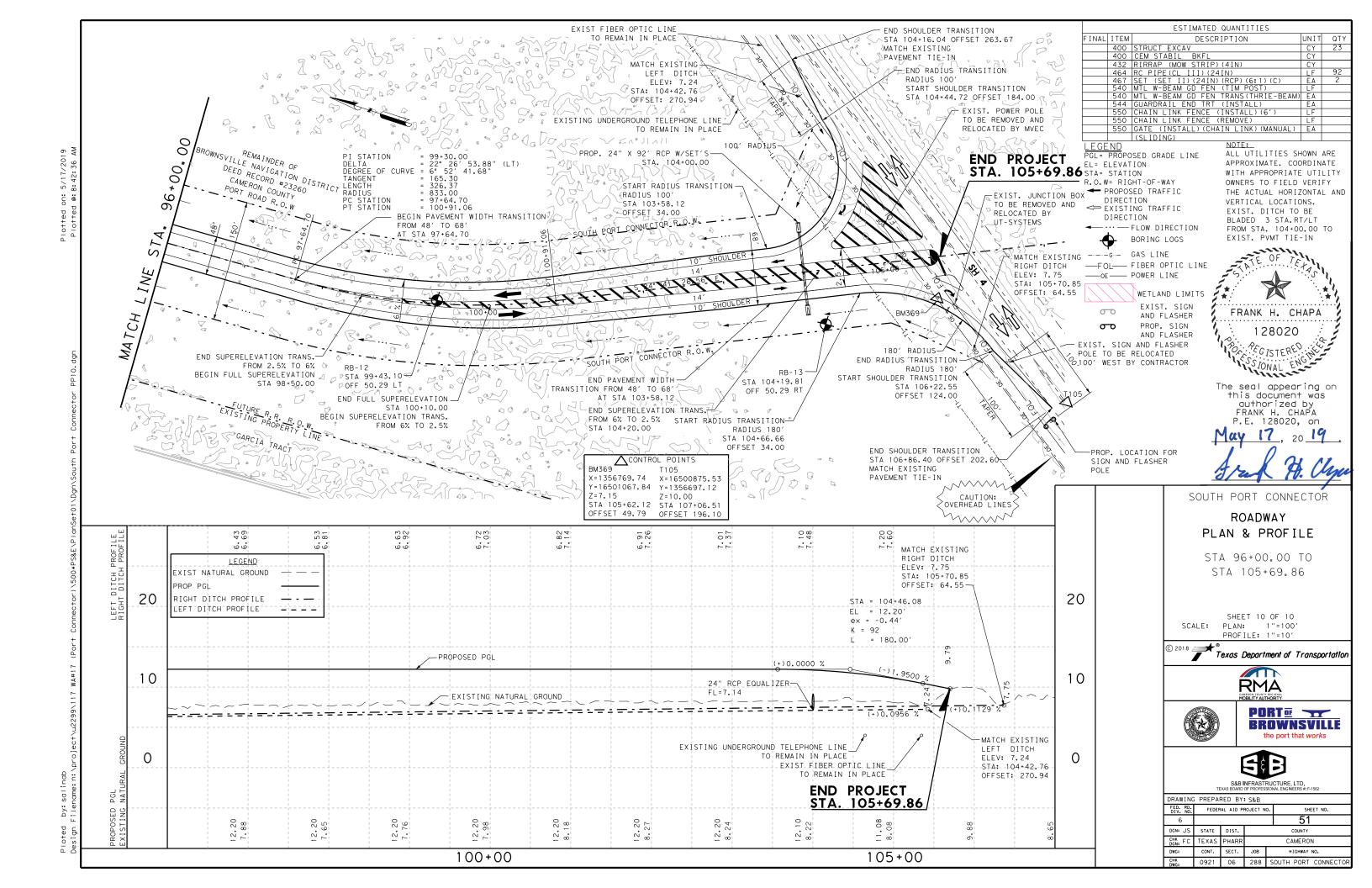


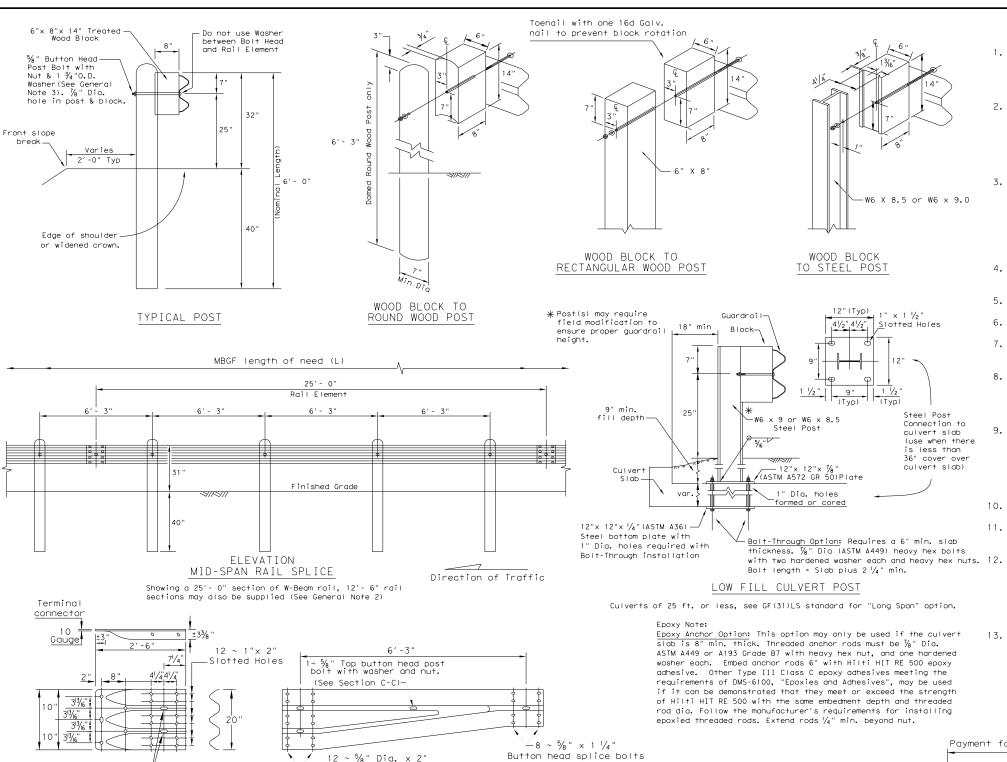












(See MBGF Standard)

12 1/2 "

4/4" 4/4"

Splice

GF(31), Mid-Span rail

splices are required with 6'-3" post spacings.

MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICE DETAIL No Connection

Direction of Traffic

8 ~ 5/8" Button Head Splice Bolts and Nuts

(See General Note 3)

Hardware Required

12 ~ 5%" Dia. × 2"

(See General Note 7)

NON-SYMMETRICAL TRANSITION

TO W-BEAM (10 Gauge)

Post Bolt Length

Varies

Splice Bolt Length

 $1 \frac{1}{4}$ " or 2"

Oval Shoulder

Button Head (5% "

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

Post and Splice Bolts

(See General Note 3)

-Button head splice bolts

See Rail Splice Detail

for required hardware.

61/8"

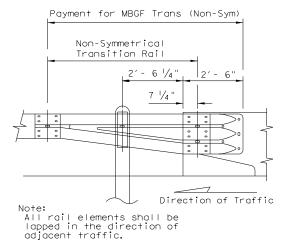
61/8

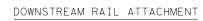
Note:

41/4" 41/4" 2"

GENERAL NOTES

- The type of post (round wood post, rectangular wood post, or steel post) will be as shown in the plans. The exact position of MBGF shall be shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Steel posts to be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing.
- Rail element shall meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'- 0", or 12'- 6" (nom.) lengths. Rail elements may have slotted holes at $3'-1/_2$ " C-C or 6'-3" C-C. A special length of rail may be manufactured to accommodate the downstream anchor terminal (DAT) and the transition sections of guardrail.
- 3. Button head "post" bolts (ASTM A307) shall be of sufficient length to extend through the full thickness of the nut (ASTM A563) and Type A ($1\frac{3}{4}$ " O.D.) washer and not more than 1" beyond it. Button head "splice" bolts (ASTM A307) are % " x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " (or 2" long at triple rail splices) with a % " double recessed nut (ASTM A563). Thrie beam "connection" %" dia. (ASTM A325) hex bolts shall be of sufficient length to extend through the full thickness of the rail, washers, and nuts.
- 4. Fittings (bolts, nuts, and washers) shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Fittings shall be subsidiary to the bid item.
- 5. Crown shall be widened to accommodate the Metal Beam Guard Fence.
- The lateral approach to the guard fence, shall have a maximum slope of 1V:10H.
- If shown elsewhere in the plans or as directed by the Engineer, the guard fence may be flared at a rate of 25:1 or flatter.
- Unless otherwise shown in the plans, guard fence placed in the vicinity of curbs shall be positioned so that the face of curb is located directly below or behind the face of the rail. Rail placed over curbs shall be installed so that the post bolt is located approximately 25 inches above the gutter pan or edge of shoulder.
- If solid rock is encountered within 0 to 18" of the finished grade, drill a 22" dia. hole, or drill two 12" dia. front to back overlapping holes, 24" into the rock. If solid rock is encountered below 18", drill a 12" dia. hole, 12" into the rock or to the standard embedment depth, whichever maybe less. Any excess post length, after meeting these depths, may be field cut to ensure proper guardrail mounting height. Backfill with a cohesionless material.
- 10. Posts shall not be set in concrete, of any depth.
- 11. Special fabrication will be required at installations having a curvature of less than 150 ft. radius.
- Unless otherwise shown in the plans, a composite material post and/or block that meets the requirements of DMS-7210, "Composite Material Posts and Blocks for Metal Beam Guard Fence" may be substituted for posts and/or blocks of similar dimensions. The Construction Division, TxDOT maintains a Material Producer List (MPL) for producers of materials conforming to DMS-7210. Only producers on the MPL may furnish composite material posts and/or blocks.
- 13. For posts located partially or wholly between precast box culvert units, the use of a cast-in-place concrete closure between boxes is required. See Detail "A" on Bridge Standard SCP-MD.







METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

GF (31) -14

FILE: gf3114.dgn	DN: TxDO	Т	CK: AM	DW:	۷P	ck: CGL
◯TxDOT: December 2011	CONT SE	ст	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	09210)6	288			JTH PORT NNECTOR
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		CAMERO	N		52

8~Rail

Holes (Typ:

2 ~ 3/4"x 2 1/2"

Slotted holes

THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTION

(SEE GENERAL NOTES 6 & 7 FOR REQUIRED HARDWARE)

Slotted Holes at 6'- 3" C-C

or 3' - 1 1/2" C-C

3/4"x 2 1/2" Slotted-

ELEVATION 25'- O"(NOM.) W-BEAM SECTION

12' - 6" RAIL SECTIONS MAY ALSO BE SUPPLIED (SEE GENERAL NOTE 2)



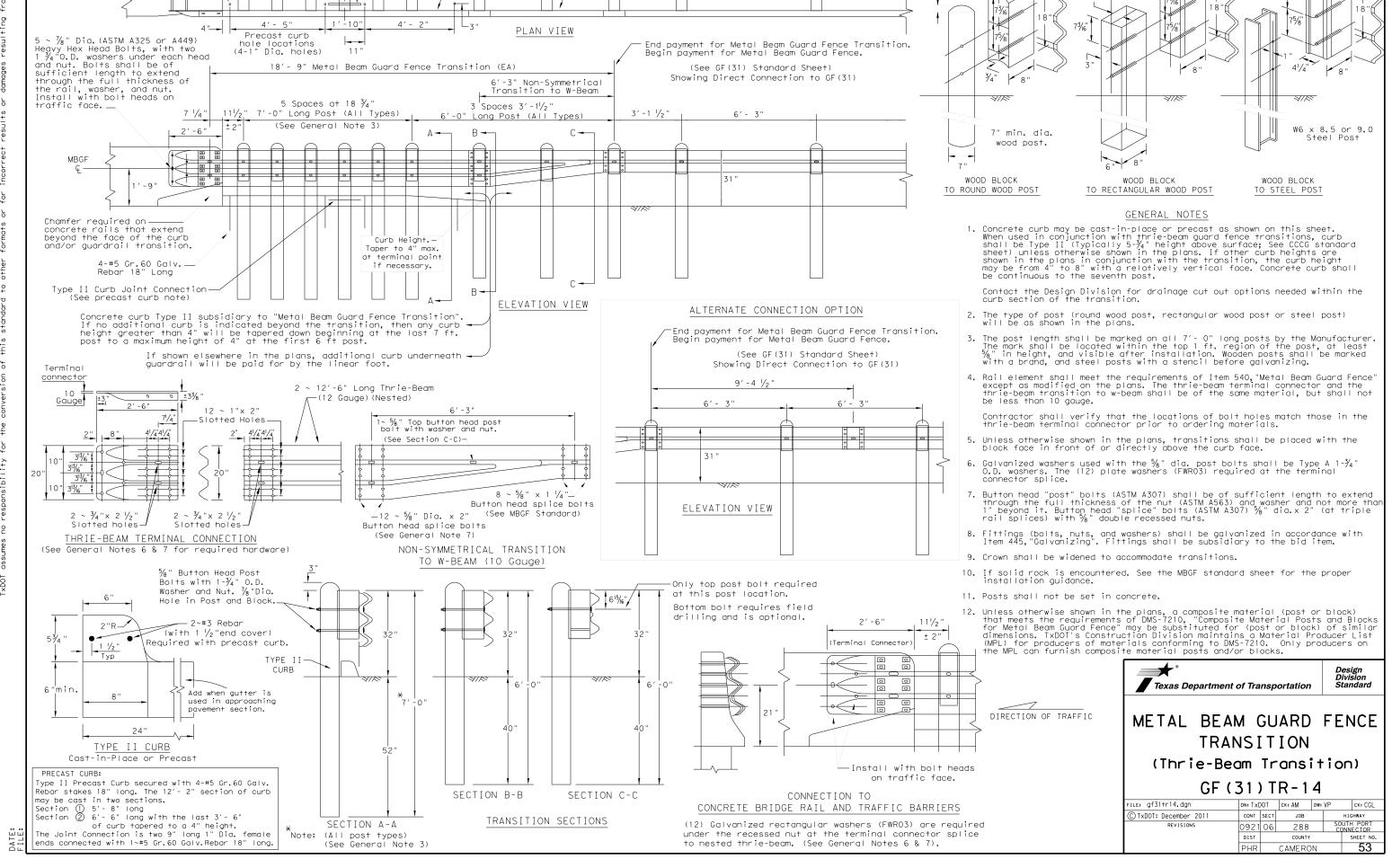
Joint Connection, 1 ~ #5

grade-60 galvanized

rébar 18-inches long.

1" Dia. holes with

4 \sim #5 grade-60 galvanized rebar stakes 18" Long.



Non-Symmetrical __Transition

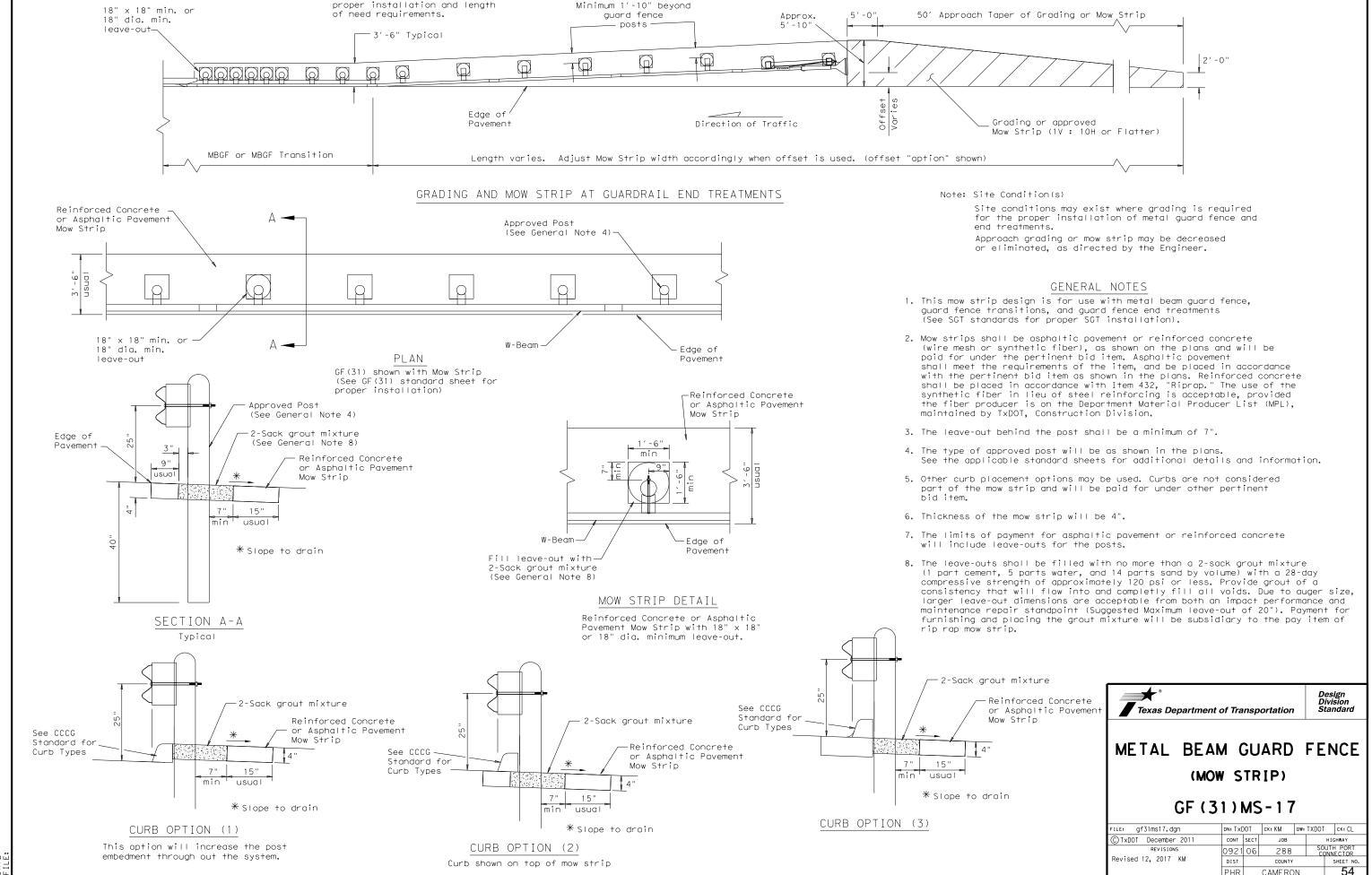
DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

(Nested)

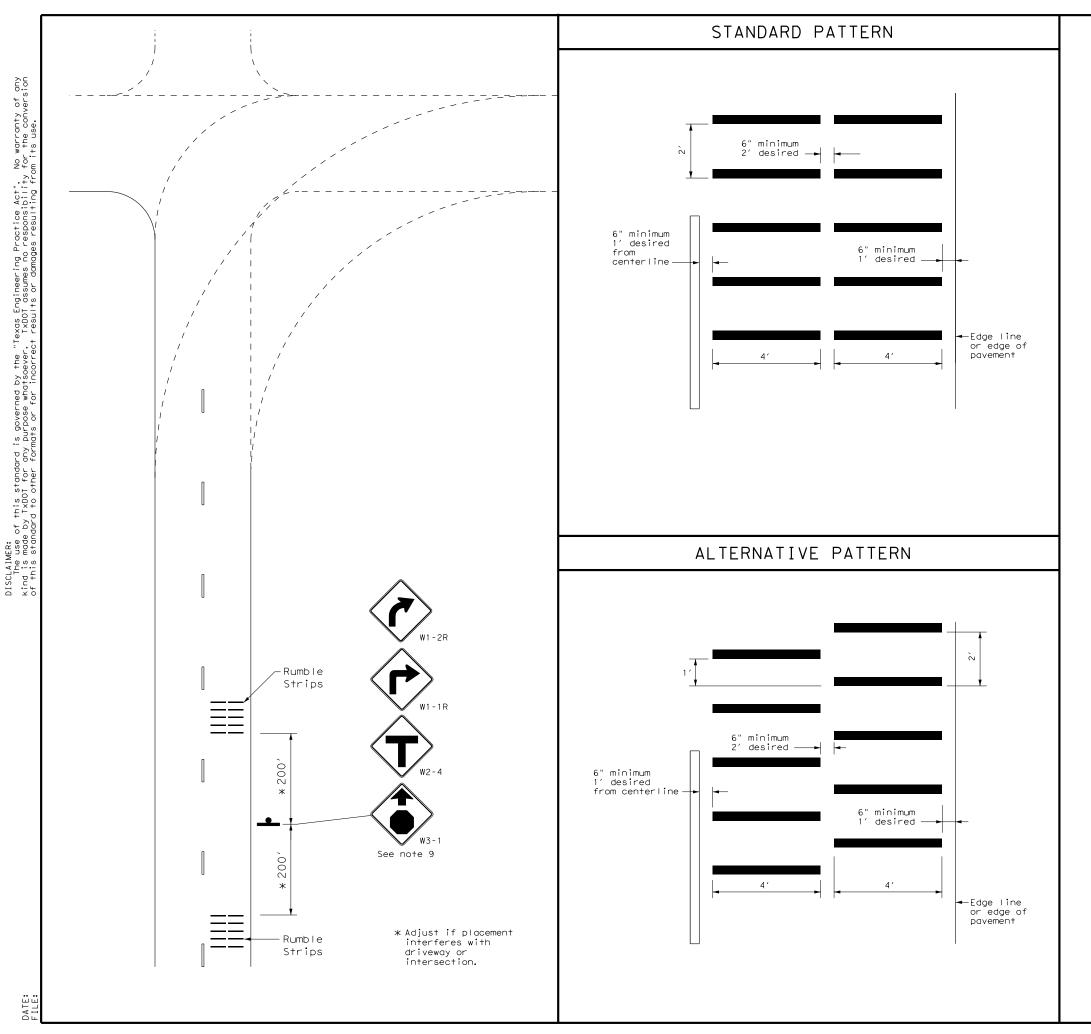
Thrie-Beam

TYPE II

CURB



Note: See SGT standard sheets for



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Transverse or in-lane rumble strips should only be used at high incident and special geometric locations. These special geometric locations may include: approaches to rural, high speed signalized or Stop -controlled intersections with sight restrictions and/or high crash rates, approaches to unexpected urban intersections, approaches to newly installed Stop or signalized controlled intersections, approaches to toll plazas, approaches to hazardous horizontal curves, and approaches to railroad grade crossings.
- 2. When used, the rumble strips shall be placed 200 feet prior to and after the placement of the warning device.
- The use of rumble strips should not be widespread or used indiscriminately.
- 4. Preformed black raised rumble strips should be used. They should be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 5. A list of approved, preformed raised rumble strips can be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division.
- 6. Consideration should be given to noise levels when in -lane or transverse rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc.
- 7. The use of the "Rumble Strips Ahead" sign may be used in advance of in -lane or transverse rumble strips, based on engineering judgement. This sign is typically not necessary for rumble strip installations built to the guidelines on this standard sheet. When used, this sign should be spaced in advance of the rumble strips based on the guidelines for advance placement of warning sign included in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices".



- 8. Consideration should be given to bicyclists. A 12 inch gap from the edge line may be used to accommodate bicyclists when a usable shoulder is not available. Additional gaps in the in -lane or transverse rumble strips are not recommended since they could cause motorists to swerve to avoid the rumble strips.
- 9. Other signs can be used as conditions warrant.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRANSVERSE OR IN-LANE RUMBLE STRIPS

RS(5) - 13

FILE:	rs(5)-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	April 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB			SHWAY
	REVISIONS		06	288			UTH PORT NNECTOR
2-10 10-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10-13		PHR		CAMERO	N		55

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic. (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2^\prime 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

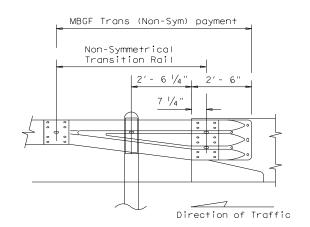
for post types.

Edge of shoulder

TYPICAL CROSS SECTION

AT MBGF

or widened crown.



All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment



BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

FILE: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	CK: AM	ow: BD/VF	CK: CGL
CTxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS EVISED APRIL 2014	0921	06	288		OUTH PORT ONNECTOR
EE (MEMO 0414)	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	PHR		CAMERO	N	56

12.5

13.0

#6

#6

TABLE NO. 1 LONGITUDINAL STEEL ADDITIONAL STEEL SLAB THICKNESS REGULAR SPACING BARS AT TRANSVERSE AND BAR SIZE STEEL BARS AT EDGE CONSTRUCTION JOIN OR JOIN1 (SECTION X-X) SPACING SPACING SPACING LENGTH BAR $2 \times c$ (IN.) SIZE (IN.) (IN.) (IN.) (IN.) 7.0 #5 3 TO 4 6.5 50 13 7.5 #5 6.0 3 TO 4 50 12 8.0 #6 9.0 3 TO 4 50 18 3 TO 4 8.5 #6 8.5 50 17 9.0 #6 8.0 3 TO 4 50 16 9.5 #6 7.5 3 TO 4 50 15 10.0 #6 7.0 3 TO 4 14 50 10.5 3 TO 4 #6 6.75 13.5 50 11.0 3 TO 4 #6 6.5 13 50 11.5 #6 6.25 3 TO 4 50 12.5 12.0 #6 6.0 3 TO 4 50 12

3 TO 4

3 TO 4

50

50

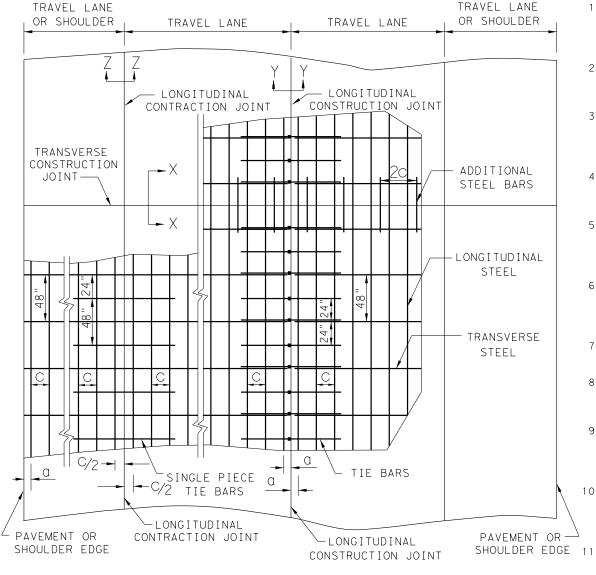
11.5

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TABLE N	NO. 2	TRANS	VERSE	STEEL AN	D TIE I	BARS	
SLAB THICKNESS (IN.)		SVERSE TEEL	AT LON	E BARS IGITUDINAL ITION JOINT ION Z-Z)	TIE BARS AT LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT (SECTION Y-Y)		
	BAR SIZE	SPACING (IN.)	BAR SIZE	SPACING (IN.)	BAR SIZE	SPACING (IN.)	
7.0 - 7.5	#5	48	#5	48	#5	24	
8.0 - 13.0	#5	48	#6	48	#6	24	

5.75

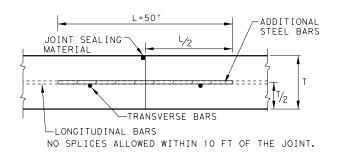
5.5



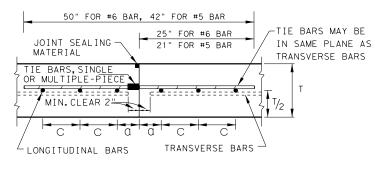
TYPICAL PAVEMENT LAYOUT
PLAN VIEW (NOT TO SCALE)

GENERAL NOTES

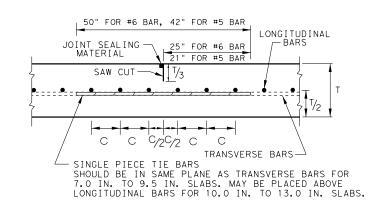
- 1. DETAILS FOR PAVEMENT WIDTH, PAVEMENT THICKNESS AND THE CROWN CROSS-SLOPE SHALL BE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS. PAVEMENTS WIDER THAN 100 FT. WITHOUT A FREE LONGITUDINAL JOINT ARE NOT COVERED BY THIS STANDARD.
- 2. USE COARSE AGGREGATES WITH A RATED COEFFICIENT OF THERMAL EXPANSION (COTE) OF NOT MORE THAN 5.5 X 10⁻⁶ IN/IN/°F AS LISTED IN THE CONCRETE RATED SOURCE QUALITY CATALOG (CRSQC).
- 3. ALL THE REINFORCING STEEL AND TIE BARS SHALL BE DEFORMED STEEL BARS CONFORMING TO ASTM A 615 (GRADE 60) OR ASTM A 996 (GRADE 60) OR ABOVE. STEEL BAR SIZES AND SPACINGS SHALL CONFORM TO TABLE NO.1 AND TABLE NO.2.
- 4. WHEN COARSE AGGREGATE WITH A RATED COTE OF NOT MORE THAN 4.3 X 10⁻⁶ IN/IN/ °F IS USED, TABLE NO.1A MAY BE USED FOR LONGITUDINAL STEEL AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. STEEL BAR PLACEMENT TOLERANCE SHALL BE +/- 1 IN. HORIZONTALLY AND +/- 0.5 IN. VERTICALLY. CALCULATED AVERAGE BAR SPACING (CONCRETE PLACEMENT WIDTH / NUMBER OF LONGITUDINAL BARS) SHALL CONFORM TO TABLE NO.1 OR TABLE NO.1A.
- 6. PAVEMENT WIDTHS OF MORE THAN 15 FT. SHALL HAVE A LONGITUDINAL JOINT (SECTION Z-Z OR SECTION Y-Y). THESE JOINTS SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN 6 IN. OF THE LANE LINE UNLESS THE JOINT LOCATION IS SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON THE PLANS.
- 7. THE SAW CUT DEPTH FOR THE LONGITUDINAL CONTRACTION JOINT (SECTION Z-Z) SHALL BE ONE THIRD OF THE SLAB THICKNESS (T/3).
- 8. WHEN TYING CONCRETE GUTTER AT A LONGITUDINAL JOINT, THE TIE BAR LENGTH OR POSITION MAY BE ADJUSTED. PROVIDE 3 IN. OF CONCRETE COVER FROM THE BACK OF GUTTER TO THE END OF TIE BAR.
- 9. REPLACE MISSING OR DAMAGED TIE BARS WITHOUT ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION BY DRILLING MIN. 10 IN. DEEP AND GROUTING TIE BARS WITH TYPE III, CLASS C EPOXY. MEET THE PULL-OUT TEST REQUIREMENTS IN ITEM 361.
- 10. OMIT TIE BARS LOCATED WITHIN 18-IN. OF THE TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS (SECTION X-X). USE HAND-OPERATED IMMERSION VIBRATORS TO CONSOLIDATE THE CONCRETE ADJACENT TO ALL FORMED JOINTS.
- SHOULDER EDGE 11. LONGITUDINAL REINFORCING STEEL SPLICES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 25 IN. STAGGER THE LAP LOCATIONS SO THAT NO MORE THAN 1/3 OF THE LONGITUDINAL STEEL IS SPLICED IN ANY GIVEN 12-FT. WIDTH AND 2-FT. LENGTH OF THE PAVEMENT.
 - 12. THE DETAIL FOR THE JOINT SEALANT AND RESERVOIR IS SHOWN ON STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."



TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT SECTION X - X



LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT
SECTION Y - Y



LONGITUDINAL CONTRACTION JOINT SECTION Z - Z

SHEET 1 OF 2



CONTINUOUSLY REINFORCED CONCRETE PAVEMENT

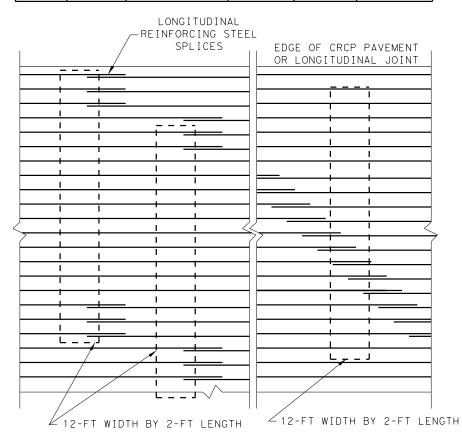
ONE LAYER STEEL BAR PLACEMENT T - 7 to 13 INCHES

CRCP(1)-17

.E: crcp117.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: AN DW: HC					HC	ck:VP/KM	
TxDOT: May 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 10/2011 ADD GN #12	0921	06	288			H PORT IECTOR	
09/2013 REMOVE 6" AND 6.5" ADD CTE REQUIREMENTS	DIST	COUNTY SHE			SHEET NO.		
05/2017 COTE AS RATED 4.3	PHR	CAMERON 5			57		

TABLE NO. 1A LONGITUDINAL STEEL FOR LOW COTE CONCRETE AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER

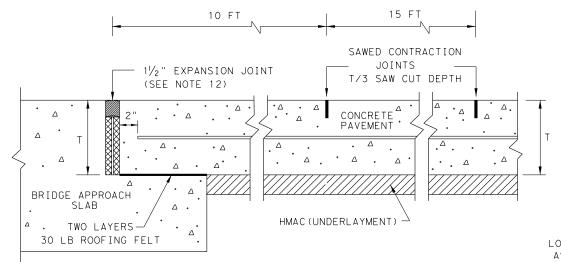
SLAB TH AND BAR	HICKNESS R SIZE	REGULAR STEEL BARS	FIRST SPACING AT EDGE OR JOINT	ADDITIONAL STEEL BARS AT TRANSVERS CONSTRUCTION JOINT (SECTION X-X)		
T (IN.)	BAR SIZE	SPACING c (IN.)	SPACING (IN.)	SPACING 2 x c (IN.)	LENGTH L (IN.)	
7.0	#5	7.5	3 TO 4	15	50	
7.5	#5	7.0	3 TO 4	14	50	
8.0	#6	10.0	3 TO 4	20	50	
8.5	#6	9.5	3 TO 4	19	50	
9.0	#6	9.0	3 TO 4	18	50	
9.5	#6	8.5	3 TO 4	17	50	
10.0	#6	8.0	3 TO 4	16	50	
10.5	#6	7.5	3 TO 4	15	50	
11.0	#6	7.0	3 TO 4	1 4	50	
11.5	#6	6.75	3 TO 4	13.5	50	
12.0	#6	6.50	3 TO 4	13	50	
12.5	#6	6.25	3 TO 4	12.5	50	
13.0	#6	6.0	3 TO 4	12	50	



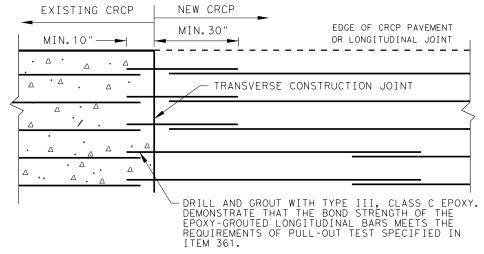
STAGGER THE LAP LOCATIONS SO THAT NO MORE THAN 1/3 OF THE LONGITUDINAL STEEL IS SPLICED IN ANY GIVEN 12-FT. WIDTH AND 2-FT. LENGTH OF THE PAVEMENT. ANY OTHER LAP CONFIGURATION MEETING THIS REQUIREMENT WILL BE ALLOWED.

EXAMPLES OF LAP CONFIGURATION

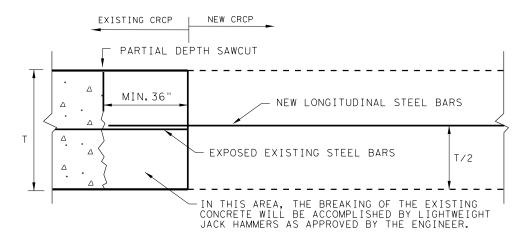
PLAN VIEW (NOT TO SCALE)



TRANSVERSE EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL AT BRIDGE APPROACH

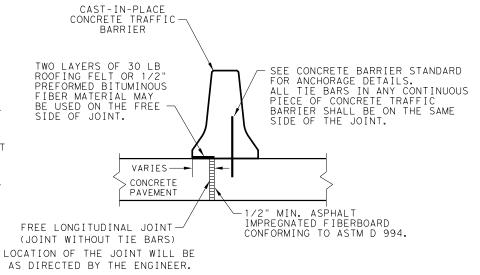


OPTION A: DRILL AND EPOXY PLAN VIEW (NOT TO SCALE)

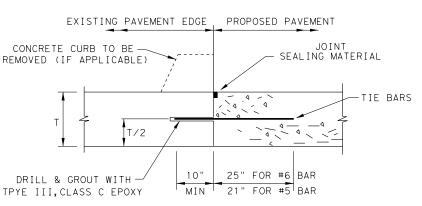


OPTION B: BREAKBACK AND LAP

TRANSVERSE TIE JOINT DETAIL EXISTING CRCP TO NEW CRCP



FREE LONGITUDINAL JOINT DETAIL



1. BEFORE WIDENING WORK, DEMONSTRATE THAT THE BOND STRENGTH OF THE EPOXY-GROUTED TIE BARS MEETS THE REQURIMENTS OF PULL-OUT TEST SPECIFIED IN ITEM 361.
2. SPACE TIE BARS AT 24" SPACING, USE #6 TIE BARS FOR 8" AND

THICKER SLABS, USE #5 TIE BARS FOR LESS THAN 8" THICK SLABS.

LONGITUDINAL WIDENING JOINT DETAIL





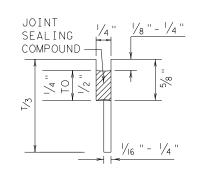
CONTINUOUSLY REINFORCED CONCRETE PAVEMENT

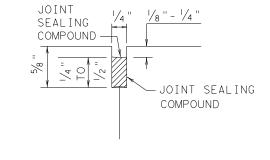
ONE LAYER STEEL BAR PLACEMENT T - 7 to 13 INCHES

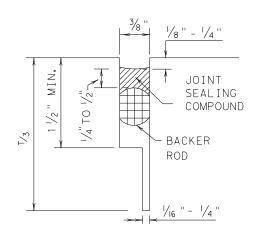
CRCP(1) - 17

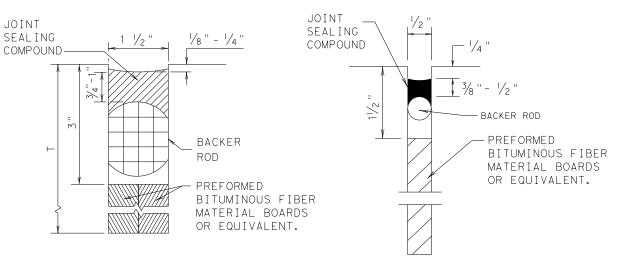
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© TxDOT: May 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS				SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		CAMERO	N		58

METHOD B: JOINT SEALING COMPOUND









LONGITUDINAL SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT

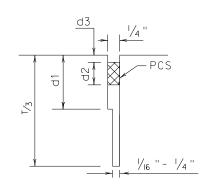
LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT

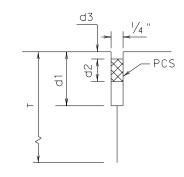
TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT

TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT

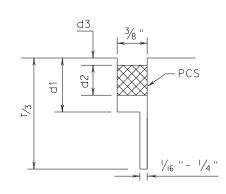
FORMED
ISOLATION JOINT

METHOD A: PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEALS (PCS) (DMS-6310 CLASS 6)





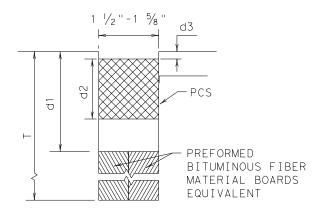




LONGITUDINAL SAWED

CONTRACTION JOINT

TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT



TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT

GENERAL NOTES

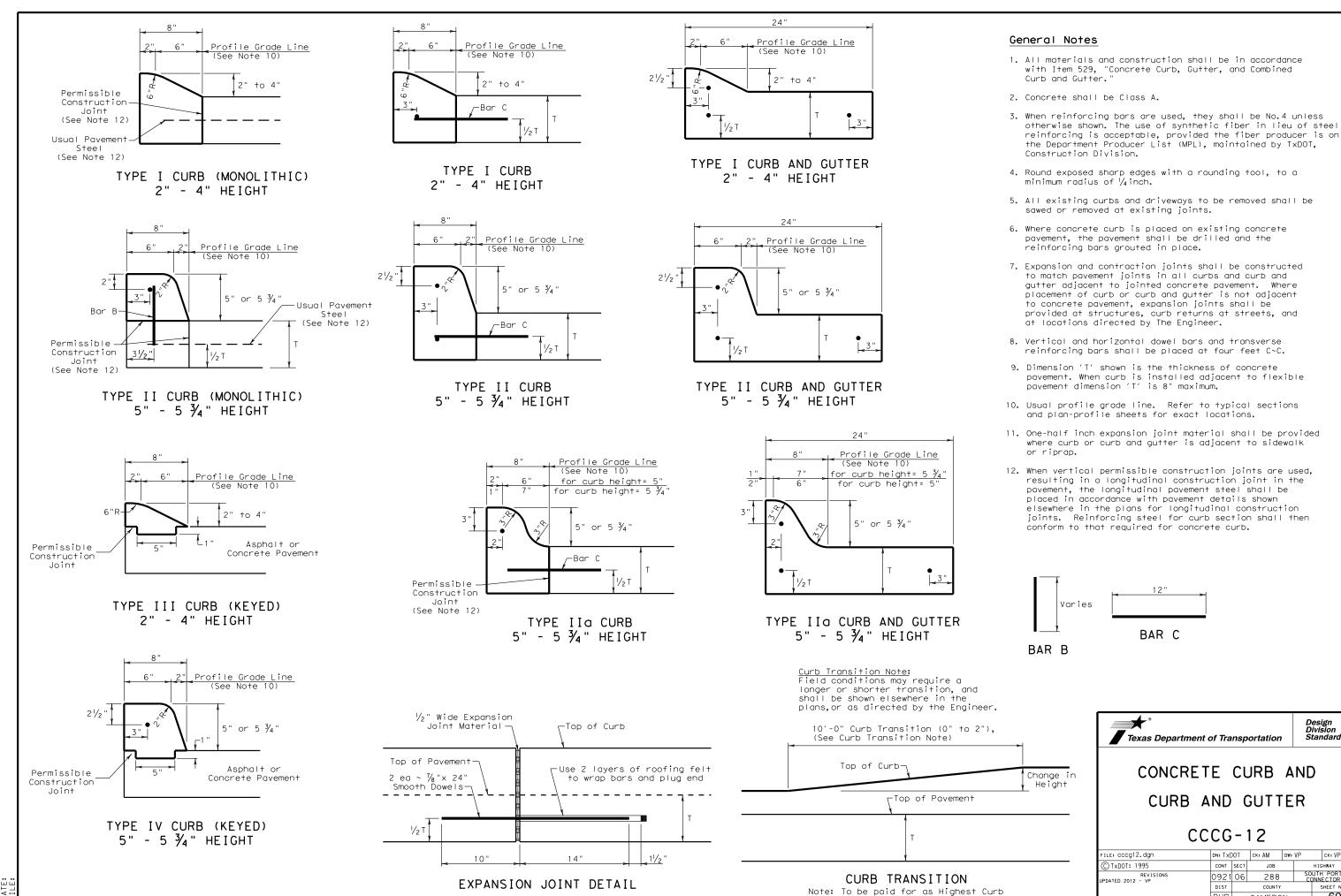
- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, EITHER METHOD "A" OR METHOD "B" MAY BE USED.
- 2. THE LOCATION OF JOINTS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.
- 3. THE JOINT RESERVOIR FOR SEALANT OR PCS SHALL BE SAWED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS FOR THE LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS AND THE SAWED JOINTS.
- 4. DIMENSIONS d1, d2, AND d3 SHOWN IN METHOD A SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEAL MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION.
- 5. REFER TO DMS-6310 "JOINT SEALANTS AND FILLERS" FOR THE CLASSIFICATIONS.
- 6. FOR SAWED LONGITUDINAL JOINT, LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT, USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLAN OR APPROVED.
- 7. FOR TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION, TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT, AND ISOLATION JOINT USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 AT NEW JOINTS. USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 4,5,7,OR 8 FOR MAINTAINING EXISTING JOINTS.
- 8. THE JOINTS SHALL BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ITEM 438 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS" OR ITEM 713 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS (CONCRETE PAVEMENT)".
- 9. ISOLATION JOINTS ACCOMMODATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL MOVEMENTS THAT OCCUR BETWEEN A PAVEMENT AND A STRUCTURE. ISOLATION JOINTS MAY BE USED FOR BRIDGE ABUTMENTS, INTERSECTIONS, CURB AND GUTTER, OLD AND NEW PAVEMENTS, OR AROUND DRAINAGE INLETS, MANHOLES, FOOTINGS AND LIGHTING STRUCTURES.



JS-14

FILE: js14.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	DN: HC	DW:	HC	CK: AN	
CTxDOT: DECEMBER 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0921	06				TH PORT NECTOR	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	PHR	CAMERON				59	

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DN: TxDOT CK: AM DW: VP

JOB

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CAMERON

SOUTH PORT

CONT SECT

0921 06

APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; SOf+Stop END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 7. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SoftStop SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

	NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL
		VARY FROM 3-3/4" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
	NOTE: B	PART PN:5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
		PART PN:5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
ſ	NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5)
		GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN:61G
		ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G
		LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

PART	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS
61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25'- 0")
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 1/8")
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2")
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" \times 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " \times 14")
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER (1/2 " THICK)
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT
		HARDWARE
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325
3701G	4	3/4" ROUND WASHER F436
3704G	2	3/4" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
3360G	16	5/8" × 1 1/4" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR
3340G	25	% " W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR
3500G	7	% " x 10" HGR POST BOLT A307
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325
4489G	1	5/8" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325
4372G	4	% " WASHER F436
105285G	2	$\frac{1}{6}$ " × 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX HD BOLT GR-5
105286G	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX HD BOLT GR-5
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

ILE: sg†10s3116	DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP		VP	ck: MB/VP			
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR		
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	PHR	CAMERON				61	

GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- 9. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FT, -GALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
1.1	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	5/8" x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
1 7	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR.2)MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	5/8" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	5/8" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR.2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	5/8" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWR03	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

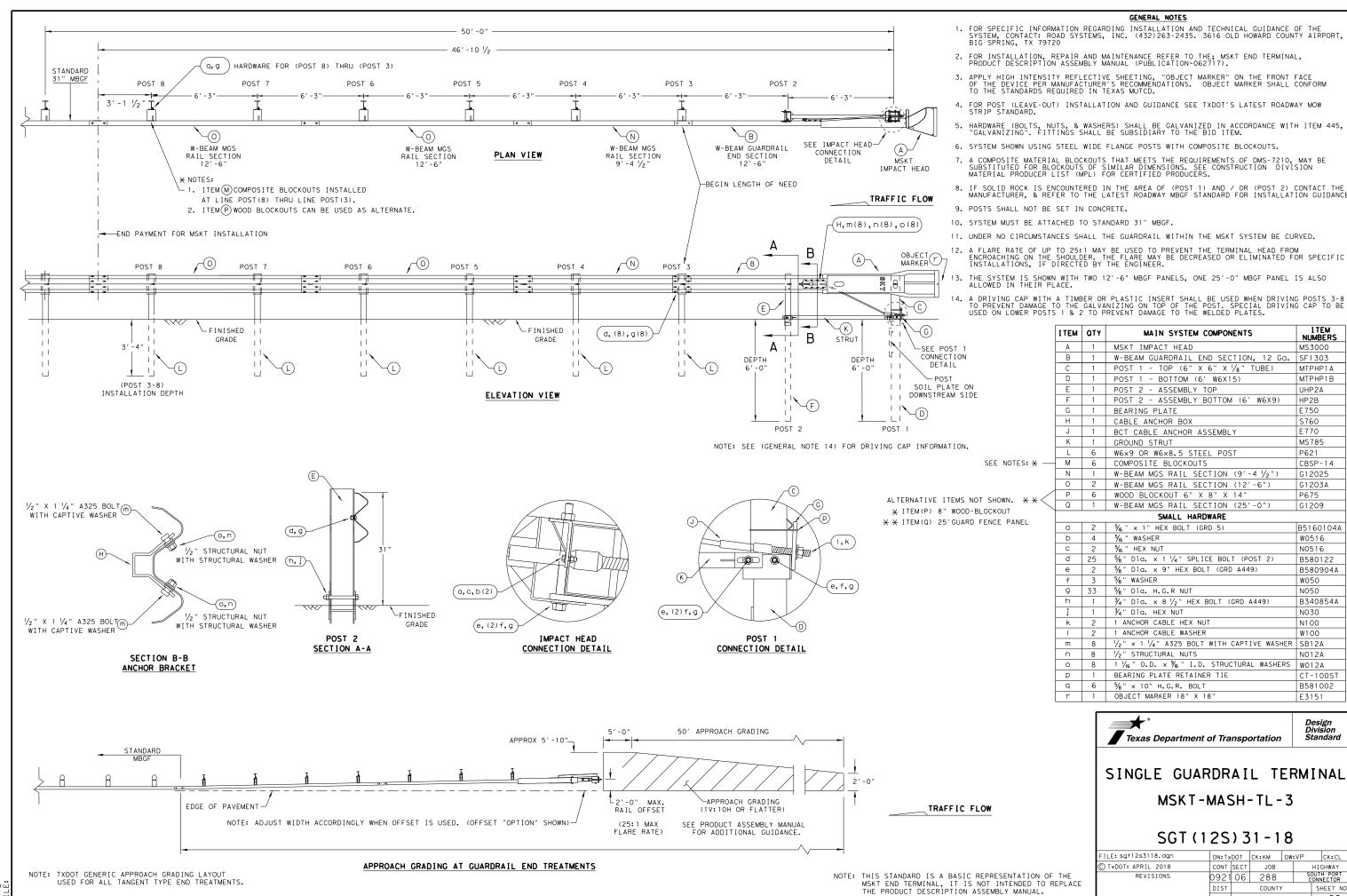
Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

FILE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: T×E	ОТ	ск: КМ	DW:	T×DOT	ck: CL	
C TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			IGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0921	06				OUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	PHR	C	AMERO	٧		62	



I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

P621

MS785

CRSP-14

G12025

G1203A

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050 B340854A

N030

N100

W100

N012A

CT - 100ST

B581002

Design Division Standard

CK: CL

SHEET NO

63

HIGHWAY

JOB

288

COUNTY

CAMERON

0921 06

DIST

REVISIONS

E3151

B580122

B580904A

B5160104A

USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

SUMMARY OF BRIDGE QUANTITIES - BRIDGE #1 (SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR)									
BID ITEM	409 - 6001	409 - 6004	420 - 6013	420 - 6025	422-6001	425 - 6039	432 - 6016	450 - 6006	454 - 6001
DESCRIPTION	PRESTR CONC PIL (16 IN SQ)	PRESTR CONC PIL (24 IN SQ)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (BENT)	REINF CONC SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54)	RIPRAP (STONE TYR) (DRY) (12IN)	RAIL (TY T223)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ-A)
	LF	LF	CY	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF	LF
2 - ABUTMENTS	40	1,008	80.6				174		
15 - INTERIOR BENTS		6,930		334.5					
2- 250,000' PRESTR CONC GIRDER UNIT					25,000.00	3,486.00		1,072.00	
4- 375.000' PRESTR CONC GIRDER UNIT					75,000.00	10,458.00		3,000.00	
TOTAL	40	7,938	80.6	334.5	100,000.00	13,944.00	174	4,072.00	350.00

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

ABUT 1 & 17	(FWD)	GIRDER 1 11.034	GIRDER 2 11.217	GIRDER 3 11.401	GIRDER 4 11.584	GIRDER 5 11.401	GIRDER 6 11.217	GIRDER 7 11.034
BENT 2~16	(BK) (FWD)	11.034 11.034	11.217 11.217	11.401 11.401	11.584 11.584	11.401 11.401	11,217 11,217	11.034 11.034
ABUT 17	(BK)	11.034	11.217	11.401	11.584	11.401	11,217	11.034



T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

QUANTITIES

BRIDGE #1

SCALE

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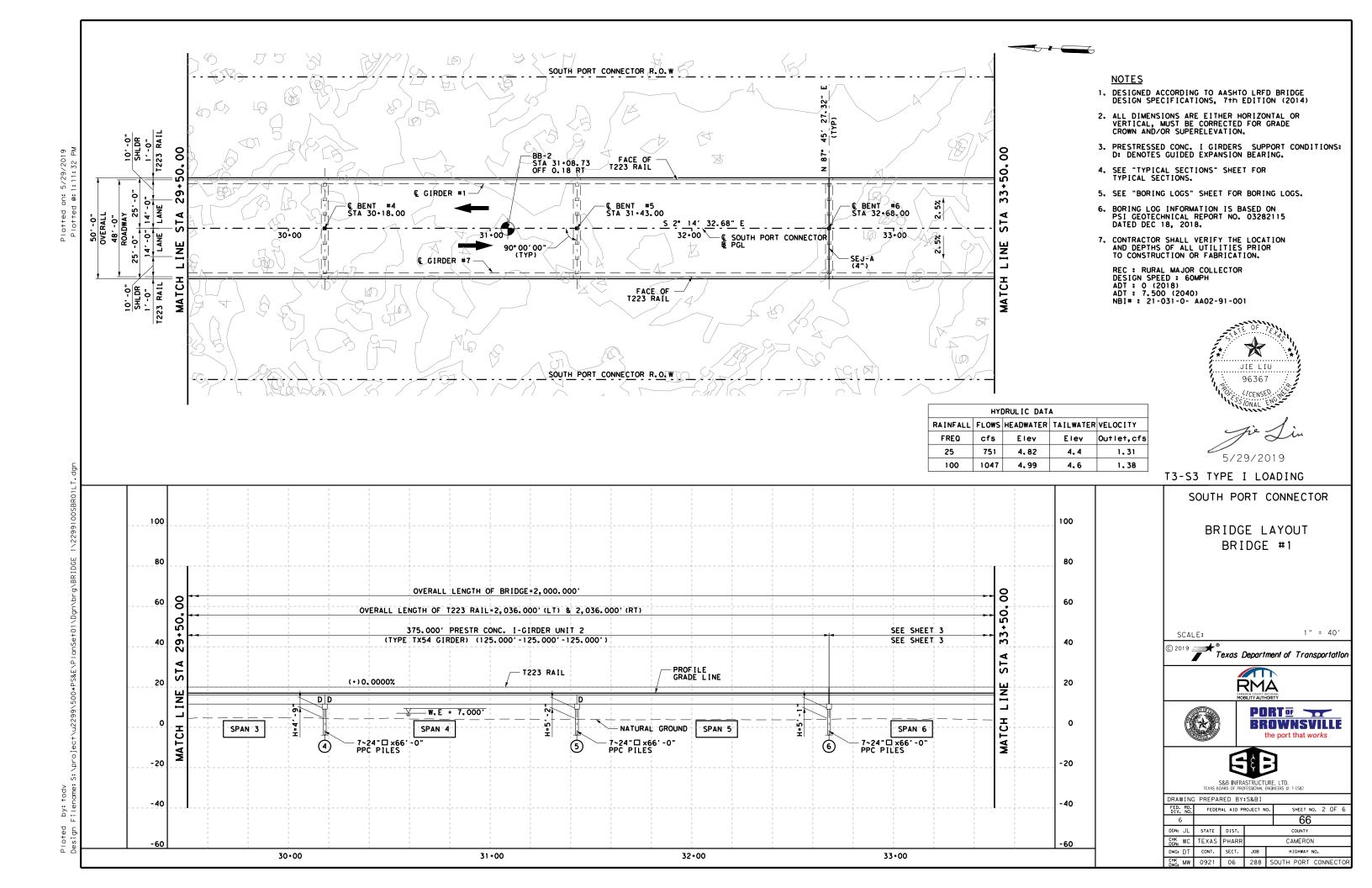


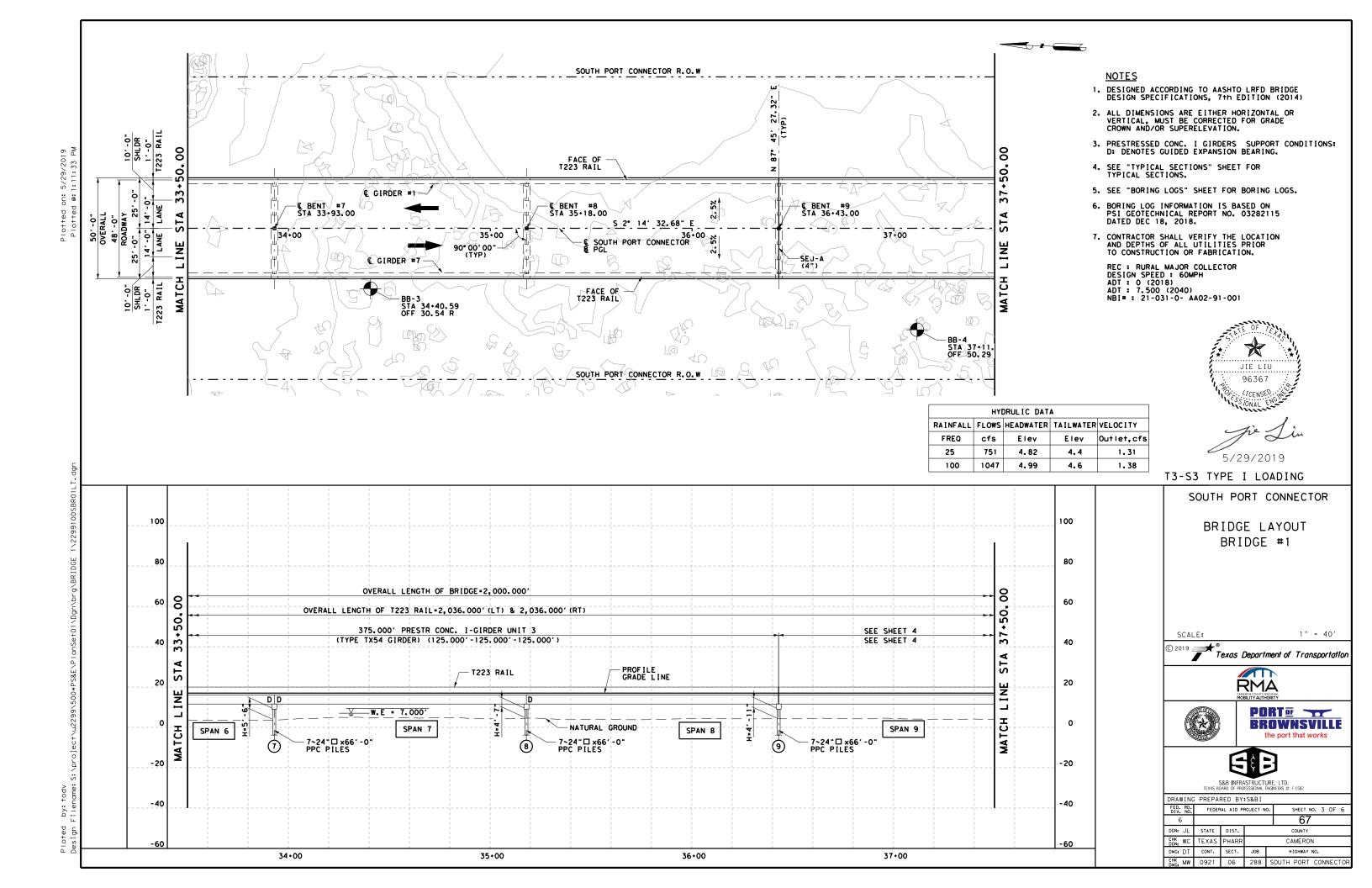


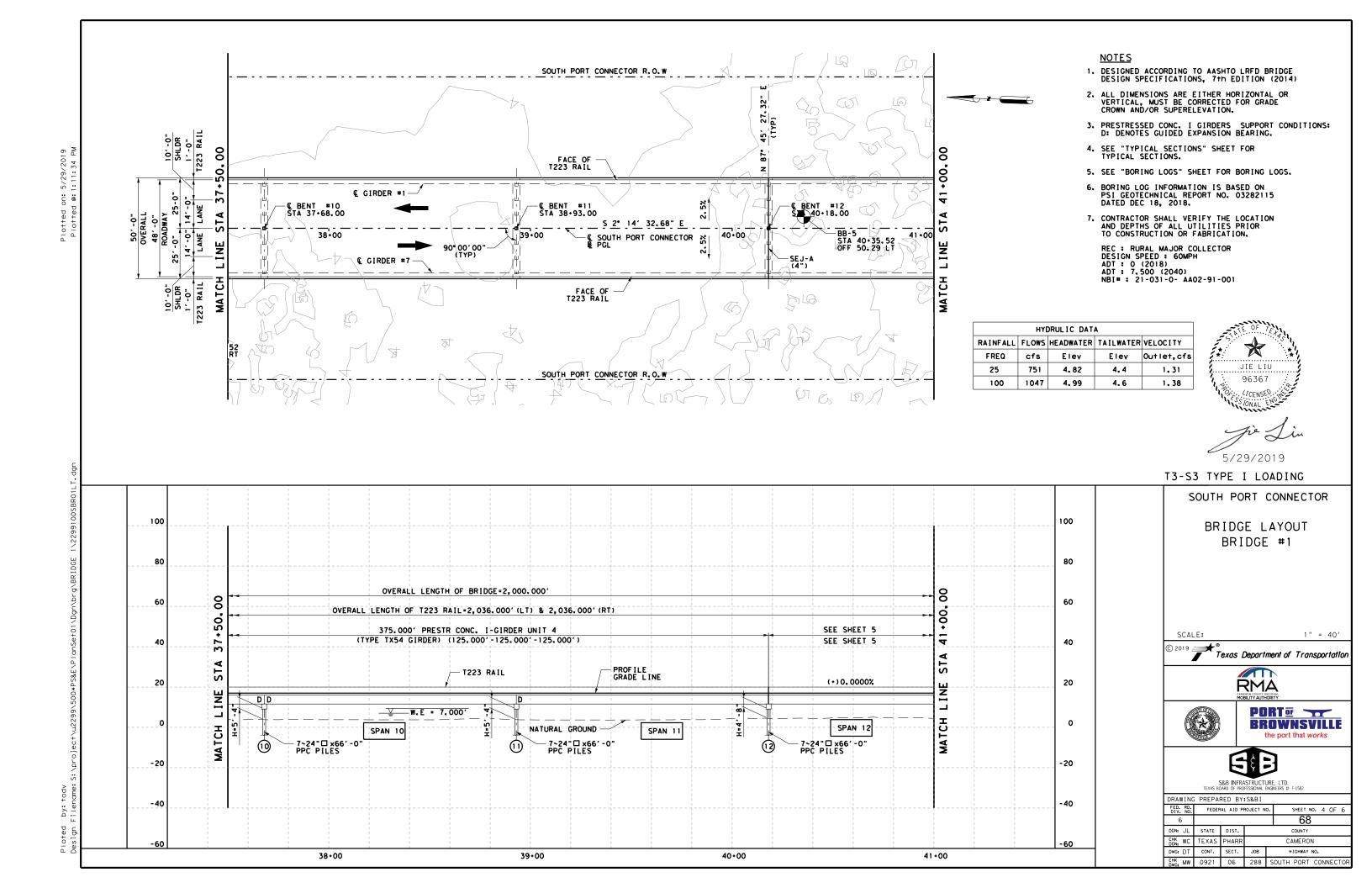
S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.

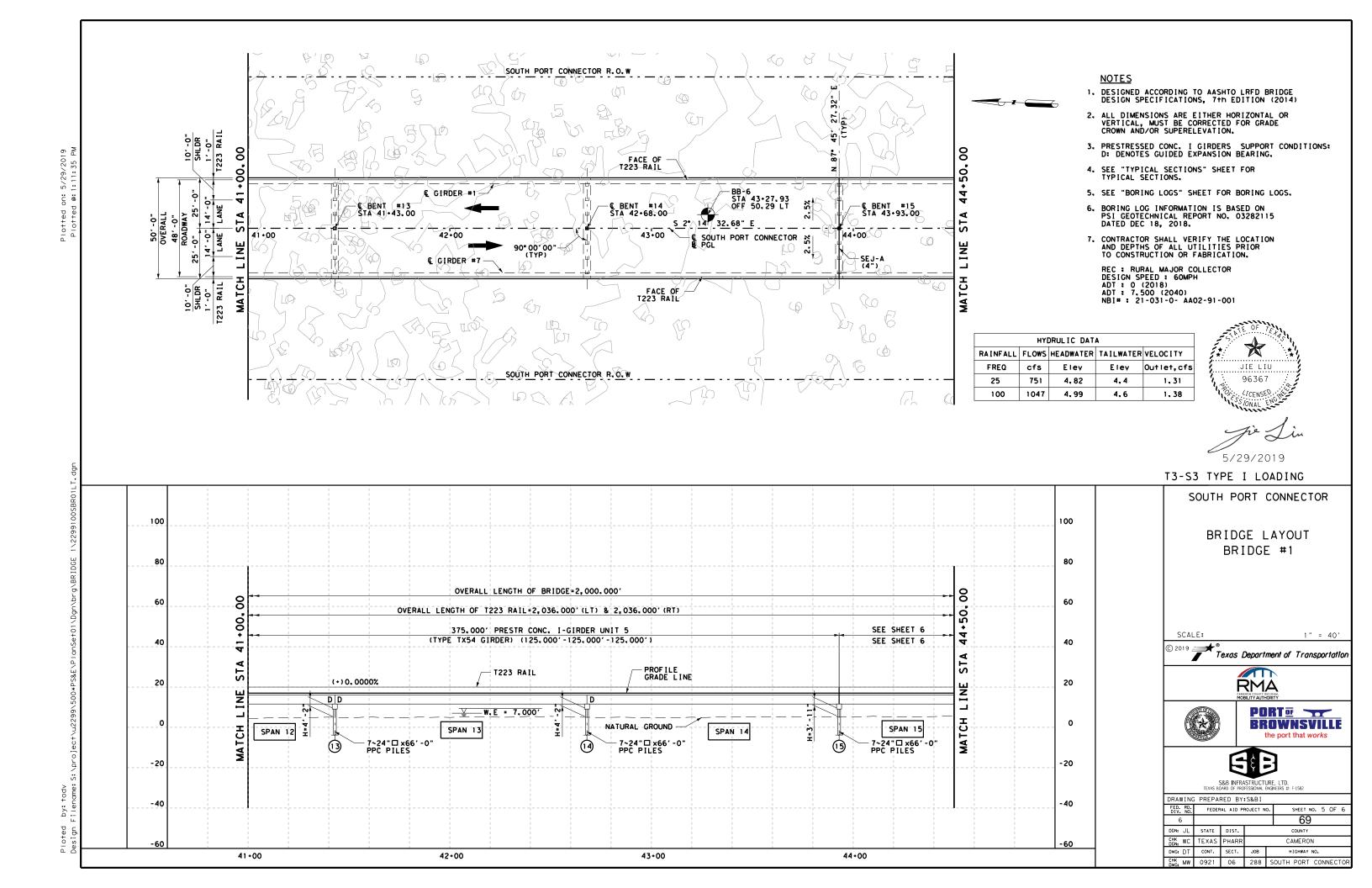
DRAWING FREFARED DI-38DI									
FED. RD. DIV. NO.		FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO. 1 OF 1				
6					64				
DGN:	JL	STATE	DIST.			COUNTY			
CHK DGN:	WC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON			
DWG:	DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.			
CHK DWG+	MW	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR			

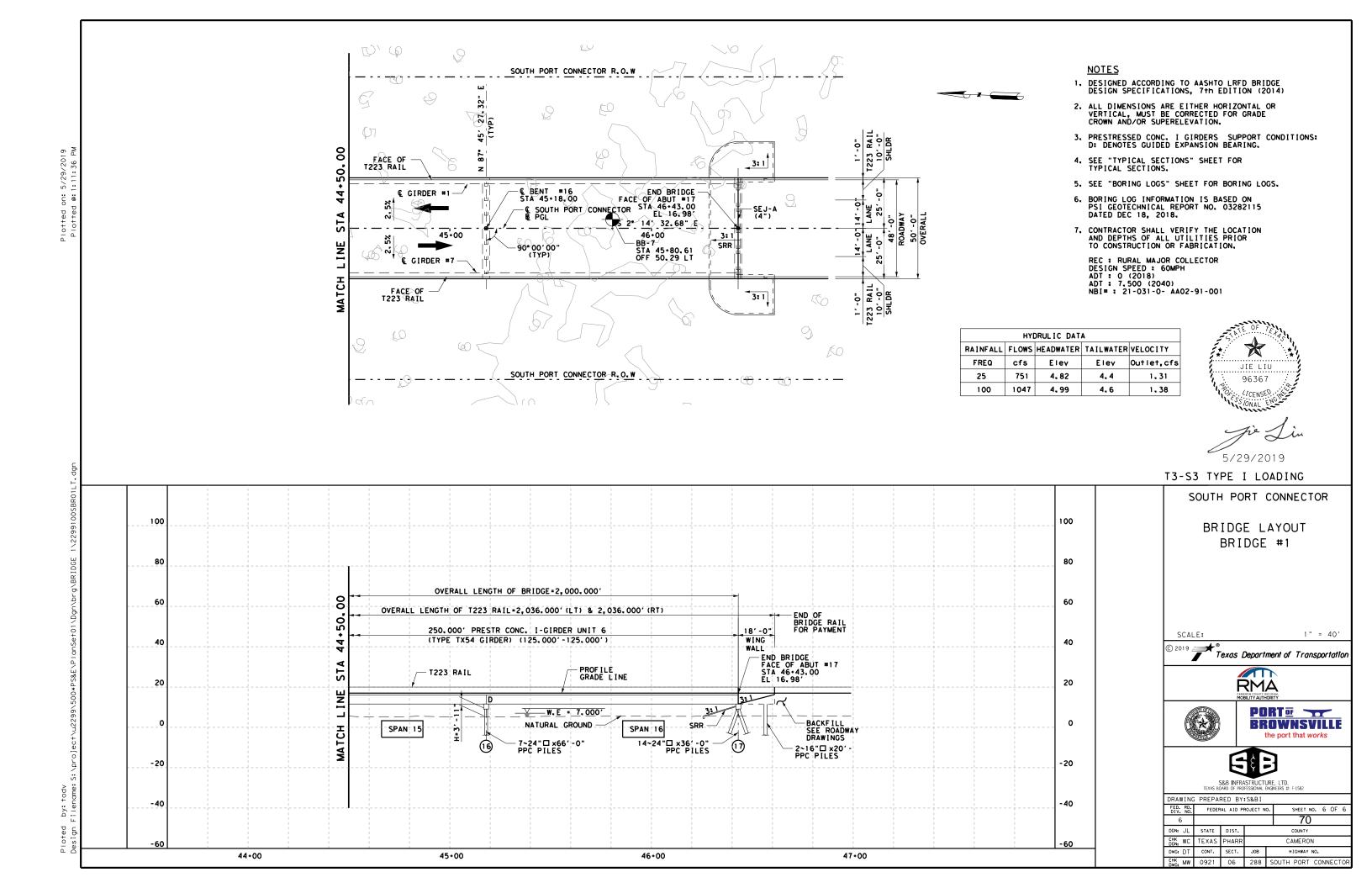
SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR R.O.W **NOTES** DESIGNED ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 7th EDITION (2014) [30] ALL DIMENSIONS ARE EITHER HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL, MUST BE CORRECTED FOR GRADE CROWN AND/OR SUPERELEVATION. 3. PRESTRESSED CONC. I GIRDERS SUPPORT CONDITIONS: D: DENOTES GUIDED EXPANSION BEARING. 4. SEE "TYPICAL SECTIONS" SHEET FOR TYPICAL SECTIONS. FACE OF T223 RAIL ∫3ેર્1્ 50. 5. SEE "BORING LOGS" SHEET FOR BORING LOGS. **5**8+ €/GTRDER #1 -BEGIN BRIDGE FACE OF ABUT #1 STA 26:43.00 EL 16.98 6. BORING LOG INFORMATION IS BASED ON PSI GEOTECHNICAL REPORT NO. 03282115 DATED DEC 18, 2018. © BENT #3 - EBENT #2 \$ 2° 14' 32.68" E ST CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION AND DEPTHS OF ALL UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OR FABRICATION. 271.00 28400 291.00 E SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR & 90° 00′ 00′ LINE STA 27+87.24 OFF 0.67 RT & GIRDER #7 SEJ-A REC: RURAL MAJOR COLLECTOR DESIGN SPEED: 60MPH ADT: 0 (2018) ADT: 7.500 (2040) NBI#: 21-031-0- AA02-91-001 MATCH 10' -0" SHLDR FACE OF T223 RAIL HYDRULIC DATA RAINFALL FLOWS HEADWATER TAILWATER VELOCITY FREQ cfs Elev Elev Outlet, cfs 751 4.82 4,4 25 1.31 JIE LIU SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR R.O.W 1047 100 4.99 4.6 1.38 96367 CENSED WELL 5/29/2019 T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR 100 100 BRIDGE LAYOUT BRIDGE #1 80 80 OVERALL LENGTH OF BRIDGE=2,000.000 60 60 OVERALL LENGTH OF T223 RAIL=2,036.000'(LT) & 2,036.000'(RT) BEGIN OF BRIDGE RAIL FOR PAYMENT 250.000' PRESTR CONC. I-GIRDER UNIT 1 SEE SHEET 2 _18′-0" SCALE: 1" = 40' (TYPE TX54 GIRDER) (125,000'-125,000') SEE SHEET 2 WING 40 40 ST WALL Texas Department of Transportation BEGIN BRIDGE FACE OF ABUT #1 STA 26.43.00 EL 16.98' PROFILE GRADE LINE T223 RAIL (+)0,0000% 20 RMA 20 (*) PORT T -W.E = 7.000' BACKFILL SEE ROADWAY 0 BROWNSVILLE -NATURAL -GROUND SPAN-3 SPAN 2 DRAWINGS SPAN 1 the port that works 2~16"□ ×20' -0" PPC PILES - 7~24"□x66'-0" PPC PILES 7~24"□ x66' -0" PPC PILES 14~24"□ x36' -0" PPC PILES -20 -20 S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582 DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI -40 -40 SHEET NO. 1 OF 6 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO 65 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS CAMERON -60 -60 HIGHWAY NO. DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB 26+00 27+00 28+00 29+00 30+00 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTO

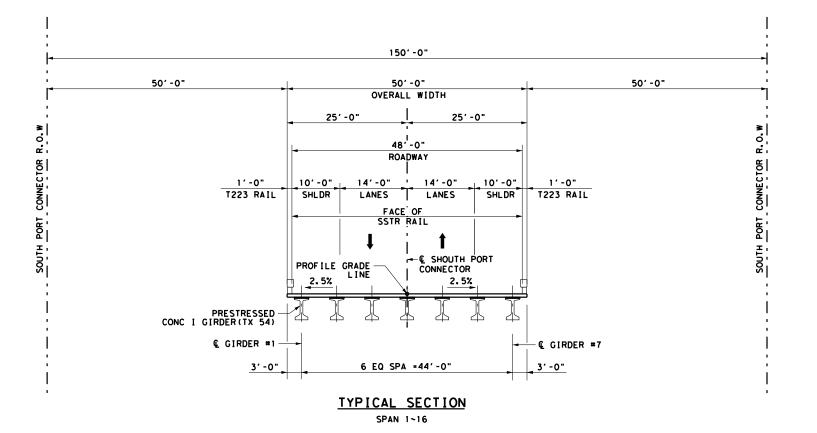














T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION BRIDGE #1

SCALE:

1 = 20











TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1

RAWING FREFARED DI-38DI										
ED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	O. SHEET NO. 1 OF 1						
6				71						
GN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY							
HK WC	TEXAS	PHARR	CAMERON							
wG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY NO.						
HK MW	0921	06	288	SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR						

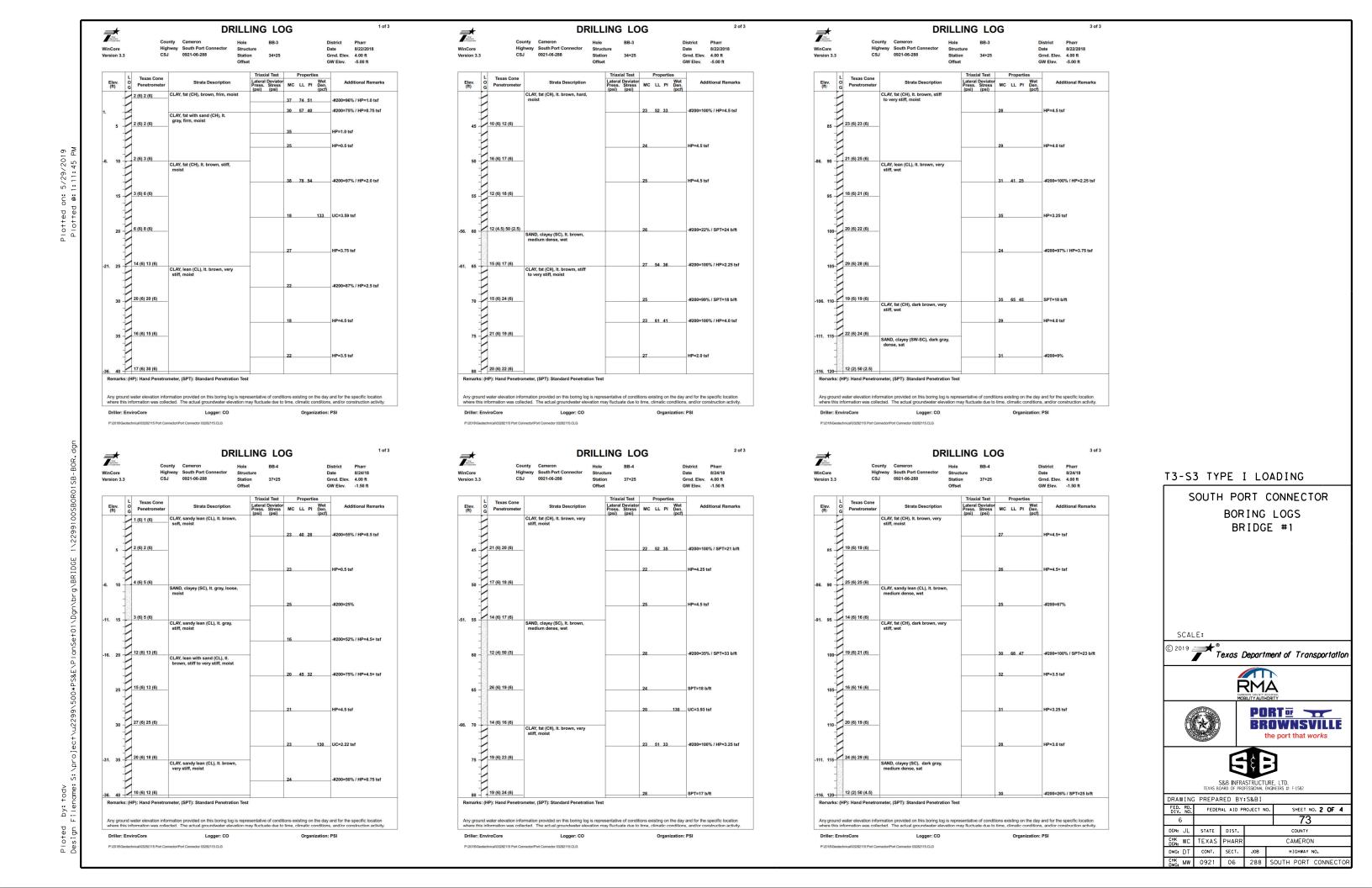
DRILLING LOG

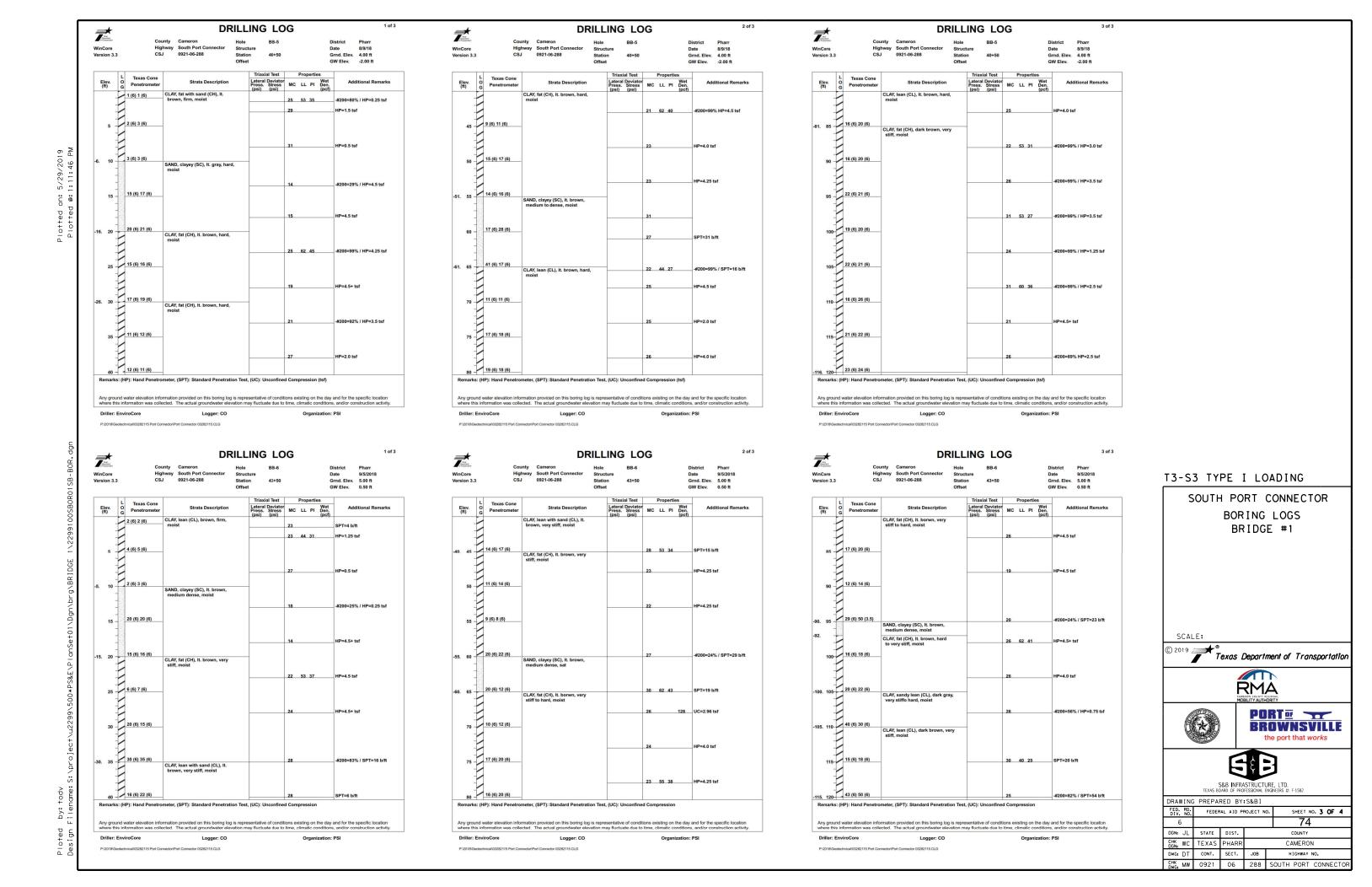
District Pharr
Date 8/13/2018
Grnd. Elev. 5.00 ft

DRILLING LOG

DRILLING LOG

District Pharr
Date 8/13/2018
Grnd. Elev. 5.00 ft
GW Elev. -4.50 ft





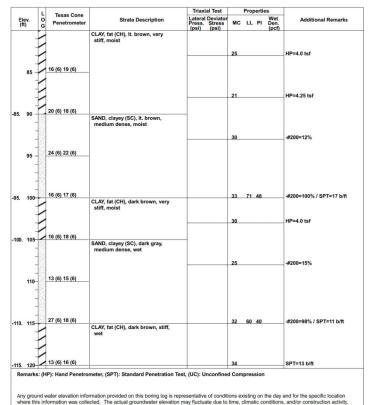
DRILLING LOG

		L			Triaxia	l Test		Pro	perti	es	
EI (f	ev. t)	O	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
			3 (6) 3 (6)	CLAY, fat (CH), lt. brown, firm, moist			30	58	40		-#200=97% / HP=1.25 tsf
		1		most				30	40		1000
		1					30				HP=0.75 tsf
	5 -		2 (6) 2 (6)								
	٠.										
		1					29				HP=1.25 tsf
		d					29				HP=1.25 tst
	10 -	7	4 (6) 3 (6)								
		7									
		1					28				HP=0.75 tsf
		1									-0.70 (3)
-10.	15 -	1	10 (6) 14 (6)	SAND, clayey (SC), It. gray, medium	-						
				dense, moist							
	20 -		12 (6) 14 (6)				23		_		-#200=29% / SPT=22 b/ft
	-										
							15				HP=4.5+ tsf
			45 (0) 45 (0)								
	25 -		15 (6) 15 (6)								
		99									
			11 (6) 12 (6)				26				SPT=20 b/ft
-25.	30 -		(0) 12 (0)	CLAY, silty (CL-ML), It. brown,			20				3F1-20 b/it
		1		stiff, moist							
	-	1					24	27	7		-#200=98% / HP=1.75 tsf
20	25		21 (6) 23 (6)								
-30.	35 -			CLAY, lean (CL), lt. brown, very stiff, moist	1						
		1		sun, moist							
	-	1					24				#200=88% / HP=1.0 tsf
	40 -		16 (6) 14 (6)								
Re		s: (H	IP): Hand Penetro	meter, (SPT): Standard Penetration Test	t, (UC): Ur	confine	d Con	pres	sion	1	
An	y grou	ınd v	vater elevation info	rmation provided on this boring log is repre	esentative	of condit	ions e	xistin	g on	the day	and for the specific location
wh	ere th	is inf	formation was colle	ected. The actual groundwater elevation m	ay fluctua	le due to	time,	clima	tic o	onditions	s, and/or construction activity.

Driller: EnviroCore Logger: CO DRILLING LOG

	L			Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	es	
Elev. (ft)	O	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	мс	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
			CLAY, lean (CL), lt. brown, very stiff, moist	(pai)	(pai)				(pci)	
40. 45	1	20 (6) 16 (6)	CLAY, fat (CH), lt. brown, very			25	64	42		-#200=99% / SPT=16 b/ft
	1		stiff, moist							
	7					23				HP=4.25 tsf
50	1	14 (6) 17 (6)								
	1					25			133	UC=4.75 tsf
-50. 55	1	15 (6) 17 (6)	CLAY, lean with sand (CI), It.							
	7		brown, stiff, moist							
	7	20 (0) 50 (5 5)				23				-#200=72% / HP=1.25 tsf
60		20 (6) 50 (5.5)								
65		24 (6) 50 (4)				27				SPT=20 b/ft
	1									
-65. 70		10 (6) 15 (6)	CLAY, fat (CH), It. brown, very	L		26				SPT=23 b/ft
			stiff, moist							
	7	20 (6) 22 (6)				22	57	40		-#200=100% / HP=4.5 tsf
75		.,,,,								
	1					26			125	UC=4.44 tsf
80 ·		15 (6) 17 (6)	meter, (SPT): Standard Penetration Te	4 (110)-11		10		-1		
Nemark	э. (П	r j. Hallu Pelletro	meter, (or 1). Standard Penetration Tes	st, (UC): UI	ncomnec	u con	ipies	SION		
			rmation provided on this boring log is rep ected. The actual groundwater elevation							

DRILLING LOG



T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR BORING LOGS BRIDGE #1

SCALE:

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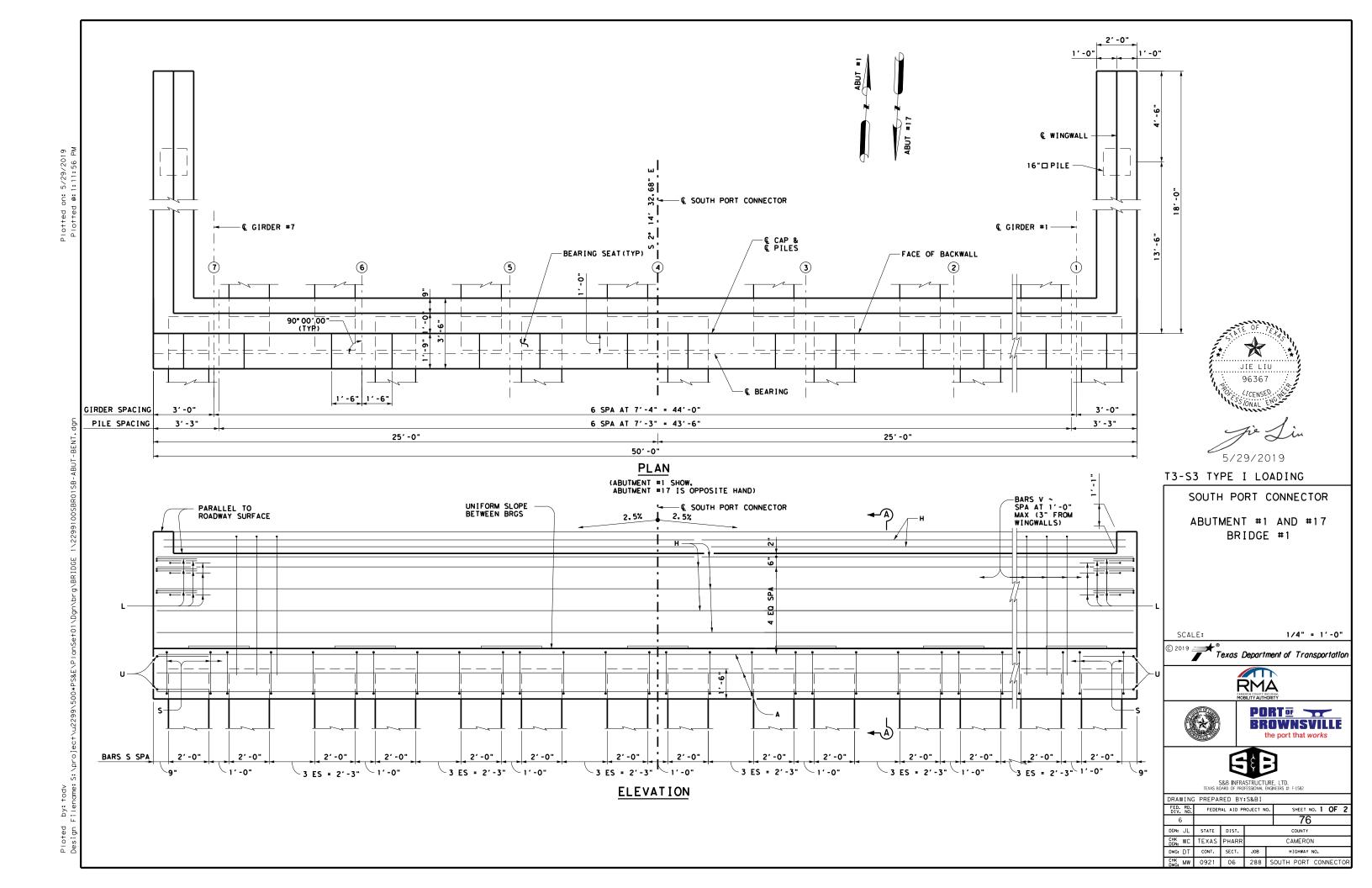


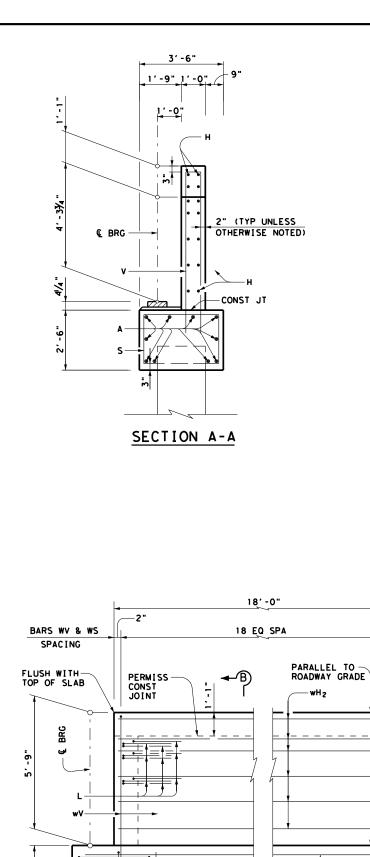




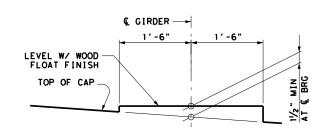


DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI							
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	NO. SHEET NO. 4 OF 4			
6				75			
DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY			
CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR		CAMERON			
DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
CHK MW	0921	06	288	SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR			





WINGWALL ELEVATION



BEARING SEAT DETAIL

3′-2"

BARS S

2" (TYP UNLESS

-CONST JT

OTHERWISE NOTED)

BARS V & wV

wV-

SECTION B-B

(BEARING SURFACE CLEAN AND FREE OF ALL LOOSE MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING BEARING PAD.)

		BLE OF ESTI TITIES FOR		
BAR	NO	SIZE	LENGTH	WE I GHT
A	10	#11	49' -0"	2604
н	14	*6	49' -8"	1045
L	18	* 6	4'-0"	109
S	40	* 5	11'-6"	480
U	4	*6	8'-1"	49
٧	49	*6	14'-4"	1055
WH1	14	*6	19'-5"	409
WH2	24	* 6	17'-8"	637
WS	38	#4	7'-10"	199
WV	38	* 5	14'-4"	569
* REINF	ORCING S	TEEL (EPOXY)	LB	7, 156
CLASS "	C" CONCE	RETE (CAP)	CY	40.3

* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

- INTERIOR BENT NOTES:

 1. DESIGNED ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE SPECIFICATIONS, 7TH EDITION (2014).
- 2. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS C CONCRETE (f'c= 3600 PSI)
- 3. ALL EXPOSED CORNERS SHALL BE CHAMFERED ¾", UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 4. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE A.S.T.M A615 GRADE 60 STEEL (EPOXY).
- 5. DIMENSIONS RELATING TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTER OF BARS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. SEE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. MAXIMUM CACULATED FOUNDATION LOADS: 45 TONS PER PILE. 10 TONS PER WINGWALL PILE.
- 8. THE PRECAST BENT CAP OPTION IS PERMITTED.
- 9. PPC PILE SHOULD USE SULFACE RESISTANT CONCRETE.



T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR ABUTMENT #1 AND #17 BRIDGE #1

SCALE:

1/4" = 1'-0"



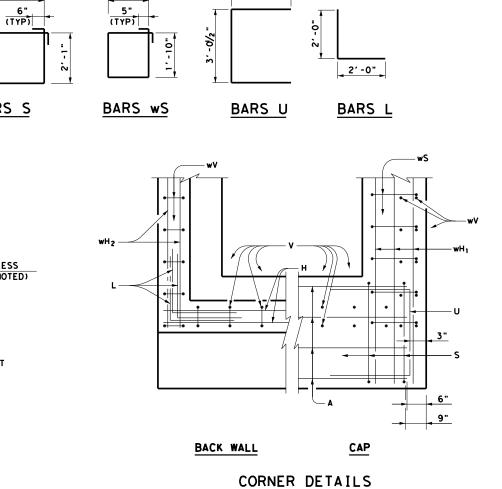


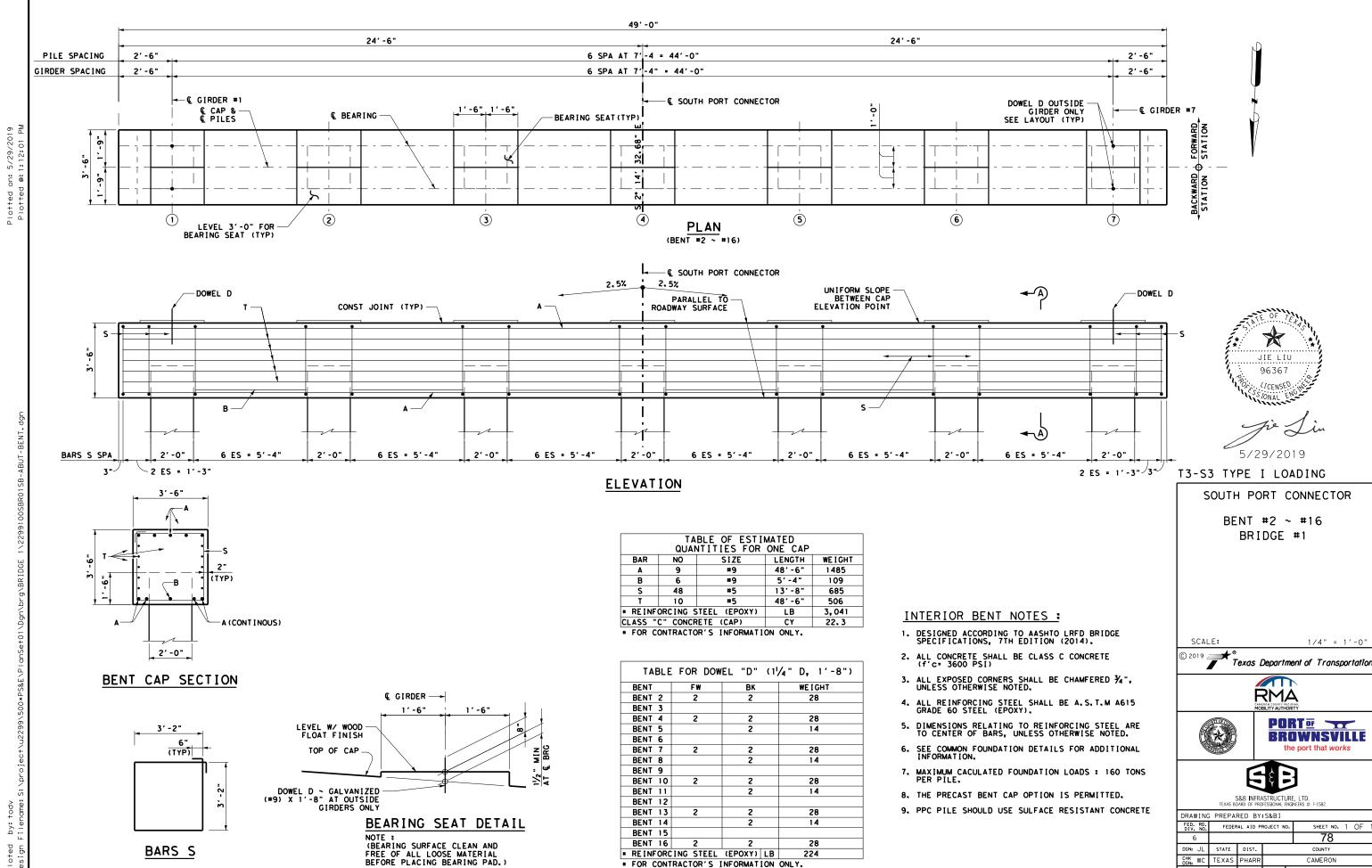






DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI										
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.				SHEET NO. 2 OF 2				
	6				77					
	DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY						
	CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR	CAMERON						
	DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.						
	CHK MW	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR				





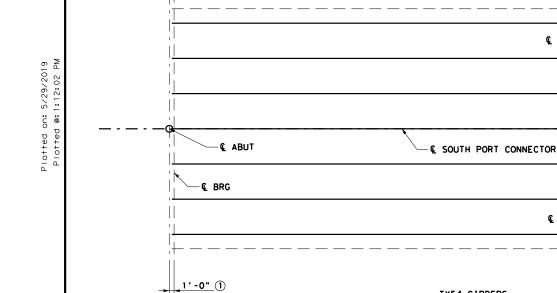
* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

CHK WC TEXAS PHARR

DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB

CAMERON

HIGHWAY NO. 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTO



 $||\cdot||$ S 2º 14' 32.68" E 90° 00' 00, 00" & BENT & BENT € BRG 1'-0" 1'-0" TX54 GIRDERS

PLAN

GIRDER REPORT

BENT REPORT

BENT NO. ALL (N 87 45' 67.32" E) DISTANCE BETWEEN THE STATION LINE TO GIRDER 1 22,000 L GIRDER REPORT SPAN ALL GIRDER SPAC. GIRDER ANGLE HONRIZONTAL DISTANCE TRUE DISTANCE GIRDER (C.L. BENT) D. M. S. 90 00 00.00 C-C BENT C-C BRG. BOT. GIR. FLG.(2) SLOP SPAN ALL GIRDER 1 0.000 GIRDER 2 7.333 0.000 GIRDER 1 125.000 123.000 124,500 124.500 124.500 124.500 124.500 124.500 90 00 00.00 GIRDER 2 123,000 0.000 125,000 123,000 GIRDER 3 GIRDER 3 125.000 125.000 0.000 7.333 90 00 00.00 0.000 0.000 0.000 GIRDER 4 GIRDER 4 7.333 90 00 00.00 GIRDER 5 GIRDER 5 7.333 90 00 00.00 125.000 123.000 GIRDER 6 125.000 123.000 GIRDER 6 7,333 90 00 00.00 GIRDER 7 124.500 0.000 GIRDER 7 7.333 90 00 00.00 125.000 123.000 TOTAL 44,000

© GIRDER #1 (TYP)

© GIRDER #7 (TYP)

TX54 GIRDERS

- 1) SEE IGEB STANDAR FOR ORIENTATION OF DIMENSION.
- 2 GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS
 MADE FOR GIRDER SLOPE.

T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

5/29/2019

JIE LIU 96367

FRAMING PLAN (2 SPANS UNIT) BRIDGE #1

SCALE:

1" = 20'



Texas Department of Transportation



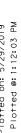


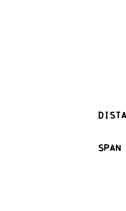


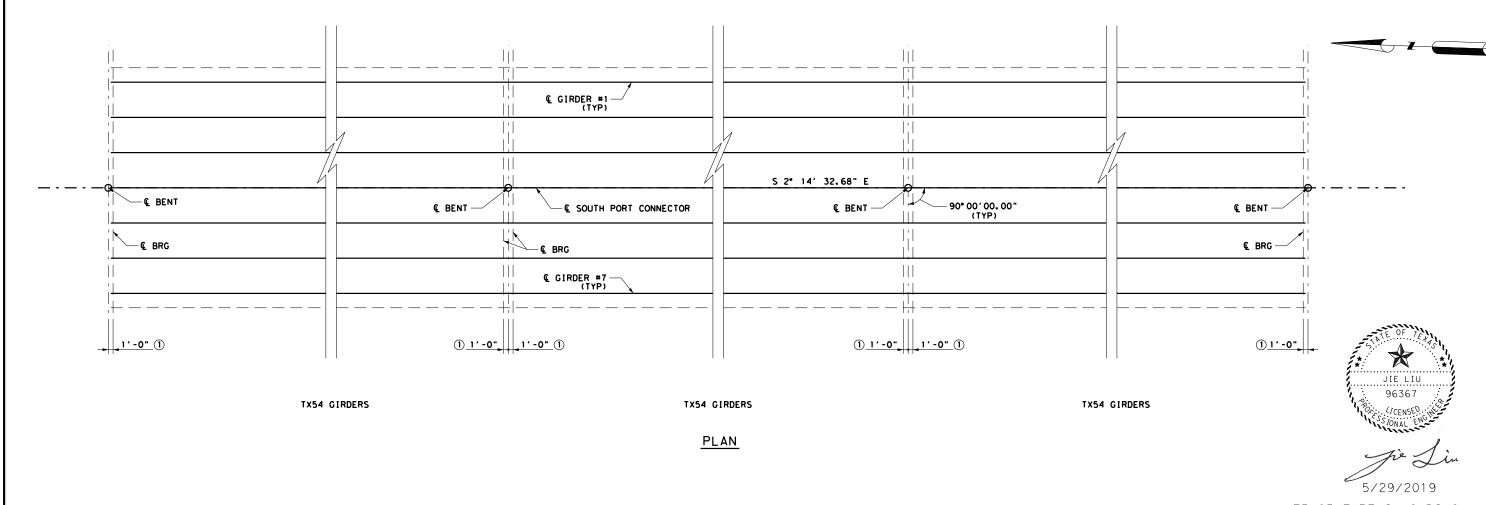


S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI								
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	٥.	SHEET NO. 1 OF 2		
	6		79					
	DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
	CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON		
	DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.				
	CHK DWG: MW	0921	06	288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR				







GIRDER REPORT

123,000

124,500

0.000

GIRDER REPORT SPAN ALL TRUE DISTANCE GIRDER SPAC. GIRDER ANGLE HONRIZONTAL DISTANCE D. M. S. 90 00 00.00 C-C BENT C-C BRG. BOT. GIR. FLG.(2) SLOP 125.000 123,000 124.500 0.000 90 00 00.00 GIRDER 2 125,000 123,000 124.500 0.000 90 00 00.00 GIRDER 3 125,000 123,000 124,500 0.000 125,000 123.000 124.500 0.000 90 00 00.00 GIRDER 4 125.000 123.000 124.500 0.000 GIRDER 5 90 00 00.00 124.500 0.000 GIRDER 6 125.000 123.000

GIRDER 7

125,000

- ① SEE IGEB STANDAR FOR ORIENTATION OF DIMENSION.
- ② GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR GIRDER SLOPE.

T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

FRAMING PLAN
(3 SPANS UNIT)
BRIDGE #1

SCALE:

1" = 20'











S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&BI

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			NO. SHEET NO. 2 OF 2			
6				80			
DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR	CAMERON				
DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
CHK MW	0921	06	288	SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR			

BENT NO. ALL (N 87° 45' 67.32" E)

DISTANCE BETWEEN THE STATION LINE TO GIRDER 1 22.000 L

GIRDER SPAC. GIRDER ANGLE

(C.L. BENT) D. M. S.

SPAN ALL GIRDER 1 0.000 90 00 00.00

GIRDER 2 7.333 90 00 00.00

GIRDER 3 7.333 90 00 00.00

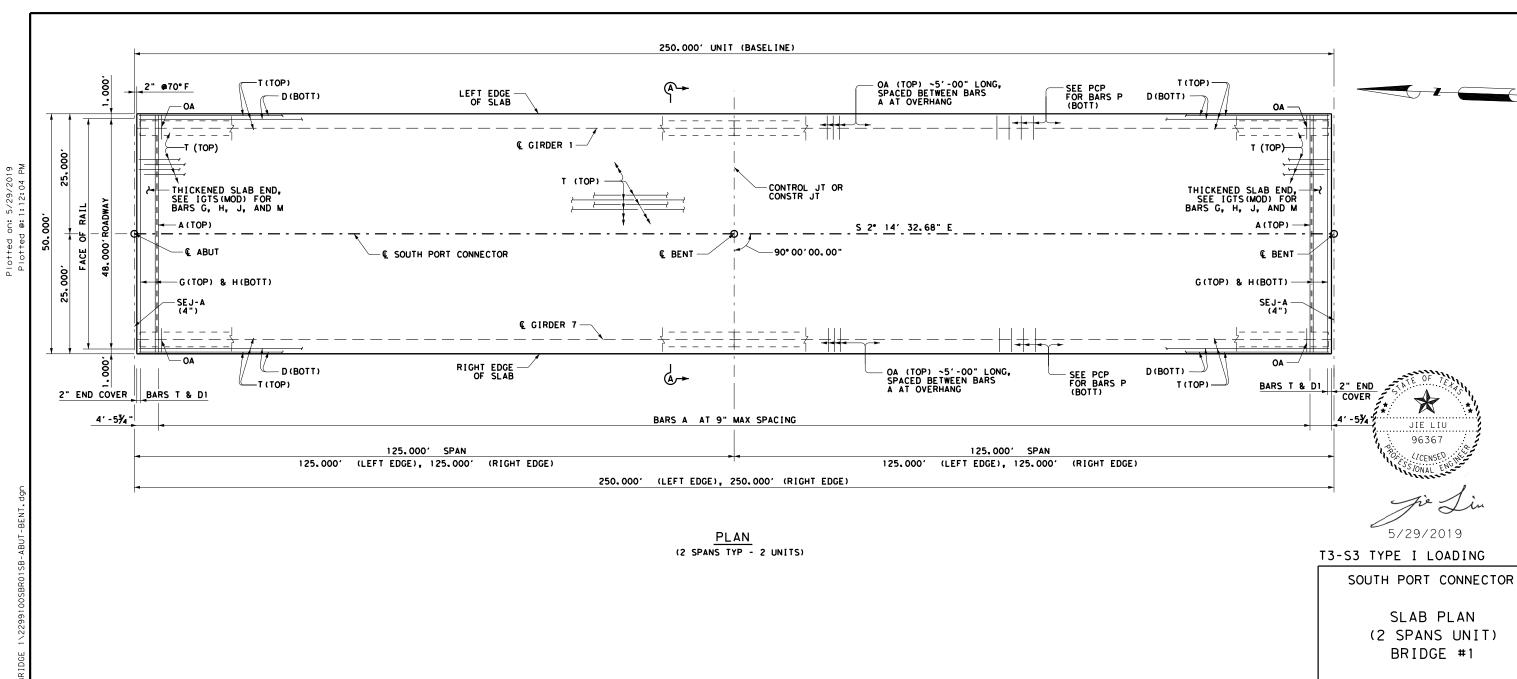
GIRDER 4 7.333 90 00 00.00

GIRDER 5 7.333 90 00 00.00

GIRDER 6 7.333 90 00 00.00

GIRDER 7 7.333 90 00 00.00

TOTAL 44.000



TAE	BLE OF ESTIMA	TED QUANTITIES	UNIT (2 SPAN)
SPAN	REINF. CONCRETE SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54) 1	REINF. STEEL # 2
NO.	SF	LF	LB
1	6, 250. 0	871.5	14, 375.0
2	6, 250. 0	871.5	14, 375.0
TOTAL	12,500.0	1,743.0	28, 750. 0

* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

1) BEAM LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM FLANGE LENGTH WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR BEAM SLOPES.

© REINF STEEL QUANTITY IS CALCULATED BY USING APPROX 2.3 LB/SF OF BRIDGE DECK.

SCALE: Texas Department of Transportation (*) S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

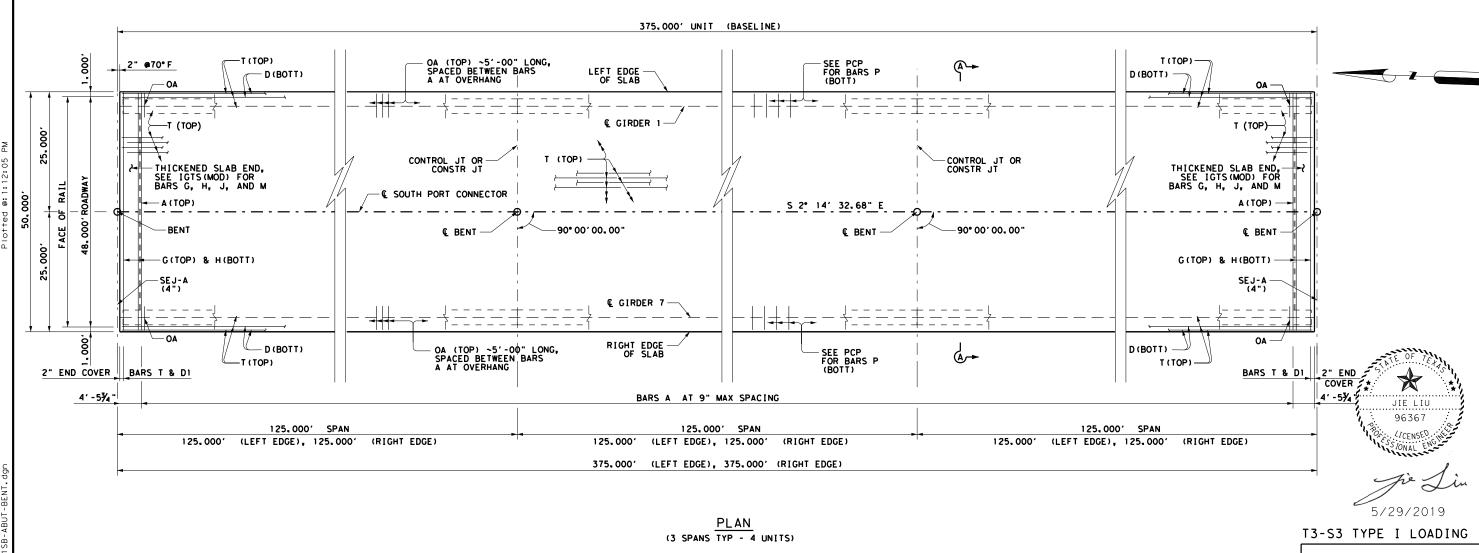
DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI SHEET NO. 1 OF 2 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. 81 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTO

RMA

PORT TO THE TOTAL **BROWNSVILLE**

the port that works

1" = 20'



TAB	LE OF ESTIMA	TED QUANTITIES	UNIT (3 SPAN)
SPAN	REINF. CONCRETE SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54) 1	REINF. STEEL # 2
NO.	SF	LF	LB
3	6, 250. 0	871.5	14,375.0
4	6, 250. 0	871.5	14,375.0
5	6, 250. 0	871.5	14,375.0
TOTAL	18, 750.0	2,614.5	43,125.0

* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

(1) BEAM LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM FLANGE LENGTH WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR BEAM SLOPES.

© REINF STEEL QUANTITY IS CALCULATED BY USING APPROX 2.3 LB/SF OF BRIDGE DECK.

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

SLAB PLAN (3 SPANS UNIT) BRIDGE #1

SCALE:

Texas Department of Transportation

RMA





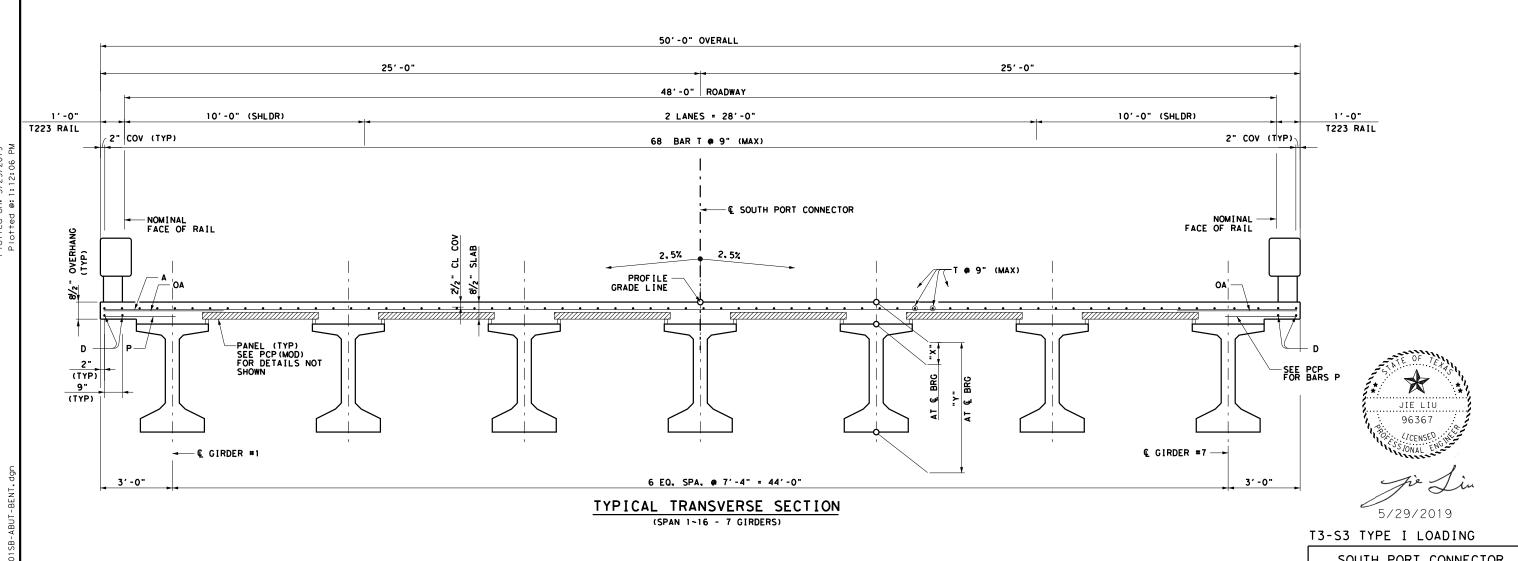
1" = 20'



S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&BI

BIGHTING THE MILED BITGOST							
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	NO. SHEET NO. 2 OF 2			
6				82			
DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR	CAMERON				
DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
CHK DWG: MW	0921	06	288	SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR			
	FED. RD. DIV. NO. 6 DGN: JL CHK WC DGN: DT CHK AMM	FED. RD. DIV. NO. FEDER 6 DGN: JL STATE CHK WC TEXAS DWG: DT CONT. CHK NAW 0021	FED. RD. FEDERAL AID PI	FED. RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			

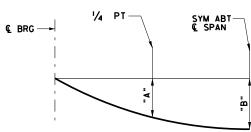


TAE	TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS						
SPAN	GIRDER	"X" AT	"Y" AT				
NO.	NO.	CL BRG	CL BRG (1)				
1~16	ALL	10¾"	5′ - 4 ¾ "				

"Y" VALUE SHOWN IS BASED ON THEORETICAL GIRDER CAMBER, DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION FROM AN 8½" CONCRETE SLAB, A CONSTANT ROADWAY GRADE, AND USING PRECAST PANELS (PCP). THE CONTRACTOR WILL ADJUST THIS VALUE AS NECESSARY FOR ANY ROADWAY VERTICAL CHEMPER AND CODITE DEFCAST OVERHANCE. VERTICAL CURVE AND/OR IF PRECAST OVERHANG PANEL (PCP(O)) OPTION IS USE.

BAR	TABLE			
BAR	SIZE			
A	#4			
D	#4			
G	#4			
н	#4			
J	#4			
М	#4			
OA	#5			
Р	#4			
т	#4			

Ξ	SPAN	BEAM	"A"	"В"
			(ft)	(ft)
	1~16	ALL	0.157	0.223
	1/4	рт		CVM



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

NOTE: DEFLECTIONS SHOWN ARE DUE TO PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS AND CAST - IN PLACE SLAB ONLY. (EC-5000 ksi) ADJUSTED DEFLECTIONS BASED ON FIELD OBSERVATIONS AS NEED.

GENERAL NOTES

DESIGN ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 7+h EDITION (2014)

MULTI-SPAN UNITS, WITH SLAB CONTINOUS OVER INTERIOR BENTS, MAY BE FORMED WITH THE DETAIL SHOW OON THIS SHEET AND STANDARD IGCS

SEE PCP AND PCP-FAB FOR PANEL DETAILS NOT SHOWN

SEE IGTS STANDARD FOR THICKENED SLAB END DETAILS AND QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS

SEE IGMS STANDARD FOR MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SEE RAILING STANDARD FOR RAIL ANCHORAGE IN SLAB

SEE PMDF STANDARD FOR DETAILS AND QUNTITY ADJUSTMENTS IF THIS OPTION IS USED

COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

MATERIAL NOTES

PROVIDE CLASS S CONCRETE (F'C = 4000 PSI)

PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL

PROVIDE BAR LAPS, WHERE REQUIRED, AS FOLLOWS: UNCOATED ~ #4 = 1'-7"

DEFORMED WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

(ASTM A1064) OF EQUAL SIZE AND SPACING MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BARS A, D, OA, P OR T UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. PROVIDE THE SAME LAPS AS REQUIRED FOR REINFORCING BARS

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR BRIDGE SLAB DETAIL BRIDGE #1

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"









DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI FED. RD. DIV. NO. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO SHEET NO. 1 OF 83 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. CHK MW 0921 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

			D	ESIGNE	D GIRD	ERS					STI	RAIGHT STI	RAND F	PATTE	RN				PRESS		CONC	RETE		OPTION	IAL DESIGN		
					PR	ESTRES	SING STF	RANDS											STRAN ATTER				DESIGN	DESIGN	REQUIRED	LIVE	LOAD
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD STRAND PATTERN	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH fpu	"e" ©	"e" END	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM	NO. OF STRANDS	S	NUMB		TRANDS D TO d)		NO.	то	TO ©	RELEASE STRGTH 2	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH fc	LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP Q) (SERVICE I)	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT Q) (SERVICE III)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH I)		EUTION CTOR
						(In)	(ksi)	(in)	(In)		(in)	TOTAL BOI	NDED 3	3 6	9	12	15		(in)	(in)	(ksi)	(ksi)	fct(ksi)	fcb(ksi)	(kip-ft)	Moment	Shear
BRIDGE #1	ALL	ALL	TX54		50	0.6	270	16, 928	7.808									12	50.5	12.5	5, 500	7. 400	4, 704	-4.652	9307.30	0.579	0. 767

NON	NON-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS									
PATTERN	STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT Q OF GIRDER									

- When TO END (in) equals TO Q (in), place these straight strands at the defined TO values. Fill the lower rows with the remainder of the total number of strands in accordance with the Debonded Strand Designs notes.
- 2 Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = 0.24 f'ci √ f'cl

Optional designs must likewise conform.

3 Portion of full T3-S3

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 75% percent. Optional designs must

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked Δ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

DEBONDED STRAND DESIGNS:
Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc. Place strands

- within a row as follows:

 1) Locate a strand in each "A" and outer most positions.
- 2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of girder. 3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width.
- Do not debond strands in position "G". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths working outward, with debonding staggered in

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.



T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

BEAM DESIGN BRIDGE #1

SCALE:





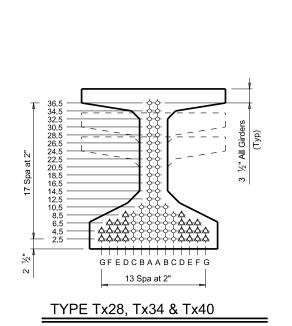


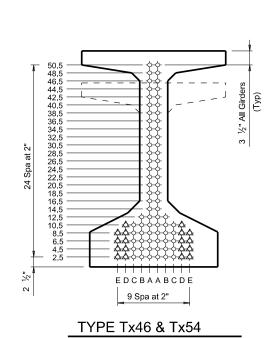


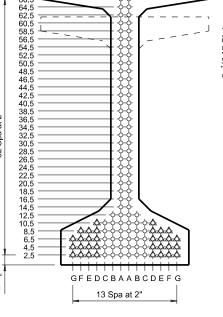


S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

DRAWING	PREPA	RED BY:	S&BI								
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT N	٥.	SHEET NO. 1 OF 1						
6			84								
DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY								
CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR	CAMERON								
DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.						
CHK DWG: MW	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR						







TYPE Tx62 & Tx70

Sl	JMMARY OF	BRIDGE Q	UANTITIES	- BRIDGE	E #2(SOUT	H PORT CO	NNECTOR :)	
BID ITEM	409 - 6001	409 - 6004	420 - 6013	420 - 6025	422 - 6001	425 - 6039	432 - 6016	450 - 6006	454 - 6001
DESCRIPTION	PRESTR CONC PIL (16 IN SQ)	PRESTR CONC PIL (24 IN SQ)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (BENT)	REINF CONC SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54)	RIPRAP (STONE TYR) (DRY) (12IN)	RAIL (TY T223)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ-A)
	LF	LF	CY	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF	LF
2 - ABUTMENTS	40	896	80.6				174		
18 - INTERIOR BENTS		7,812		400.2					
2- 250.000' PRESTR CONC GIRDER UNIT					25,000.00	3, 486. 00		1,072.00	
5- 375,000' PRESTR CONC GIRDER UNIT					93, 750, 00	13,072.50		3,750.00	
TOTAL	40	8,708	80.6	400.2	118,750.00	16,558.50	174	4,822.00	350.00

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

ABUT 1	(FWD)	GIRDER 1 10.874	GIRDER 2 11.057	GIRDER 3 11,241	GIRDER 4 11.424	GIRDER 5 11,241	GIRDER 6 11.057	GIRDER 7 10.874
BENTS 2~19	(BK) (FWD)	GIRDER 1 10.874 10.874	GIRDER 2 11.057 11.057	GIRDER 3 11.241 11.241	GIRDER 4 11,424 11,424	GIRDER 5 11.241 11.241	GIRDER 6 11.057 11.057	GIRDER 7 10.874 10.874
ABUT 20	(BK)	10.874	11,057	11,241	11,424	11,241	11.057	10,874



T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR QUANTITIES BRIDGE #2



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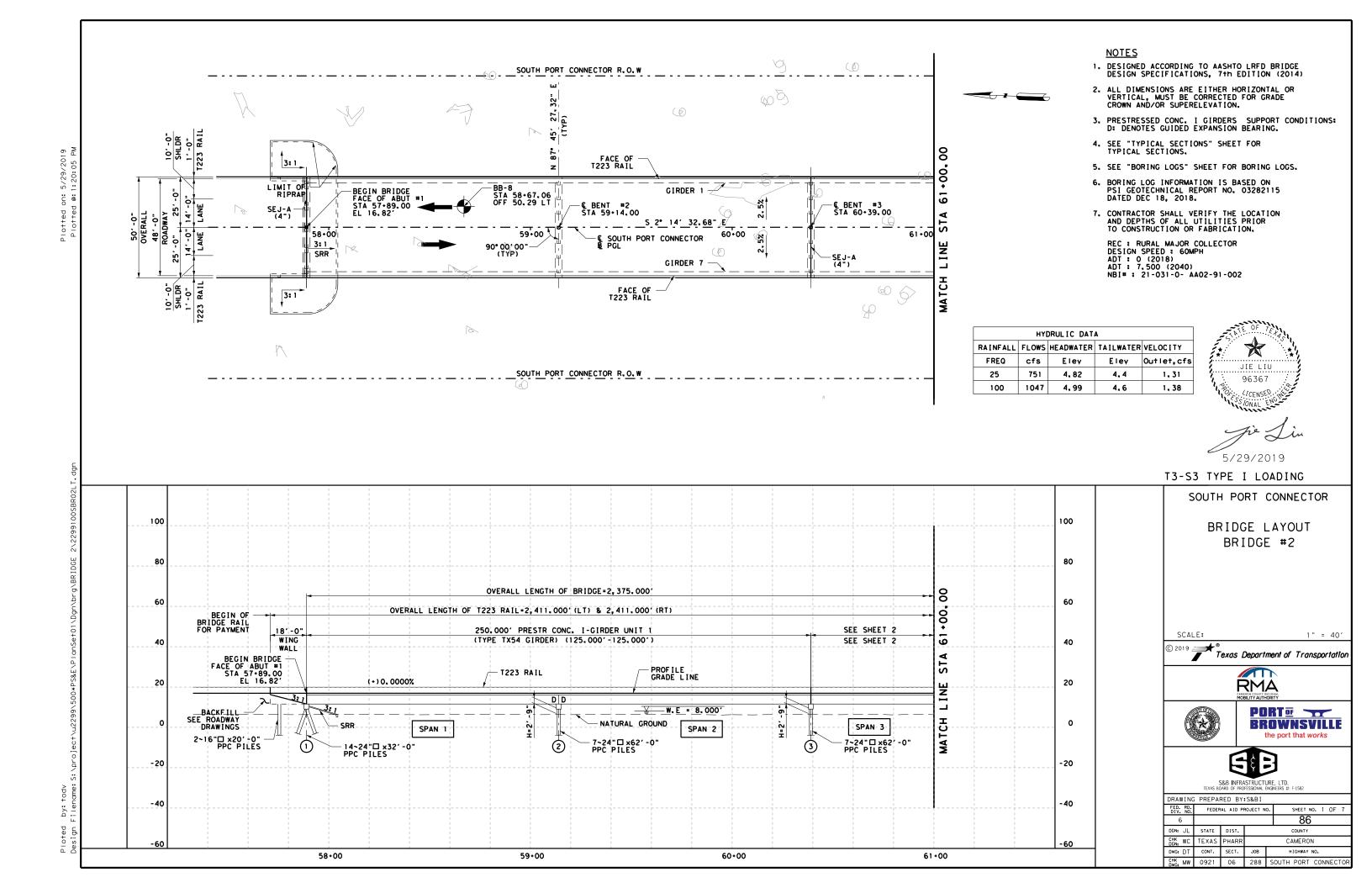


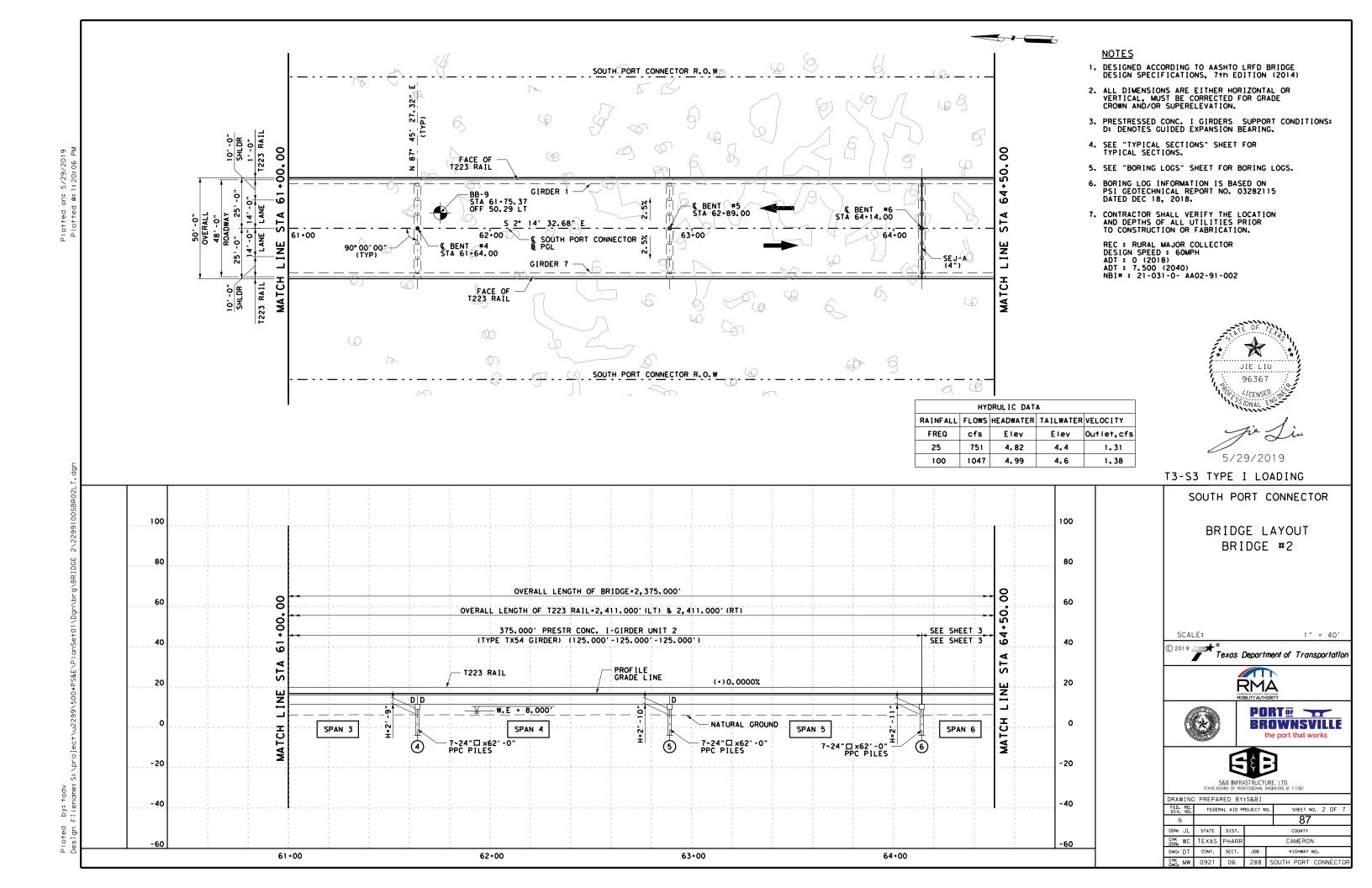


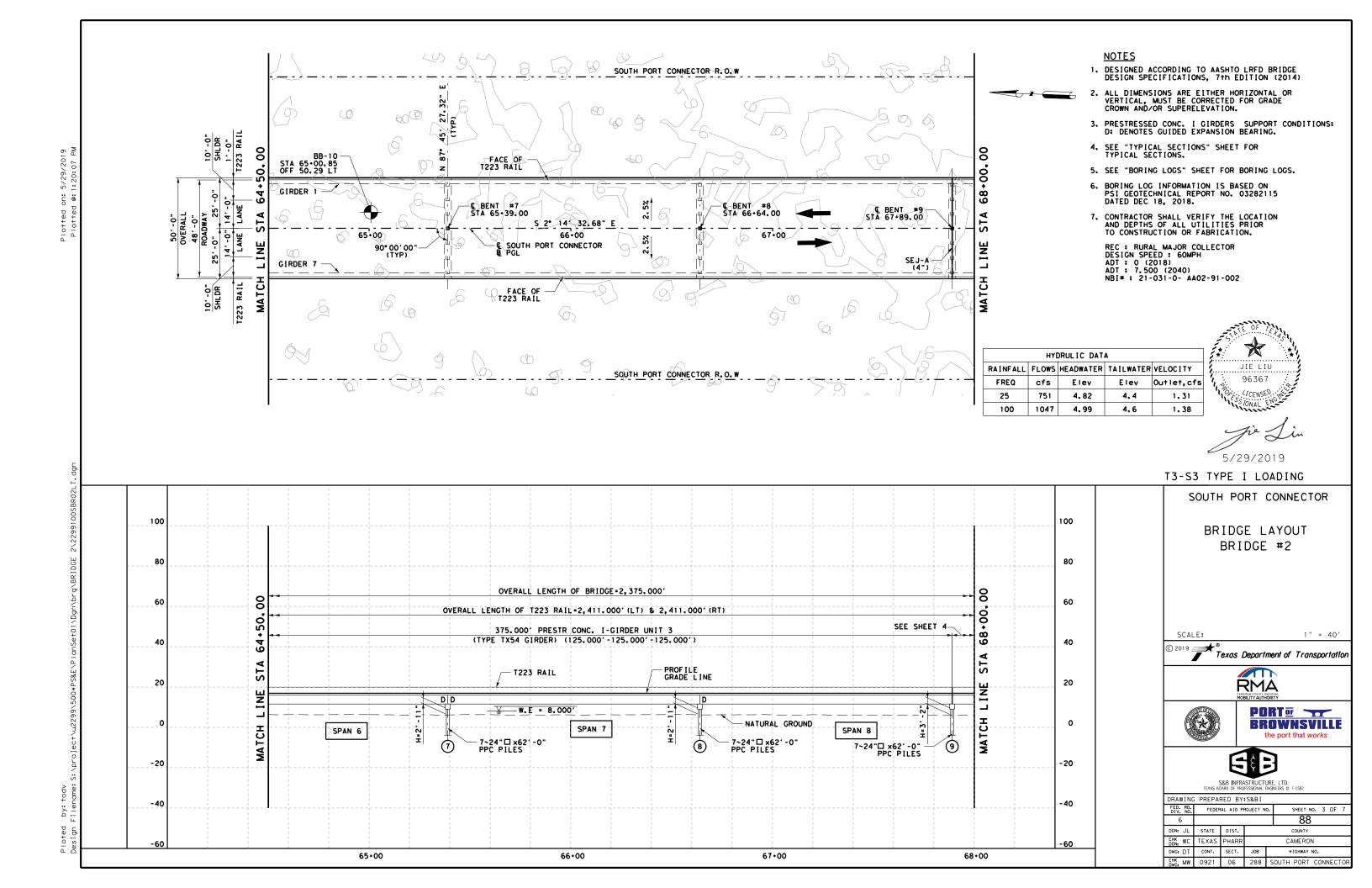




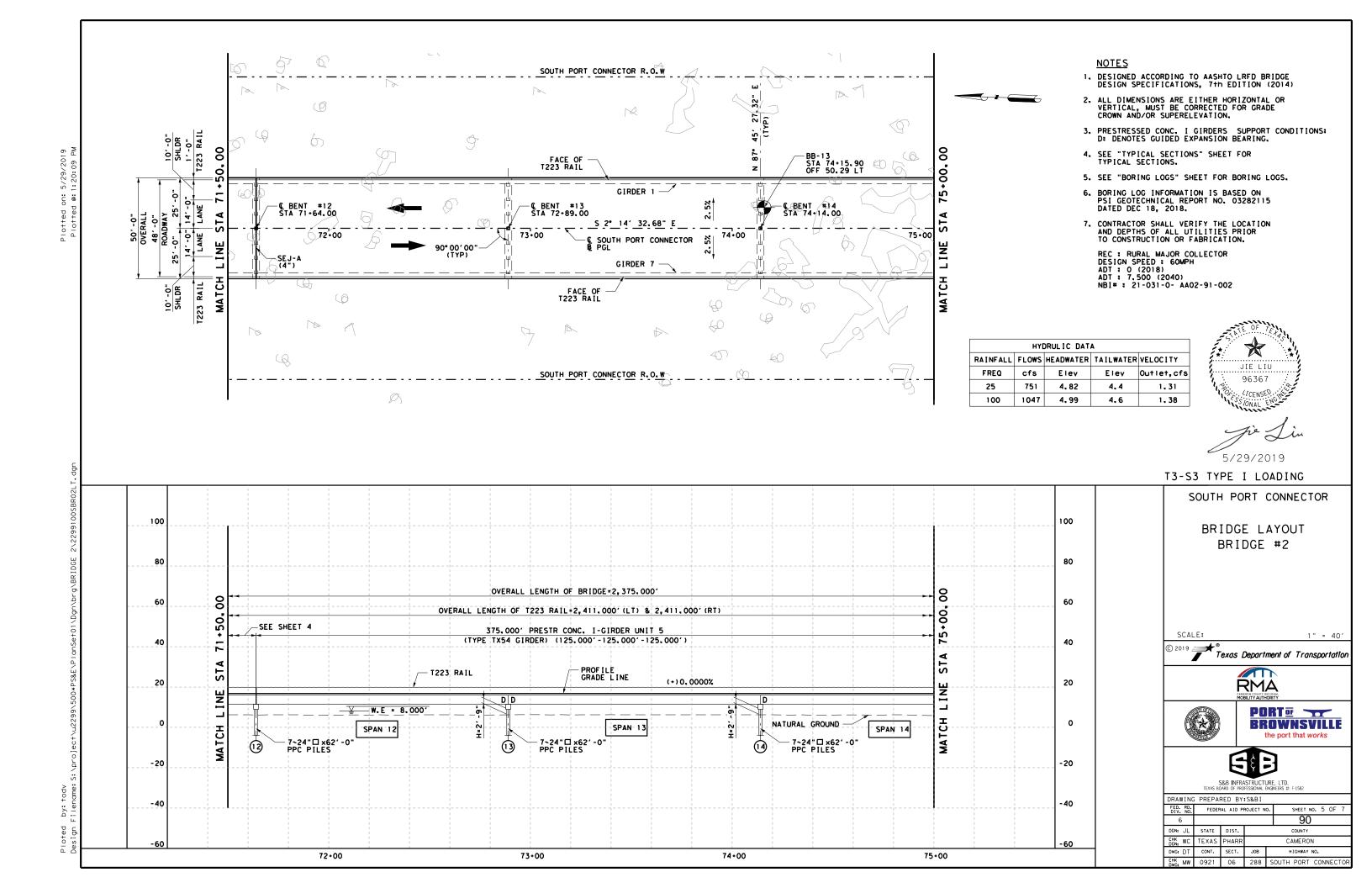
DNA	A TIME	PREFAI	יום טוי	- 200 I		
FED. DIV.	RD.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	٥.	SHEET NO. 1 OF 1
6	5					85
DGN:	JL	STATE	DIST.			COUNTY
CHK DGN:	WC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON
DWG:	DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DWG+	MW	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR

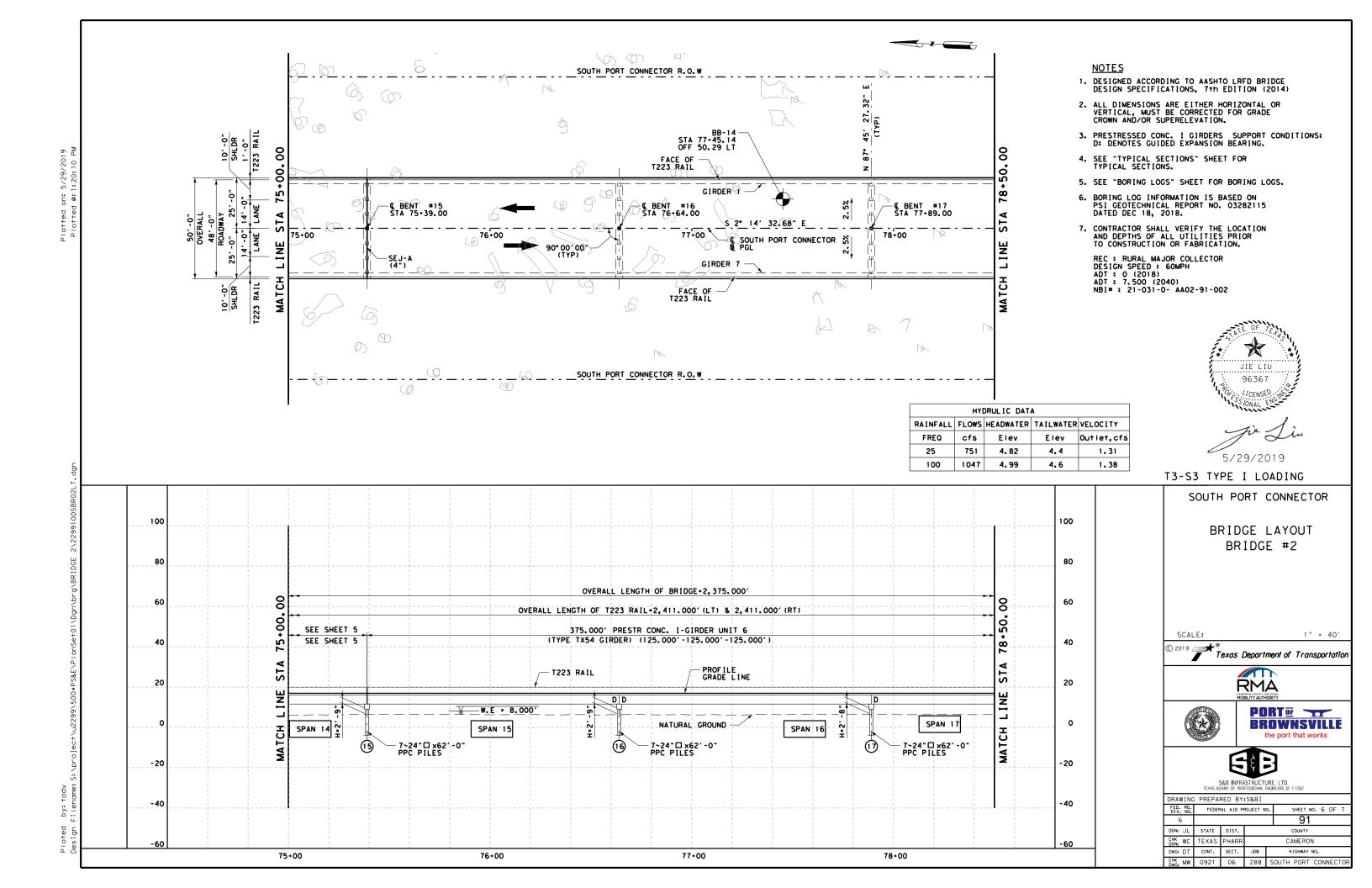


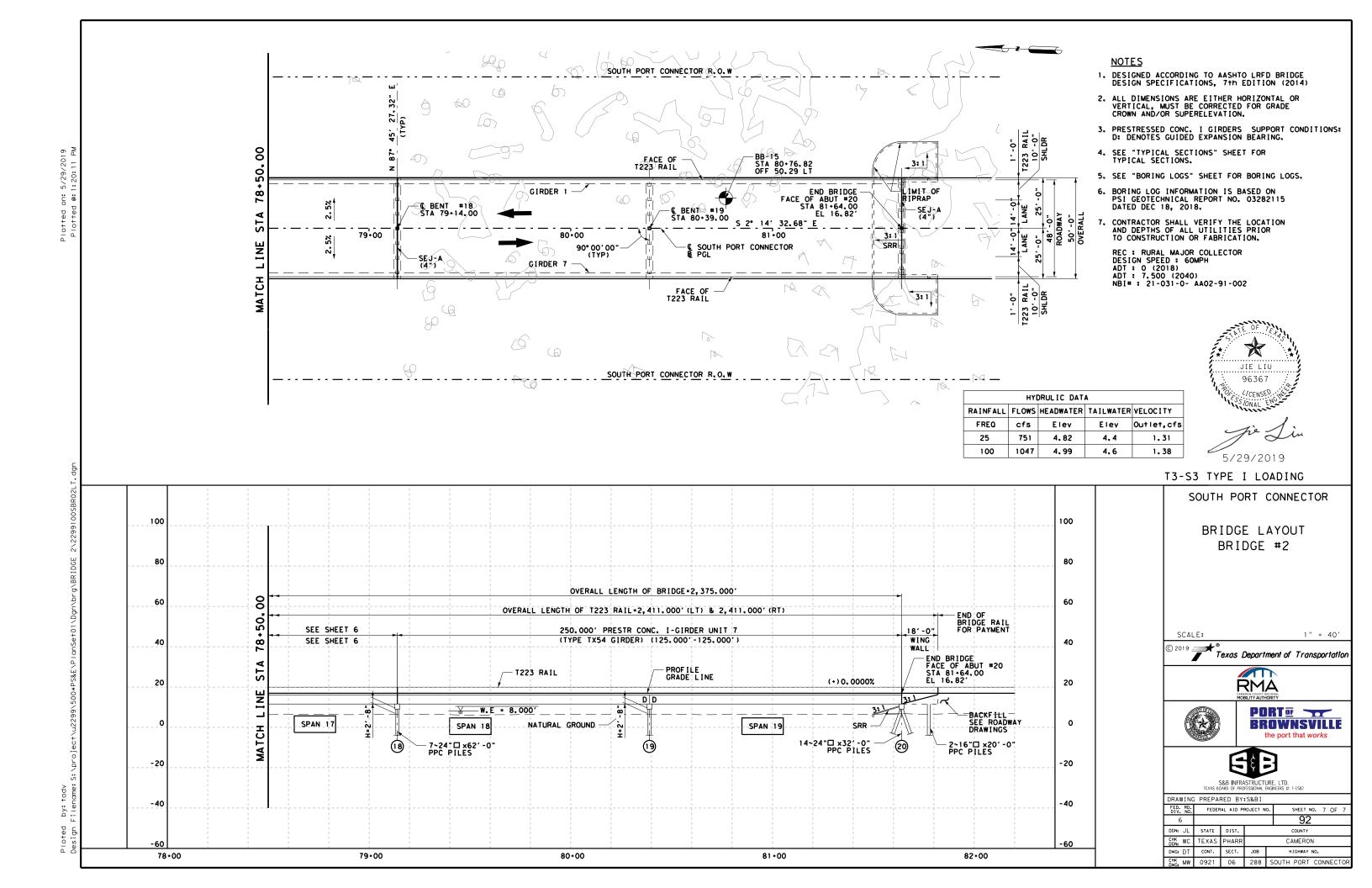


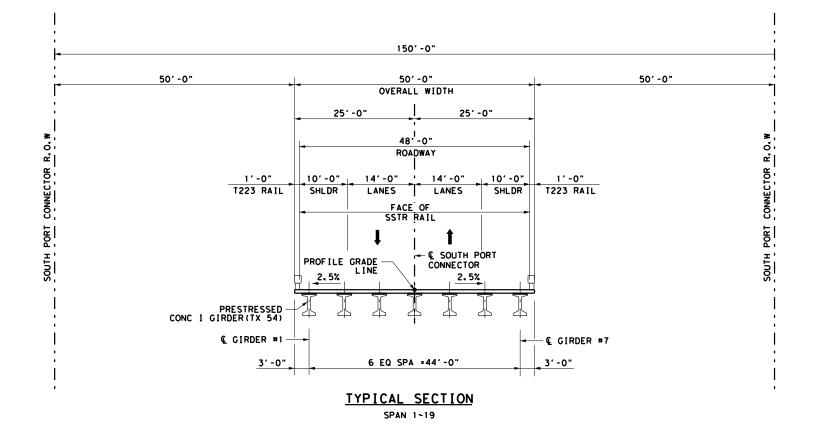


SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR R.O. W 1. DESIGNED ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 7th EDITION (2014) (b) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE EITHER HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL, MUST BE CORRECTED FOR GRADE CROWN AND/OR SUPERELEVATION. 3. PRESTRESSED CONC. I GIRDERS SUPPORT CONDITIONS: D: DENOTES GUIDED EXPANSION BEARING. BB-12 STA 71+09.68 OFF 50.29 LT BB-11 STA 68+10.84 OFF 50.29 LT FACE OF T223 RAIL 4. SEE "TYPICAL SECTIONS" SHEET FOR TYPICAL SECTIONS. ÷50<u>.</u> 5. SEE "BORING LOGS" SHEET FOR BORING LOGS. GIRDER 1 6. BORING LOG INFORMATION IS BASED ON PSI GEOTECHNICAL REPORT NO. 03282115 DATED DEC 18, 2018. © BENT #10 STA 69+14.00 © BENT #11 STA 70+39.00 S 2º 14 32.68" E S CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION AND DEPTHS OF ALL UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OR FABRICATION. 69+00 68+00 71+00 70+00 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR 90°00′00' REC : RURAL MAJOR COLLECTOR DESIGN SPEED : 60MPH ADT : 0 (2018) ADT : 7.500 (2040) NBI* : 21-031-0- AA02-91-002 GIRDER 7 RAIL 10' -0" SHLDR FACE OF T223 RAIL 00 (0) HYDRULIC DATA RAINFALL FLOWS HEADWATER TAILWATER VELOCITY JIE LIU FREQ cfs Elev Elev Outlet, cfs SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR R.O. W 96367 751 4.82 25 4,4 1.31 CENSED WITH 100 1047 4, 99 4.6 1.38 5/29/2019 T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR 100 100 BRIDGE LAYOUT BRIDGE #2 80 80 OVERALL LENGTH OF BRIDGE=2, 375.000 60 8 60 OVERALL LENGTH OF T223 RAIL=2,411,000'(LT) & 2,411,000'(RT) 50 375.000' PRESTR CONC. 1-GIRDER UNIT 4 SCALE: 1" = 40' (TYPE TX54 GIRDER) (125,000'-125,000'-125,000') 40 Texas Department of Transportation ST PROFILE GRADE LINE T223 RAIL 20 RMA 20 INE <u>-W.E = 8.000'</u> (*) PORT T 0 BROWNSVILLE NATURAL GROUND SPAN 9 H. ᆼ SPAN 10 SPAN 11 the port that works 7~24" | x62'-0" PPC PILES 7~24"□ x62'-0" PPC PILES -20 -20 S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582 DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI -40 -40 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO SHEET NO. 4 OF 7 89 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS CAMERON -60 HIGHWAY NO. DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB 68+00 69+00 70+00 71 • 00 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTO











T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

BRIDGE
TYPICAL SECTION
BRIDGE #2

SCALE:

1" = 20"











TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1:

DRAI	MIINC	PREPAI	KEU DI	SWDI		
FED. DIV.	RD.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	٥.	SHEET NO. 1 OF 1
(5					93
DGN:	JL	STATE	DIST.			COUNTY
CHK DGN:	WC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON
DWG:	DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.
CHK UWG:	MW	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR

DRILLING LOG

DRILLING LOG District Pharr
Date 9/12/2018
Grnd. Elev. 6.00 ft

 County
 Cameron
 Hole
 BB-8

 Highway
 South Port Connector
 Structure

 CSJ
 0921-06-288
 Station
 58+75

 Offset
 Offset

Elov	L	Texas Cone	Strata Description	Triaxial Test		Prop			Additional Remarks
Elev. (ft)	G	Penetrometer		Press. Stress (psi) (psi)	MC	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Refildres
	-		CLAY, fat (CH), lt. brown, hard, moist						
	1		200,000		25				-#200=94% / HP=1.0 tsf
	1				25				-#200-94767 HF = 1.0 (S)
85 -	1	11 (6) 18 (6)							
	$\overline{}$								
	$\overline{}$				23	59			-#200=100% / HP=3.75 tsf
					23	39	42_		-#200-100% / HF-3.75 tsi
84. 90 -		15 (6) 20 (6)		_					
	+		CLAY, sandy lean (CL), It. brown, firm, moist						
					24				-#200=54% / HP=1.0 tsf
									11200 01707111 110101
89. 95	1	23 (6) 50 (6)	SAND, clayed sand, It. brown,	_					
	-		dense, wet (SW-SC)						
					24				-#200=11% / SPT=38 b/ft
	-								
100	H	46 (6) 50 (6)							
96.									
70.			CLAY, fat (CH), dark brown, hard, moist		27	73	52		-#200=100% / HP=4.5+ tsf
	1	18 (6) 18 (6)	moist						
105		10 (0) 10 (0)							
	-				30				HP=3.5 tsf
	$\overline{}$	20 (6) 22 (6)							
104. 110		20 (0) 22 (0)	SAND, clayey (SC), dark gray,						
	-		dense, moist						
	-				25		_		-#200=49% / HP=2.5 tsf
115		23 (6) 26 (6)							
113									
	-								
	-								
114, 120		20 (6) 50 (6)			25				SPT=50 b/ft
		D): Hand Danetra	meter, (SPT): Standard Penetration Te	et /UC): Unconfin	d Com	Marriero Company			

District Pharr
Date 9/12/18
Grnd. Elev. 6.00 ft
GW Elev. 3.50 ft

T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR BORING LOGS BRIDGE #2

SCALE:

© 2019 Texas Department of Transportation









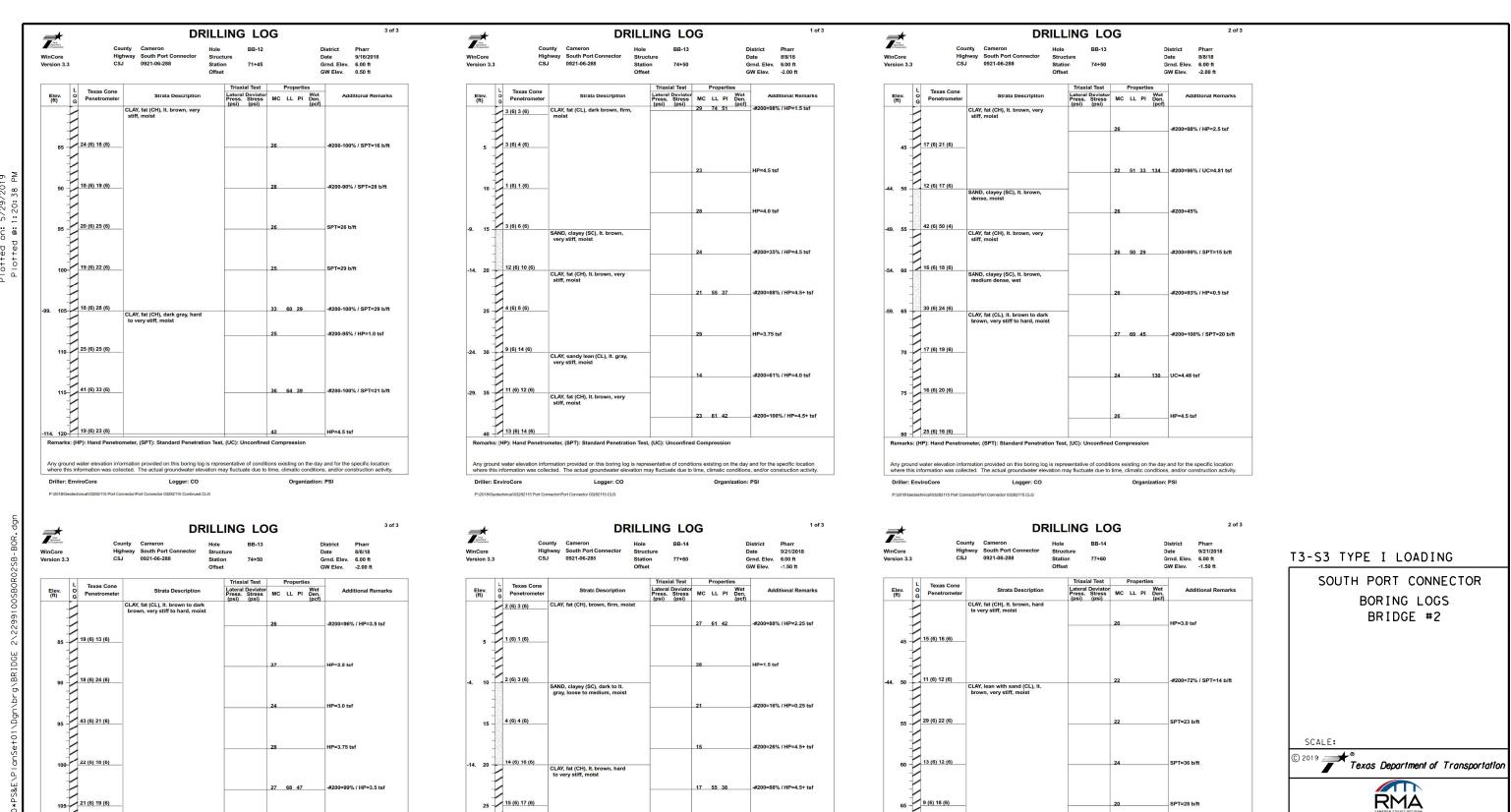
DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT N	IO. SHEET NO. 1 OF 4						
6				94						
DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY							
CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR		CAMERON						
DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.							
CHK DWG: MW	0921	06	288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR							

DRILLING LOG

WinCore

CHK WC TEXAS PHARR DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB



25 15 (6) 17 (6) 30 11 (6) 14 (6) 35 11 (6) 13 (6)

HP=4.25 tsf

9 (6) 18 (6)

75 21 (6) 22 (6)

105 21 (6) 19 (6)

110 12 (3) 50 (3) 115 28 (6) 20 (6)

*

SHEET NO. 3 OF 4 CHK WC TEXAS PHARR DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB

PORT T

BROWNSVILLE

DRILLING LOG District Pharr
Date 9/21/2018
Grnd. Elev. 6.00 ft
GW Elev. -1.50 ft WinCore Version 3.3

BEIEV. C G Texas Cone Penetrometer

85 13 (6) 8 (6)

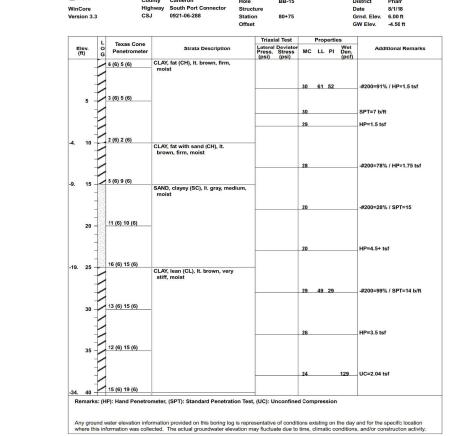
85 24 (6) 20 (6)

99 105 29 (6) 20 (6) CLAY, lean with sand (CL), It. brown, stiff, moist 110 36 (6) 50 (3) -109. 115 21 (6) 22 (6) -114. 120 39 (6) 33 (6)

DRILLING LOG District Pharr
Date 8/1/18
Grnd. Elev. 6.00 ft
GW Elev. -4.50 ft

			Of	fset				G	W Elev4.50 ft
	L	Texas Cone		Triaxial Test		Prop	perti		
Elev. (ft)	O	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Press. Stress (psi) (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
	7		CLAY, fat (CH), it. brown, very stiff, moist	(Pari)				(10-17	
	1		,		24	76			-#200=100% / HP=4.0 tsf
					24	/6	31		-#200-100% / HF-4.0 tSI
45	1	13 (6) 16 (6)							
	1								
					21				HP=4.25 tsf
	1	11 (6) 19 (6)							
44. 50		(-)	SAND, clayey (SC), lt. brown, medium dense, moist						
	-88		medium dense, moist						#000-000/ / ODT-00 L/M
					26				-#200=29% / SPT=29 b/ft
49. 55	100	5 (6) 10 (6)	CLAY, fat (CH), lt. brown, stiff,	_					
			moist						
					27	63	41		-#200=100% / SPT=12 b/ft
	1	20 (6) 21 (6)							
54. 60	1	(-) (-)	CLAY, fat with sand (CH), It. brown, very stiff, moist						
	1		brown, very sun, moist						
					26				-#200=82% / HP=0.5 tsf
65	1	12 (6) 19 (6)							
	1								
					28				SPT=8 b/ft
sour tense	1	16 (6) 18 (6)							
64. 70	1	(0) (0)	CLAY, fat (CH), it. brown, very stiff, moist						
	1		Sun, more		23				#000-000/ / ODT-47 b //
					23	50	30		_#200=99% / SPT=17 b/ft
75	1	20 (6) 22 (6)							
	1								
	\Box				22				HP=3.5 tsf
124	1	14 (6) 17 (6)							
80 Remark			meter, (SPT): Standard Penetration T	est (UC): Unconfine	d Con	nres	sion	7	l
. comain	(r II	,and renetro	(or 1). otalical a l'eneration i	oon (oo). oncomme	0011	-pros			
			rmation provided on this boring log is re						
where the									

DRILLING LOG District Pharr
Date 8/1/18
Grnd. Elev. 6.00 ft
GW Elev. -4.50 ft



DRILLING LOG District Pharr Date 8/1/18 Grnd. Elev. 6.00 ft

	L Texas Cone		Triaxial Test	Properties	
Elev. (ft)	O Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Deviator Press. Stress (psi) (psi)	MC LL PI Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
		CLAY, fat (CH), lt. brown, very stiff, moist	37.60 25.00		HP=0.75 tsf
85 -	13 (6) 14 (6)	-		28	_ HP=2.25 tef
44. 90 - - -	18 (6) 22 (6)	SAND, clayey (SC), it. brown, medium to dense, moist		24	-#200=23% / SPT=38 b/ft
9. 95 -	50 (5) 50 (6)	CLAY, fat (CH), dark brown, very stiff, moist		24 50 27	#200=99% / SPT=26 b/ft
100-	21 (6) 22 (6)			29	_ SPT=24 b/ft
110-	50 (3) 50 (4)			28	_ HP=4.5+ tsf
115-	24 (6) 22 (6)			28	_ HP=4.25 tsf
114. 120-	39 (6) 39 (6)			31	_ HP=2.75 tsf
		emeter, (SPT): Standard Penetration To	est, (UC): Unconfine	d Compression	1
Any grou	und water elevation info	ormation provided on this boring log is re-	presentative of condit	ions existing on the day	and for the specific location

T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR BORING LOGS BRIDGE #2

SCALE:

© 2019 Texas Department of Transportation

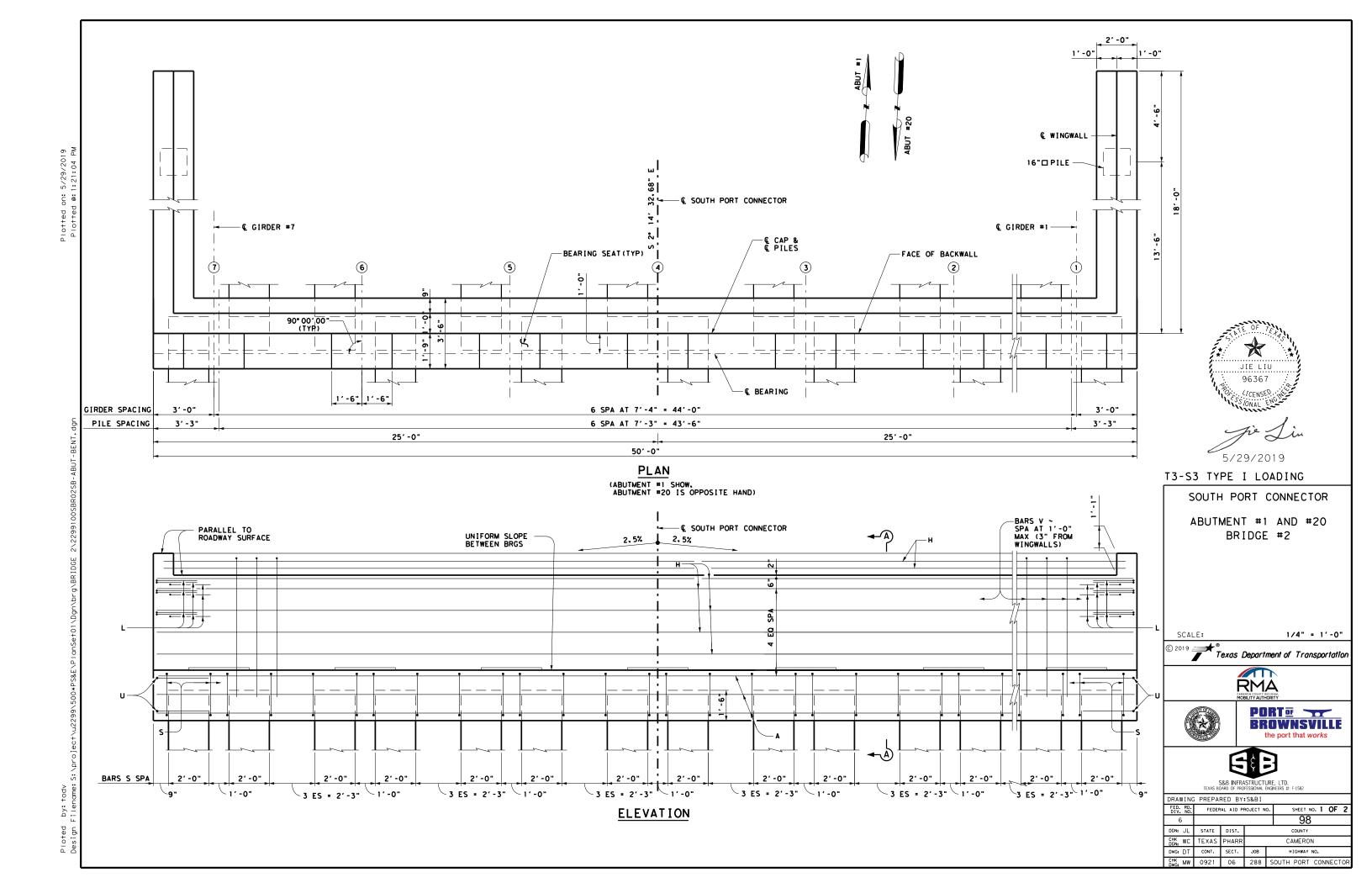


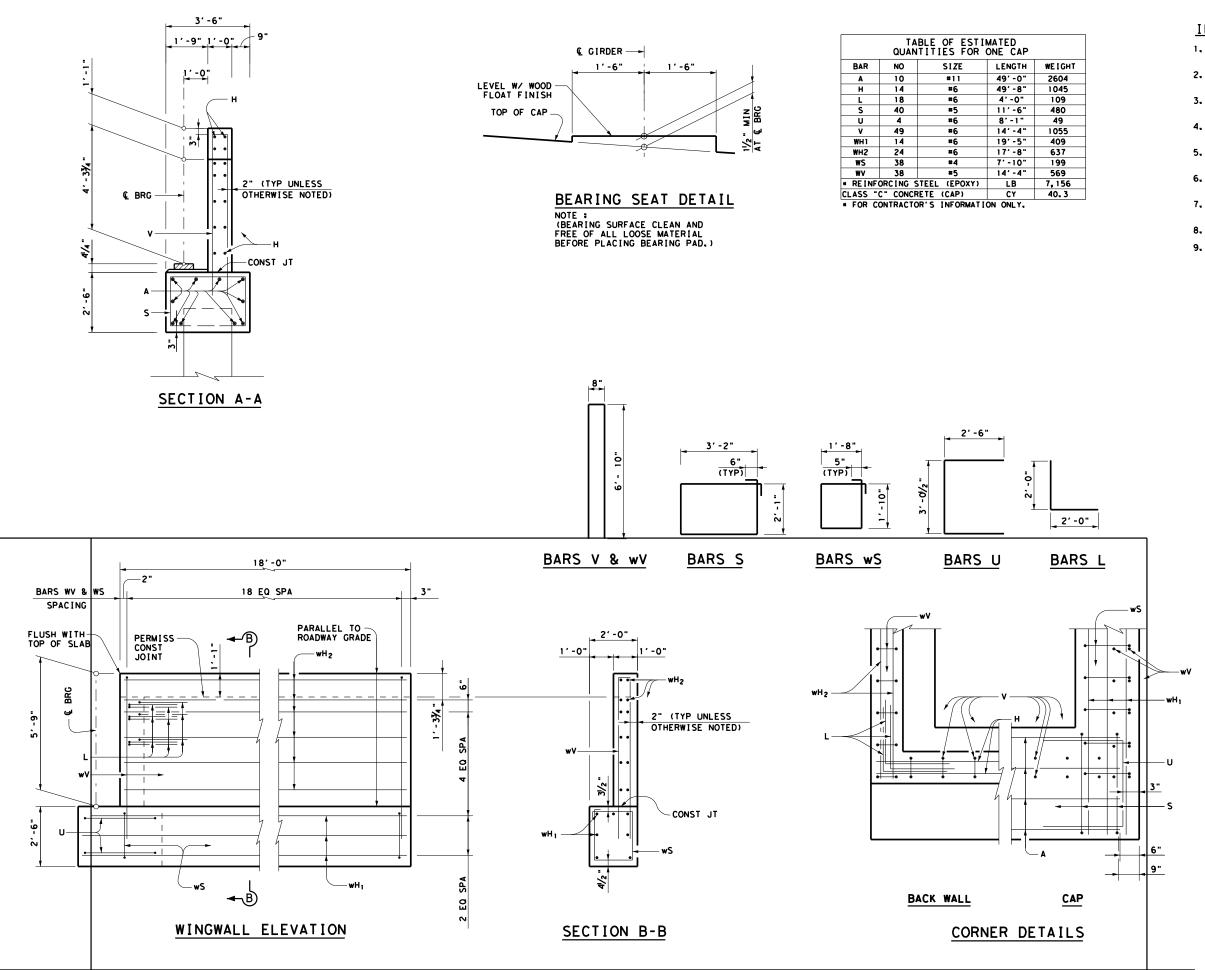






	DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI											
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	RAL AID P	ROJECT NO. SHEET NO. 4 OF 4								
ı	6				97							
ı	DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY								
	CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR		CAMERON							
	DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.							
	CHK MW	0921	06	288	SOUTH PORT CON	NECTOR						





INTERIOR BENT NOTES:

- 1. DESIGNED ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE SPECIFICATIONS, 7TH EDITION (2014).
- 2. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS C CONCRETE (f'c= 3600 PSI)
- 3. ALL EXPOSED CORNERS SHALL BE CHAMFERED $\frac{y_4}{4}$, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE A.S.T.M A615 GRADE 60 STEEL (EPOXY).
- 5. DIMENSIONS RELATING TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTER OF BARS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. SEE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. MAXIMUM CACULATED FOUNDATION LOADS: 45 TONS PER PILE. 10 TONS PER WINGWALL PILE.
- 8. THE PRECAST BENT CAP OPTION IS PERMITTED.
- 9. PPC PILE SHOULD USE SULFACE RESISTANT CONCRETE.



T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR ABUTMENT #1 AND #20 BRIDGE #2

SCALE:

1/4" = 1'-0"



Texas Department of Transportation

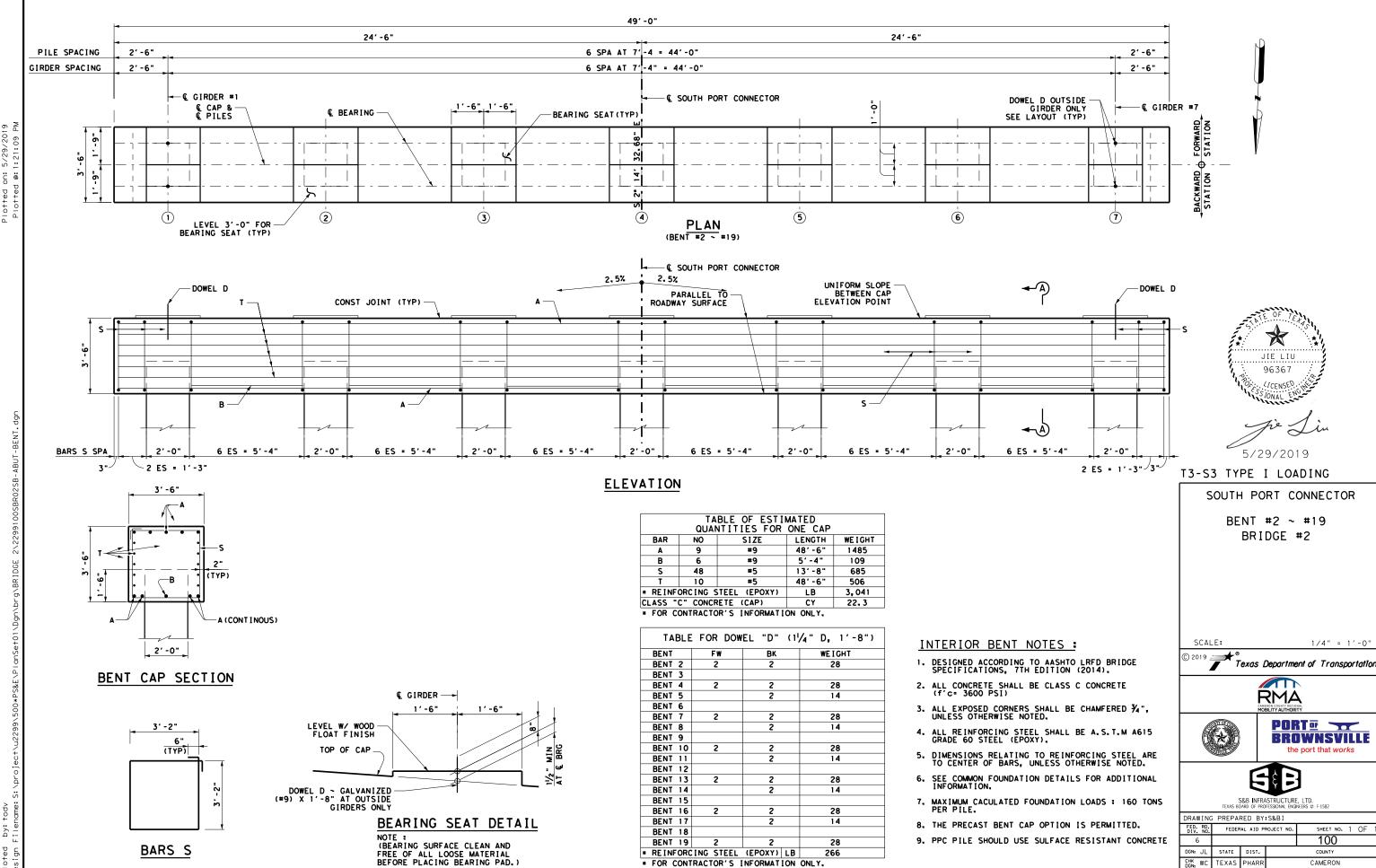






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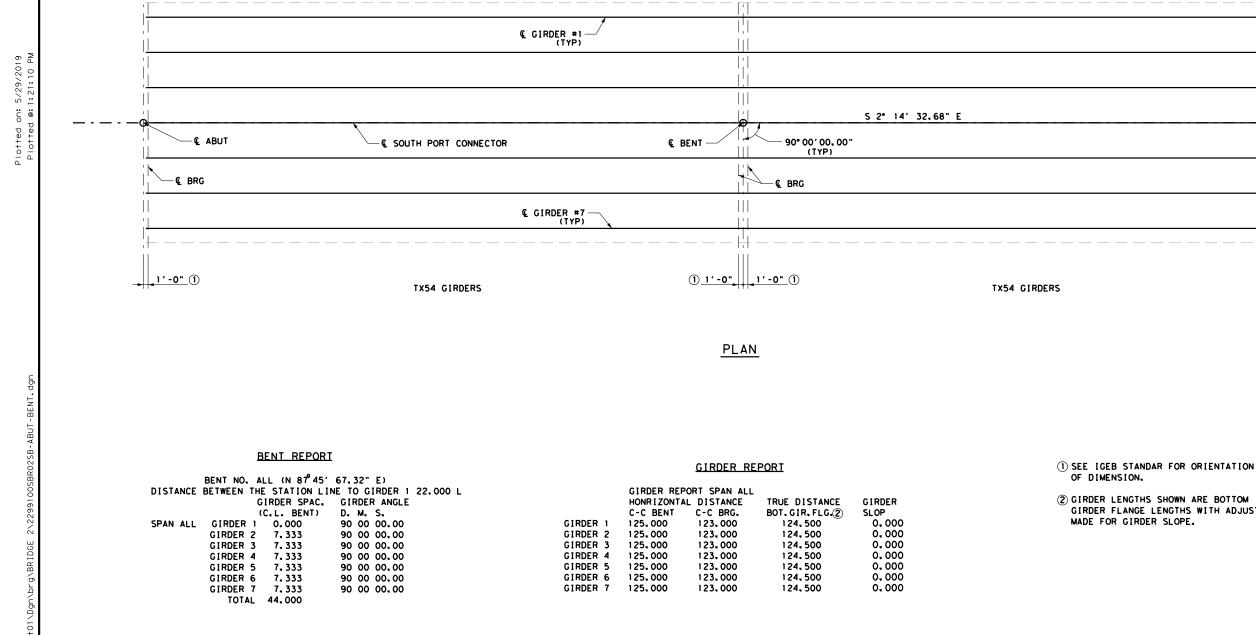
DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO SHEET NO. 2 OF 99 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON HIGHWAY NO. DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR



DWG: DT CONT.

SECT. JOB

HIGHWAY NO. 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR



111

€ BENT

€ BRG

1 1'-0"

2 GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

5/29/2019

JIE LIU 96367

FRAMING PLAN (2 SPANS UNIT) BRIDGE #2

SCALE:

1" = 20'





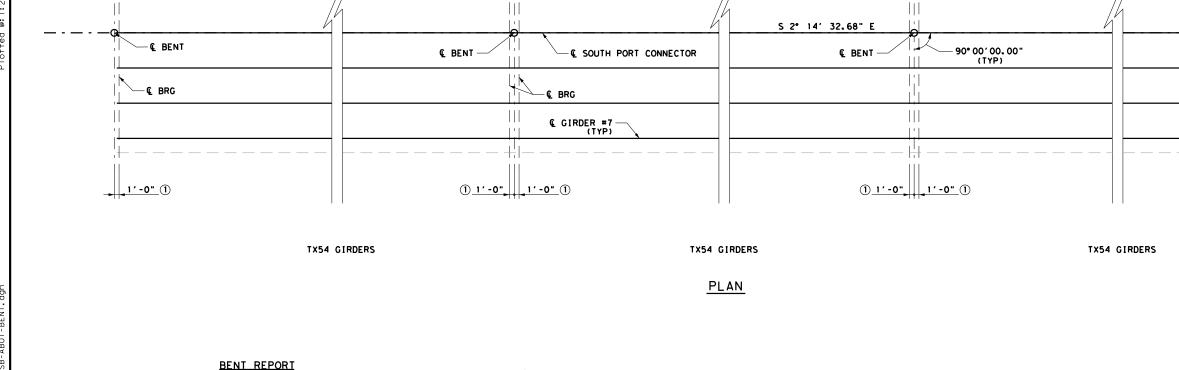




S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582 DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI

FED. RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. 1 OF 2 101 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON HIGHWAY NO. DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB CHK MW 0921 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR





GIRDER REPORT

TRUE DISTANCE

BOT. GIR. FLG.(2)

124.500

124.500

124,500

124.500

124,500

124.500

124,500

SLOP

0.000

0.000

0.000

0.000

0.000

0.000

0.000

GIRDER REPORT SPAN ALL

HONRIZONTAL DISTANCE

C-C BRG.

123,000

123,000

123,000

123.000

123.000

123.000

123.000

C-C BENT

125.000

125,000

125,000

125,000

125.000

125.000

125,000

GIRDER 2

GIRDER 3

GIRDER 4

GIRDER 5

GIRDER 6

GIRDER 7

€ GIRDER #1 (TYP)

1 SEE IGEB STANDAR FOR ORIENTATION OF DIMENSION.

② GIRDER LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM GIRDER FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR GIRDER SLOPE.

T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

5/29/2019

JIE LIU 96367

FRAMING PLAN (3 SPANS UNIT) BRIDGE #2

SCALE:

€ BENT

€ BRG

1 1'-0"

1" = 20'

Texas Department of Transportation





DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI





S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

FED. RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. 2 OF 2 102 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON HIGHWAY NO. DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB CHK MW 0921 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

BENT NO. ALL (N 87 45' 67.32" E)

(C.L. BENT)

7.333

SPAN ALL GIRDER 1 0.000

GIRDER 2

GIRDER 3 7.333 GIRDER 4 7.333

GIRDER 5 7.333

GIRDER 6 7.333 GIRDER 7 7.333

TOTAL 44,000

DISTANCE BETWEEN THE STATION LINE TO GIRDER 1 22.000 L

GIRDER SPAC. GIRDER ANGLE

D. M. S. 90 00 00.00

90 00 00.00

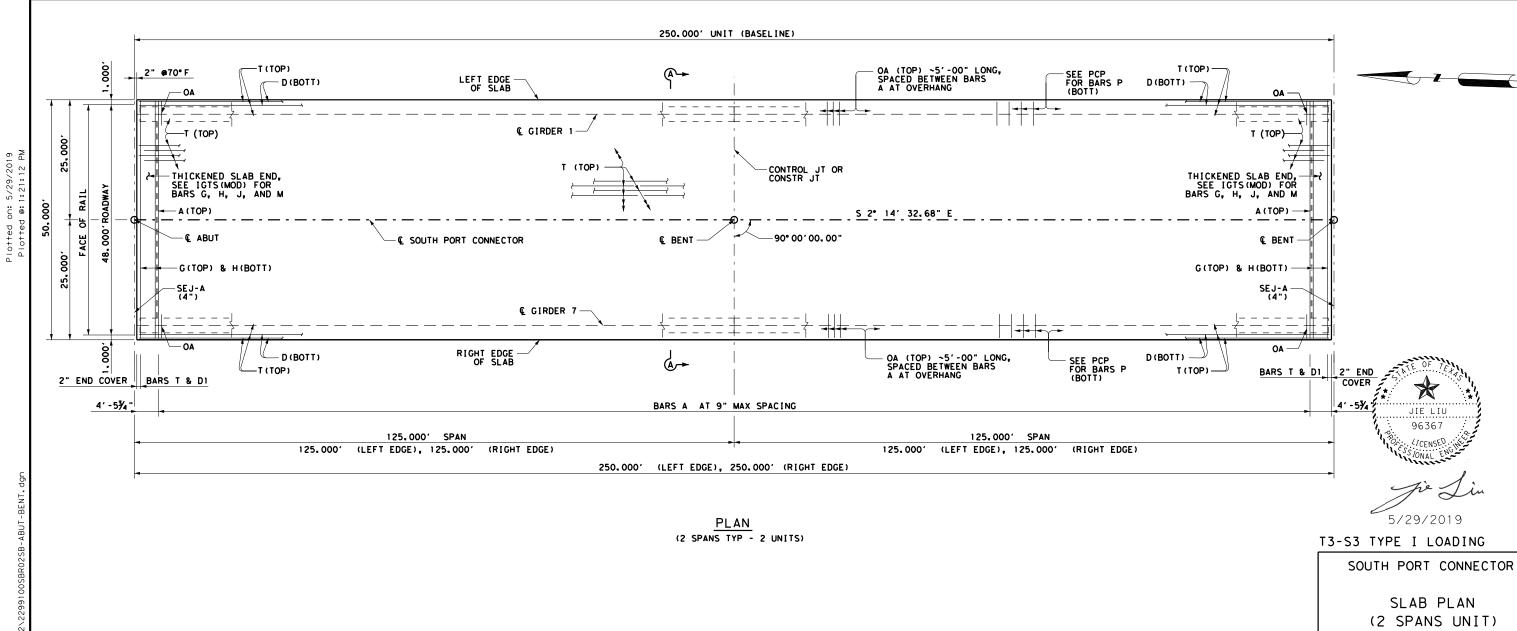
90 00 00.00

90 00 00.00

90 00 00.00

90 00 00.00

90 00 00.00



TAE	BLE OF ESTIMA	TED QUANTITIES	UNIT (2 SPAN)	
SPAN	REINF. CONCRETE SLAB			
NO.	SF	LF	LB	
1	6, 250. 0	871.5	14, 375.0	
2	6, 250. 0	871.5	14, 375. 0	
TOTAL	12,500.0	1,743.0	28, 750.0	

* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

1) BEAM LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM FLANGE LENGTH WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR BEAM SLOPES.

© REINF STEEL QUANTITY IS CALCULATED BY USING APPROX 2.3 LB/SF OF BRIDGE DECK.

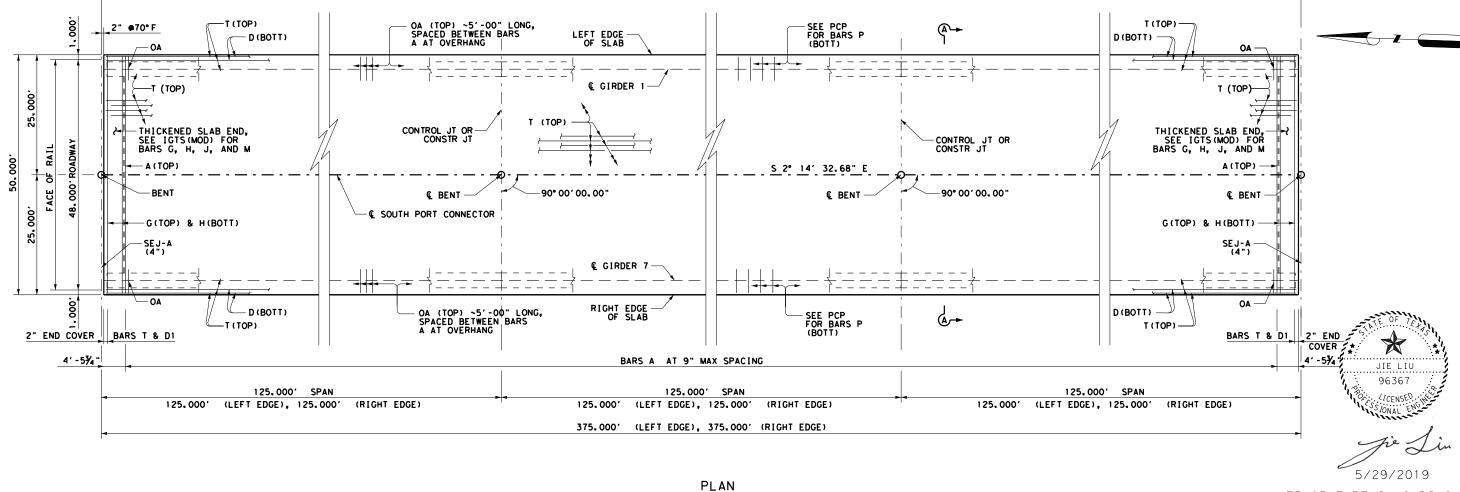
SCALE:	1" = 20'
© 2019 ** Texas	Department of Transportation
	RMA CAMERO COUNT PECIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY
*	PORT BROWNSVILLE the port that works

S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582 DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI

BRIDGE #2

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. 103 DGN: JL STATE DIST. COUNTY CHK WC TEXAS PHARR CAMERON DWG: DT CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTO





(3 SPANS TYP - 5 UNITS)

375.000' UNIT (BASELINE)

TAB	LE OF ESTIMA	TED QUANTITIES	UNIT (3 SPAN)			
SPAN	REINF. CONCRETE SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX54) 1	REINF. STEEL # 2			
NO.	SF	LF	LB			
3	6,250.0	871.5	14, 375.0			
4	6,250.0	871.5	14, 375.0			
5	6,250.0	871.5	14,375.0			
TOTAL	18,750.0	2,614.5	43, 125. 0			

* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

(1) BEAM LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM FLANGE LENGTH WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR BEAM SLOPES.

© REINF STEEL QUANTITY IS CALCULATED BY USING APPROX 2.3 LB/SF OF BRIDGE DECK.

T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

SLAB PLAN (3 SPANS UNIT) BRIDGE #2

SCALE:

1" = 20'

Texas Department of Transportation









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TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B I

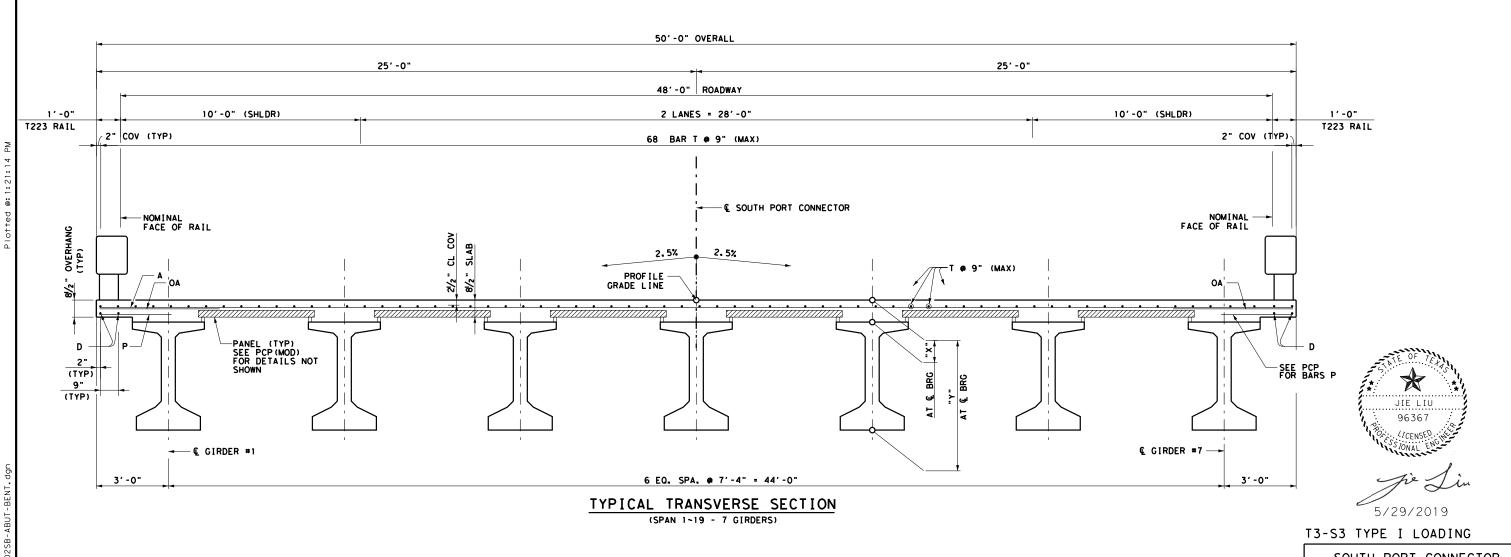


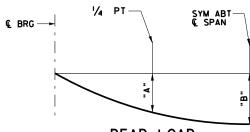
TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS SPAN GIRDER "X" AT "Y" AT NO. NO. CL BRG CL BRG ① 1~19 ALL 10¾" 5'-4¾"

"Y" VALUE SHOWN IS BASED ON THEORETICAL GIRDER CAMBER, DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION FROM AN 8½" CONCRETE SLAB, A CONSTANT ROADWAY GRADE, AND USING PRECAST PANELS (PCP). THE CONTRACTOR WILL ADJUST THIS VALUE AS NECESSARY FOR ANY ROADWAY VERTICAL CURVE AND/OR IF PRECAST OVERHANG PANEL (PCP(O)) OPTION IS USE.

BAR	TABLE
BAR	SIZE
A	#4
D	#4
G	#4
Н	#4
J	#4
М	#4
OA	#5
Р	#4
т	#4

		(f+)	(f+)
1~19	ALL	0.157	0.223
17			

SPAN BEAM "A"



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

NOTE: DEFLECTIONS SHOWN ARE DUE TO PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS AND CAST - IN PLACE SLAB ONLY. (EC-5000 ksi) ADJUSTED DEFLECTIONS BASED ON FIELD OBSERVATIONS AS NEED.

GENERAL NOTES

DESIGN ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 7+h EDITION (2014)

MULTI-SPAN UNITS, WITH SLAB CONTINOUS OVER INTERIOR BENTS, MAY BE FORMED WITH THE DETAIL SHOW OON THIS SHEET AND STANDARD IGCS

SEE PCP AND PCP-FAB FOR PANEL DETAILS NOT SHOWN

SEE IGTS STANDARD FOR THICKENED SLAB END DETAILS AND QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS

SEE IGMS STANDARD FOR MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SEE RAILING STANDARD FOR RAIL ANCHORAGE IN SLAB

SEE PMDF STANDARD FOR DETAILS AND QUNTITY ADJUSTMENTS IF THIS OPTION IS USED

COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

MATERIAL NOTES

PROVIDE CLASS S CONCRETE (F'C = 4000 PSI)
PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL

PROVIDE BAR LAPS, WHERE REQUIRED, AS FOLLOWS: UNCOATED ~ #4 = 1'-7"

DEFORMED WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

(ASTM A1064) OF EQUAL SIZE AND SPACING MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BARS A, D, OA, P OR T UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, PROVIDE THE SAME LAPS AS REQUIRED FOR REINFORCING BARS

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

BRIDGE SLAB DETAIL

BRIDGE #2

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

Texas Department of Transportation





DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI





DESIGNED GIRDERS									DEPRESSED CONCRETE				RETE	OPTIONAL DESIGN													
			OIDDED		PR	ESTRES:	SING STE	RANDS											ATTER				DESIGN LOAD	DESIGN LOAD	REQUIRED	LIVE	LOAD
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON-	TOTAL	SIZE	STRGTH	"e"	"e"	тот	DIST			RANDS PER I	R OF ST	RANDS		F /			RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY	COMP	TENSILE	MINIMUM ULTIMATE	DISTRII FAC	CTOR
				STD STRAND	NO.	SIZE	Jonnoini	©	END	NO. DEB	FROM		. OF ANDS	DE (ft	ONDED	TO		NO.	TO END	TO ©	2	COMP STRGTH	STRESS (TOP Q)	STRESS (BOTT Q)	MOMENT CAPACITY		3
				PATTERN		(In)	fpu (ksi)	(i n)	(In)	DEB	BOTTOM (in)	TOTAL	DE- BONDED		9		15	140.	(in)	(in)	fci (ksi)	fc (ksi)	(SERVICE I) fct(ksi)	(SERVICE III) fcb(ksi)	(STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	
						(11)	(KSI)	(111)	(111)		(11)		BONDED			-			(117)	(111)	(KSI)	(KSI)	ici(kai)	icb(ksi)	(KIP-IL)	Woment	Silear
BRIDGE #2	ALL	ALL	TX54		50	0.6	270	16.928	7 000									1,2	E0 E	12.5	5.500	7, 400	4, 704	-4,652	9307.30	0 570	0.767
BRIDGE #2	ALL	ALL	1724		30	0.6	210	10. 920	1.006									'	30. 3	12, 3	3.300	'. 400	4.704	-4.652	9307.30	0.579	0.767

NON-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT Q OF GIRDER PATTERN

- When TO END (in) equals TO Q (in), place these straight strands at the defined TO values. Fill the lower rows with the remainder of the total number of strands in accordance with the Debonded Strand Designs notes.
- 2 Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = 0.24 f'ci √ f'cl

Optional designs must likewise conform.

3 Portion of full T3-S3.

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 75% percent. Optional designs must

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked Δ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

DEBONDED STRAND DESIGNS:
Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc. Place strands

- within a row as follows:

 1) Locate a strand in each "A" and outer most positions.
- 2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of girder. 3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width.
- Do not debond strands in position "G". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths working outward, with debonding staggered in

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.



T3-S3 TYPE I LOADING

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

BEAM DESIGN BRIDGE #2

SCALE:







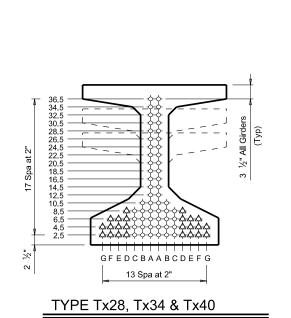
DRAWING PREPARED BY:S&BI

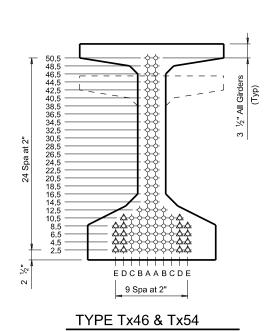




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TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

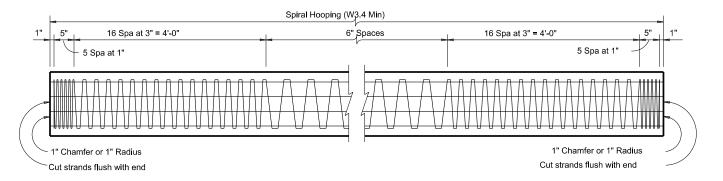
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID P	ROJECT NO. SHEET NO. 1 OF					
6				106				
DGN: JL	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY					
CHK WC	TEXAS	PHARR		CAMERON				
DWG: DT	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
CHK MW	0921	06	288	SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR				



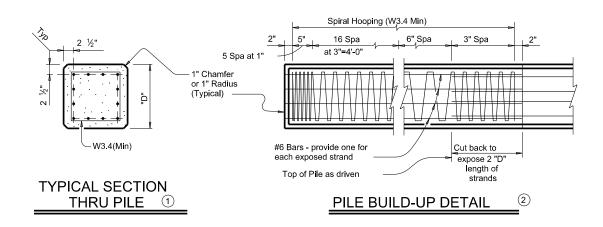


GFEDCBAABCDEFG 13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx62 & Tx70



PILE DETAILS



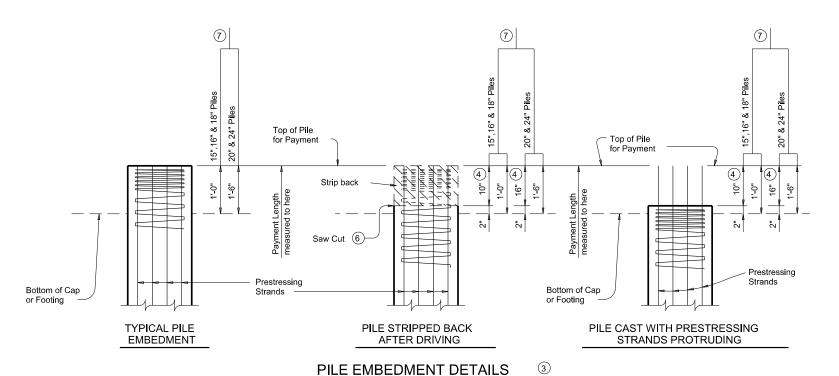


TABLE OF PROPERTIES FOR PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PILES

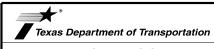
	Area				Prestressing	5						
Pile Size "D"	of Pile Section	I	Weight	No.	Initial Prestress Force	Concrete Final Prestress (15% Loss)						
	Sq In	In ⁴	Lb/Ft		Kips	psi						
16" 254	5,340	265 8 2:	31 774									
18" 322	2 8,600	336 10 2	89 763									
20" 398	3 13,150	415 14 4	105 864									
24" 574	27,380	598 18	520 770									

- ① Locate strands symmetrically about the axis of the pile, with no more than one strand difference between any two adjacent sides
- 2 Provide Class S Concrete for pile build-ups.
- Payment for piles will be in accordance with the details shown. Strip back piling and extend prestressing strands into substructure when piling conflicts with substructure reinforcing or when the side cover from pile edge to substructure edge is less than 4" after driving.
- Provide more strip back if indicated. When stripped back piles are required, strip back piling after driving or cast short with strands protruding from top of piling as shown
- (5) Provide ½" 270 ksi low relaxation strands tensioned to 28.9 kips each. If an optional design is used, provide a minimum Concrete Final Prestress of 750 psi. Submit optional designs for approval.
- 6 Saw cut ½" deep around perimeter of pile at the breakback line.
- 7 Unless shown otherwise.

FABRICATION NOTES:

©TxDOT

Provide Class H Concrete. Provide sulfate resistant concrete when required.
Minimum release strength, fci = 4000 psi.
Minimum 28-day strength, fc = 5000 psi.
All dimensions relating to prestressing steel are to centers of strands or bars.
See Layout for size, number, and length of piling. Shop drawing submittal and approval is not required if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

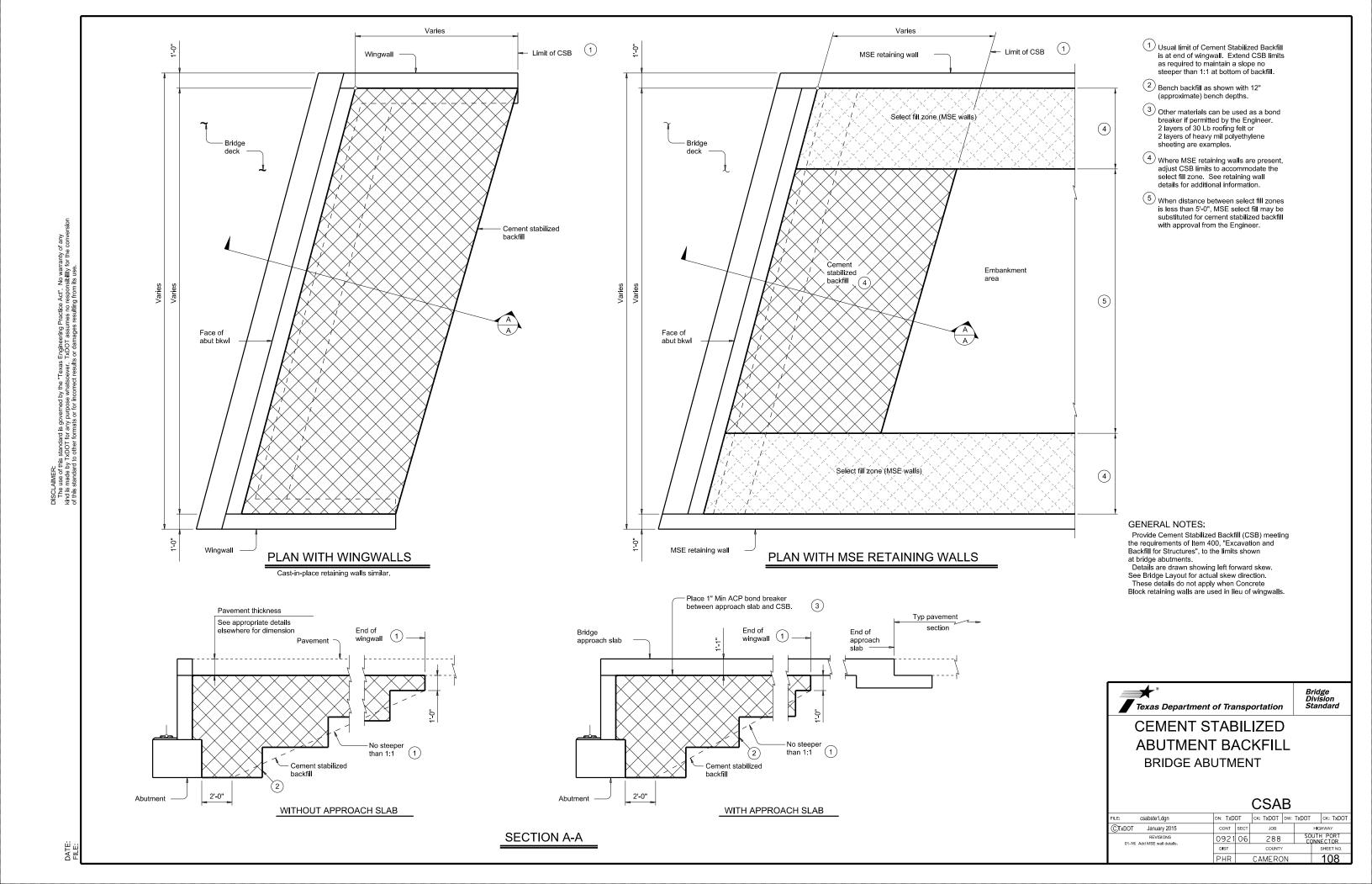


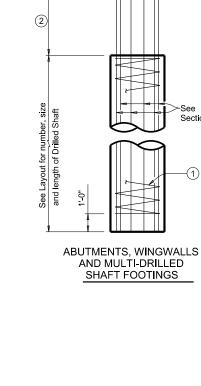
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PILING

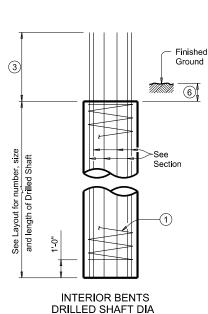
	CP									
cpstde01.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ				
January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS	0921	06				H PORT NECTOR				
	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.					
	PHR			107						

Bridge Division Standard

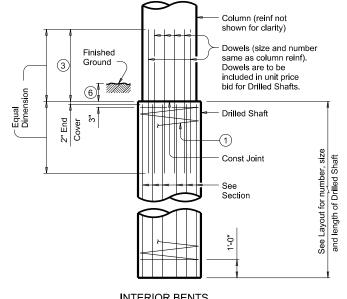
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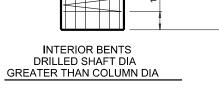




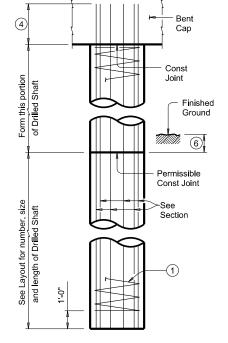


EQUAL TO COLUMN DIA

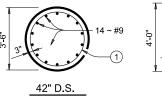




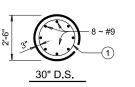
DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

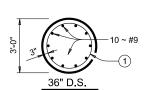


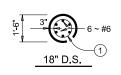


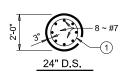












 $\stackrel{\textstyle \frown}{}$ #3 Spiral at 6" pitch (One and a half flat turns

2 Min extension into supported element:

4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-6"

5 Drilled Shafts may extend to the bottom of

bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved.

This option can only be used when the Drilled Shaft diameter equals the Column

diameter. Obtain approval of the forming

construction. No adjustments in payment

method above the ground line prior to

will be made if this option is used.

DRILLED SHAFT SECTIONS

top & bottom).

#6 Bars = 1'-6" #7 Bars = 1'-8" #9 Bars = 2'-3"

#7 Bars = 2'-9" #9 Bars = 4'-6"

#7 Bars = 1'-8"

#9 Bars = 2'-8"

6 1'-0" Min

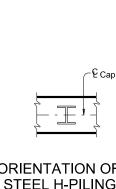
7 Or as shown on plans.

3 Min lap with Column reinf:

TABLE OF PILE EMBEDMENT Pile Type Embedment Depth (Ft) 16" Sq Concrete 18" Sq Concrete HP14 Steel 1'-0" HP16 Steel 20" Sq Concrete 24" Sq Concrete 1'-6" HP18 Steel

See standard CP for additional details on concrete pile embedment.

ELEVATION

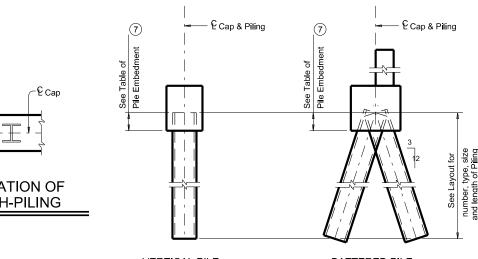


ORIENTATION OF STEEL H-PILING

Field Weld

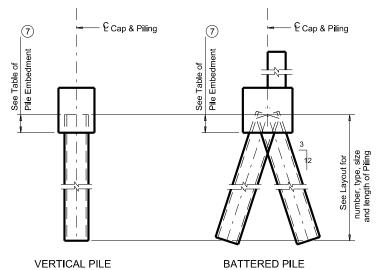
Fill flush with

weld metal (Typ), Shop or Field Weld



Cut flange 45°

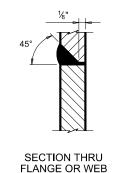
SECTION B-B



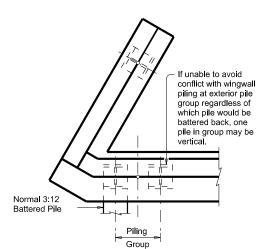
PILING DETAILS

Backgouge

DETAIL "A" (Showing Plan View of a



STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL Use when required,



30° Skewed Abutment)



COMMON FOUNDATION

Bridge Division Standard

FD CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT fdstde01.dgn DN: TxDOT ©TxDOT January 2015 JOB SOUTH PORT 0921 06 288 PHR CAMERON

DETAILS

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.

Bevel ¾" PL

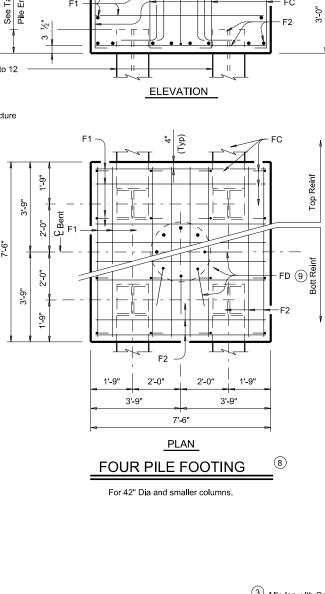
45 degrees (Typ)

SECTION A-A

Ground

(Typ)

(6)



3

6"_ BARS FC ½ to 12 Vertical ELEVATION 6# 1'-2" #7 Bars 1'-7" #9 Bars BARS FD 9 FD 9

2'-6"

4'-3"

2'-6"

8'-6"

PLAN

FIVE PILE FOOTING

For 42" Dia and smaller columns.

4'-3"

| 1'-9"

−FD ⑨

QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS ONE 3 PILE FOOTING

TABLE OF FOOTING

ONE 3 PILE FOOTING								
Bar	No.	Size	Length		Weight			
F1	11	#4	3'- 2"		23			
F2	6	#4	8'- 2"		33			
F3	6	#4	6'- 11"		28			
F4	8	#9	3'- 2"		86			
F5	4	#9	6'- 11"		94			
F6	4	#9	8'- 2"		111			
FC	12	#4	3'- 6"		28			
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 8"		236			
Reinfo	rcing St	eel		Lb	639			
Class	"C" Con	crete		CY	4.8			
ONE 4 PILE FOOTING								
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight				
F1	20	#4	7'- 2"		96			
F2	16	#8	7'- 2"		306			
FC	16	#4	3'- 6"		37			
FD (11)	8	#9	8'- 8"		236			
Reinfo	rcing St	eel		Lb	675			
Class	"C" Con	crete		CY	6.3			
		ONE 5 PI	LE FOOTING	G				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	ı	Weight			
F1	20	#4	8'- 2"		109			
F2	16	#9	8'- 2"		444			
FC	24	#4	3'- 6"		56			
FD (11)	8	#9	8'- 8"		236			
Reinfo	rcing St	eel		Lb	845			
Class	"C" Con	crete		CY	8.0			

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details

Provide Class C Concrete (fc = 3600 psi), unless shown otherwise.
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:

Do not use the Drilled Shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall, noise wall, barrier or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are : 72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns

- 80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
- 100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns
- 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS

		FD						
FILE:	fdstde01.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ	
C TxDOT	January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR		
		DIST		COUNTY	,		SHEET NO.	
		PHR		CAMERO	N		110	

3 Min lap with Column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-9" #9 Bars = 4'-6"

6 1'-0" Min

Finished

Ground

(6)

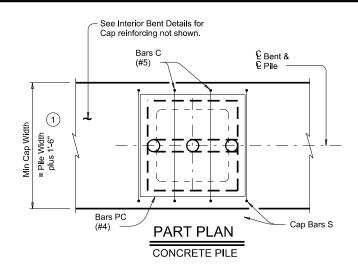
Batter

(Typ)

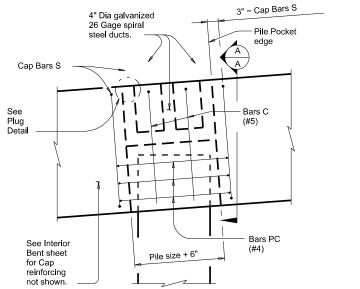
-FD (9)

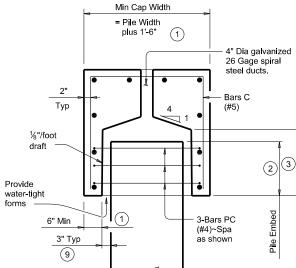
- 7 Or as shown on plans.
- 8 See Layout for Type, Size and length
- Number and size of FD bars must match Column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- 10 For 24" Columns, use #7 FD bars (6'-6") in place of #9 bars and deduct 130 lbs. For 36" Columns, add 2 FD bars (59 lbs).
- 11) For 24" Columns, use #7 FD bars (6'-6") in place of #9 bars and deduct 130 lbs. For 36" Columns, add 2 FD bars (59 lbs). For 42" Columns, add 6 FD bars (177 lbs) (42" Columns disallowed on 3 Pile Footings)

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act".
The last by TXDOT for any purpose whatsever. TXDOT assumes no respon kink is maded by Twitor for any purpose whatsever. TXDOT assumes no respon the sendand by their formals or for incorrect results or chamaca resulting from

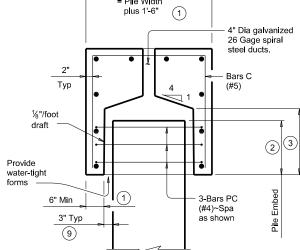


- Provide wider cap if necessary. Adjust cap bars S dimensions accordingly. All quantity adjustments are at the Contractor's expense.
- 2 1'-0" (+2 ½", -0") with 16" and 18" piles; 1'-6" (+2 ½", -0") with 20" and 24" piles
- 3 1'-3" with 16" and 18" piles; 1'-9" with 20" and 24" piles

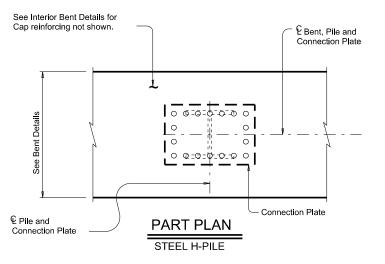


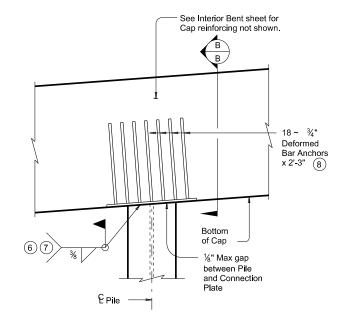








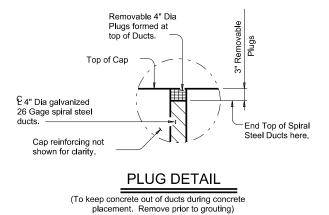






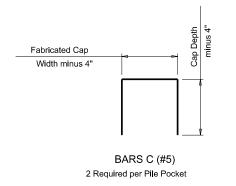
- 5 Pile size (Example: 1'-2" for HP14)
- 6 Increase weld size by amount of gap.
- 9 1" Min between pile and cap pocket for grout placement, typical all sides.

HL93 LOADING



PART ELEVATION

CONCRETE PILE

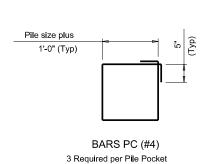


Texas Department of Transportation PRECAST CONCRETE **BENT CAP OPTION** FOR CONCRETE PILES AND STEEL H-PILES PBC-P

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.E:	pbcstd02.dgn	ом: ТхD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ	
TXDOT	January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0921	06	288			H PORT NECTOR	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		PHR		CAMERO	N		111	

SHEET 1 OF 2

Bridge Division Standard





PLAN

2'-6"

6 Spa at 4"

= 2'-0"

1'-3"

-℃ Pile and

Connection Plate

18 ~ 3/4"

Deformed

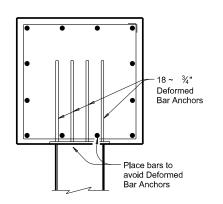
PL 3/4"

Connection Plate

Bar Anchors

1'-3"

4 5



SECTION B-B

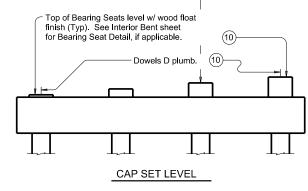
Showing example Cap reinforcing

7 A certified welder is required.

8 If Cap height is less than 2'-9", Deformed Bar Anchor length is 6" less than Cap height.

CAP SET AT SLOPE

Reinforce bearing seats over 3" tall and slope top of cap between bearing seats in accordance with Item 420.4.9 "Treatment and Finishing of Horizontal Surfaces", unless directed otherwise by the Engineer.



EXAMPLES OF PRECAST BENTS WITH DOWELS D

(10) Unless otherwise shown

GROUTING NOTES FOR CONCRETE PILES:

Make a trial batch of grout using the same material, equipment and personnel to be used for actual grouting operations and grout a mock-up of the connection at least one week before grouting and in the presence of the Engineer. This mock-up test must demonstrate the reliability of the Contractor's grouting procedures to provide a connection free of voids. Field test the trial batch grout to the same level required for the actual grouting.

Surfaces in contact with grout must be clean and in a saturated, surface-dry condition, immediately prior to grouting. Provide water tight forms. Fill the forms with water and drain just prior to grouting. Ponding or free-standing water is not permitted. Use compressed air to blow out excess water.

Mix grout in accordance with the manufacturer's directions. Evidence of frothing, foaming, or segregation is cause for rejection. Transport grout from mixer to final location by wheel barrow, bucket or pumping.

Perform sampling and testing of grout by trained personnel at the Contractor's expense and while witnessed by the Engineer. Grouted connections must be free of voids.

Trowel finish top surface of cap anchorage ducts flush with top of cap. Wet mat cure these locations for at least 48 hours. When lifting loops are removed, remove them to a point 1" below cap surface and patch with a pre-qualified material conforming to DMS-4655, "Concrete Repair Material."

Friction collars may be removed, if used, and beams placed on the cap after the grout obtains a compressive strength of 2500 psi. Subsequent loading can occur when the grout reaches its final required 28 day compressive strength.

WELDING NOTES FOR STEEL H-PILES:

After field welding is complete, clean and paint top of pile and connection plate as specified in Item 407.3.2.

Beams may be set on Cap after all Cap to Pile welds are complete.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Submit shop drawings of precast caps for approval prior to construction. Indicate lifting attachments and locations on the shop drawings.

Construct and cure cap in accordance with Item 420, "Concrete Substructures". Secure ducts, pile pockets and connection plates to prevent their movement during concrete placement. Location tolerance of ducts, pile pockets and connection plates is from plan location, transversely and longitudinally. Seal ducts and pile pockets to prevent intrusion of concrete.

Bearing seats may be precast with the cap. Bearing seats over 3" in height must be reinforced as per Item 420.4.9. Do not locate lift points at bearing seats if bearing seats are precast.

Cap concrete must achieve a compressive strength of 2500 psi prior to lifting. Limit flexural stress in cap to 250 psi during handling and storage. Store and handle caps in accordance with Item 424, "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication)". Do not stack caps. Caps that become cracked or otherwise damaged may be rejected.

Top of piling may be no more than 2" from plan location, both transverse and longitudinal to bent centerline, after driving.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide a pre-qualified grout from TxDOT's Material Producer List "Cementitious Grouts and Mortars for Miscellaneous Applications", conforming to DMS-4675.

Provide semi-rigid spirally crimped, corrugated duct of galvanized, cold rolled steel conforming to ASTM A 653. Corrugations must have a minimum amplitude of 0.094". Grout tubes and forms must be approved prior to grouting.

Grout tubes and forms must be approved prior to grouting.

Provide deformed bar anchors conforming to ASTM A496 and connection plates conforming to ASTM A36.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. The Contractor has the option to provide precast bent caps in accordance with

The Contractor has the option to provide precast bent caps in accordance will the details shown. No additional payment will be made if the Contractor uses precast caps.

Precast Bent Cap Option shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

See Bent Details for details and notes not shown.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

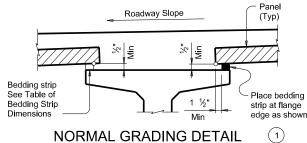


Bridge Division Standard

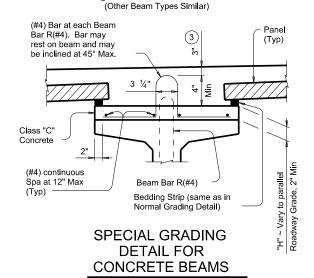
PRECAST CONCRETE
BENT CAP OPTION
FOR CONCRETE PILES
AND STEEL H-PILES

PBC-P

			•		•		
ILE:	pbcstd02.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDC		TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
C TXDOT	January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0921	06				TH PORT NECTOR
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
		PHR		CAMERO	N		112



Showing Prestressed Concrete I-Girders



Showing Prestressed Concrete I-Girders.

(Other Beam Types Similar)

TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP DIMENSIONS HEIGHT (2 WIDTH Min Max 1/2" 1" (Min) 2" 1/2" 2 ½' 1 1/4" 1 ½" 1/2" 3"

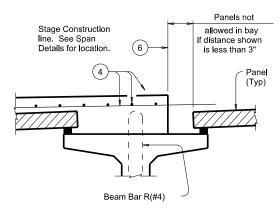
1 ¾" 1/2" 3 ½" 2" (Max) 1/2" 4"

Bars UP (5) Roadway (Typ) Slope Beam Bar R(#4) HAUNCH

(5) BARS UP (#4)

Showing Prestressed Concrete I-Girders. (Other Beam Types Similar)

REINFORCING DETAIL



Panels not Stage Construction allowed in bay line. See Span if distance shown Details for location is less than 3" (qyT) . 1 Showing Type A Beam Beam Bar R(#4)

PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other Beam Types Similar)

1) To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in $\frac{1}{4}$ " increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 4" high, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

(2) Height must not exceed twice the width.

(3) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.

ig(4ig) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.

(5) Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3" or 3 ½" with Prestressed Concrete I-Girders. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

(6) Do not locate construction Joints on top of a panel.

(7) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c..

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete mortar under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 1 the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least $\frac{1}{2}$ ". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

½" under

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-5" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-1"

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable Standard

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

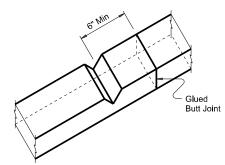
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

TYPICAL SECTION AT PANEL JOINT

1" Max

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity.) The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance.



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 4



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS

DECK DETAILS

PCP

Bridge Division Standard

CK: TxDOT DW: JTR pcpstde1.dgn DN: TxDOT C)TxDOT January 2015 JOB SOUTH PORT 0921 06 288 CAMERON

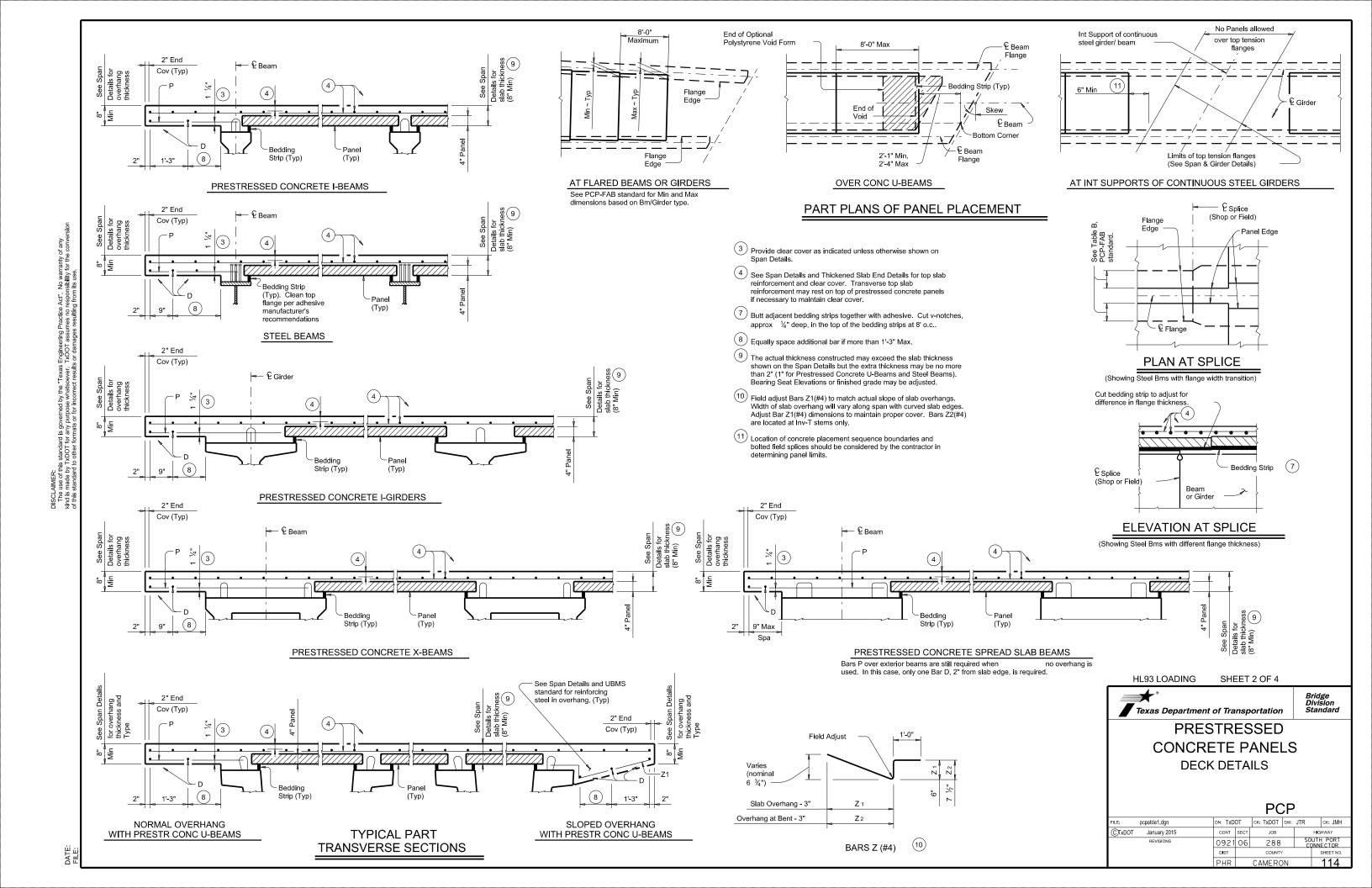
No warranty of nsibility for the contract.

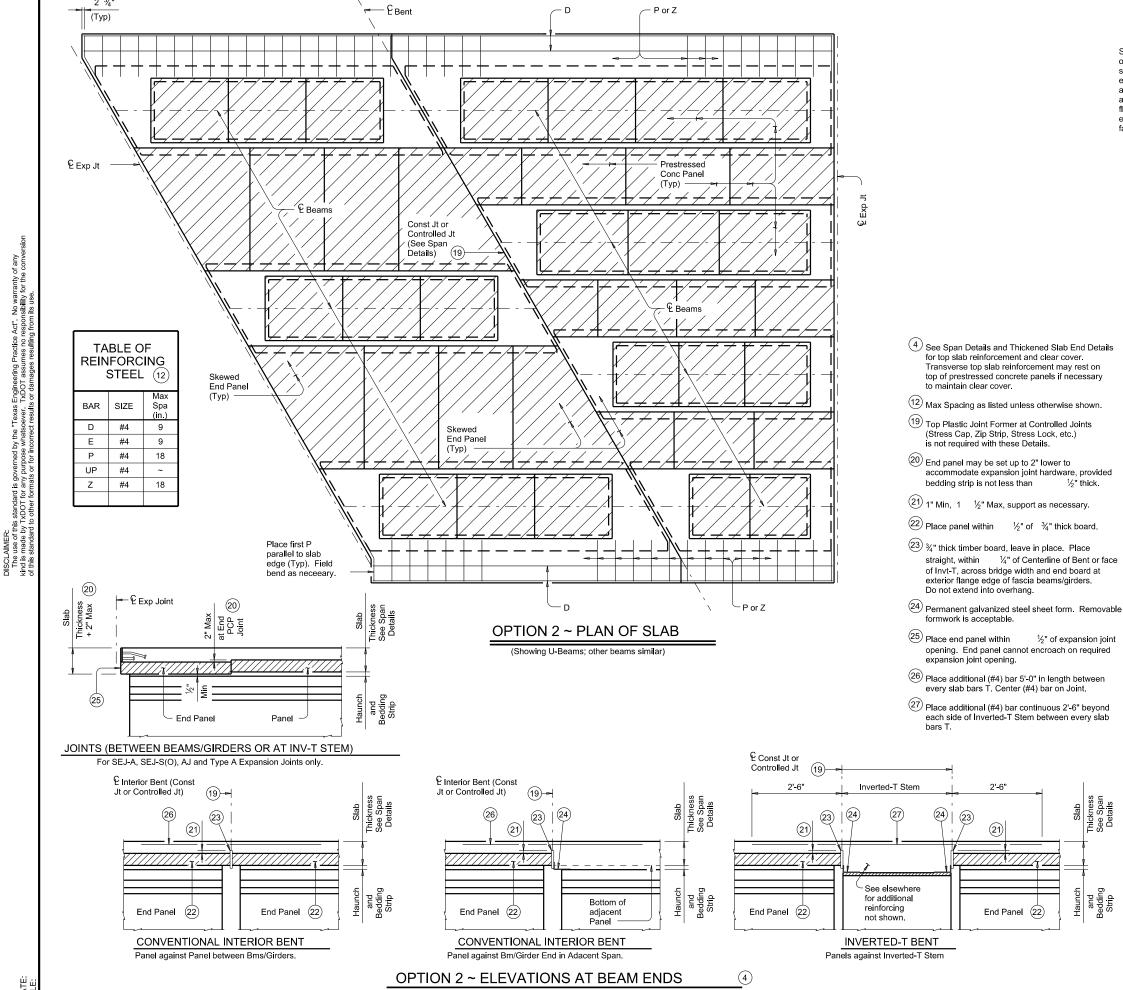
JISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act".
Ind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no respond the senandar An what formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from

Allowable Gap

Seal gap to

prevent grout





Skew top flange of Bms/Girders as shown for flange Face of Web edge supporting a panel. Not applicable to flange edges on fascia Bms/Girders Face of Web

OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING MODIFICATION TO BEAM/GIRDER TOP FLANGE FOR SKEWS OVER 5°

Skew

Showing I-Bm/I-Girder, U-Bms and Steel Bms similar.

SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Bottom Flange

CInterior Bent, Face of Abut Bkwl or Face of Inverted-T Stem

1/2".

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1

Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and

bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-A and SEJ-S(O) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 425 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi.
Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS(MOD)

in the slab.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 4 OF 4

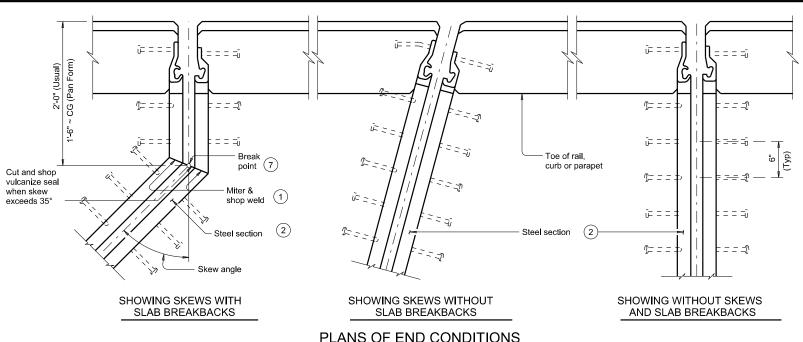


CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

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FILE:	pcpstde1.dgn	DN: Tx[OOT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН
C TxDOT	January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	092	1 06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		DIID		CAMEDO	N.I.		116

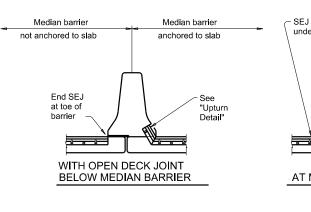
DCD





PLANS OF END CONDITIONS

Used for Watson Bowman Acme (SE-400 or SE-500) and D.S. Brown (A2R-400 or A2R-XTRA) joint systems. Shown with upturns



1 ½"

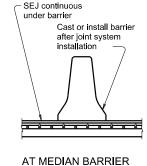
WITH OPEN DECK JOINT ADJACENT TO MEDIAN BARRIER

"Upturn

End

SEJ

. . . .

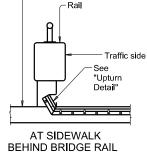


"Upturn

TYPICAL SECTIONS

Detail'

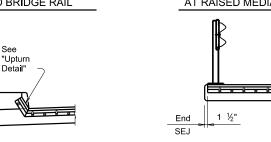
AT CONCRETE BRIDGE RAIL

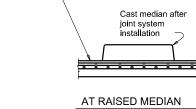


Detail'

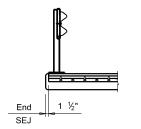
AT SIDEWALK

Sidewall





SEJ continuous



AT STEEL POST BRIDGE RAIL

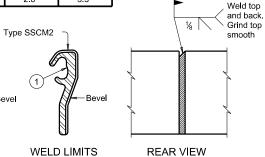
TABLE OF SEALED EXPANSION JOINT INFORMATION 4" JOINT 5" JOINT STEEL SECTION (2) MANUFACTURER Joint Joint Opening (3 Type Opening (3) Type D.S. Brown Type SSCM2 A2R-400 A2R-XTRA 1 3/4" Watson Bowman Acme SE-400 SE-500 1 3/4" 2" Type R As Shown N/A Watson Bowman Acme SPS-400 N/A N/A R.J. Watson As Shown SF-400 2 ½" N/A

REDUCED LONGITUD**I**NAL MOVEMENT RANGE JOINT SIZE SKEW (deg) 4.0' 5.0" 5.0" 15 4.0" 30 3.5" 4.3" 45 2.8" 3.5"

DESIGN NOTES: Joints installed on a skew have

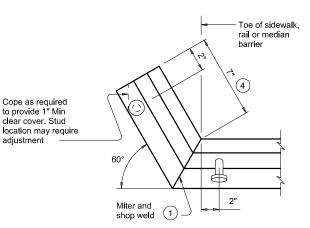
reduced ability to accommodate longitudinal movement. Use table values to determine the correct joint size for skewed installations. For other skews over 25 degrees

calculate reduced movement range by multiplying joint size by cosine



FIELD SPLICE DETAIL

Used for Watson Bowman Acme (SE-400 or SE-500) and D.S. Brown (A2R-400 or A2R-XTRA) joint systems.



UPTURN DETAIL

Used for Watson Bowman Acme (SE-400 or SE-500) and D.S. Brown (A2R-400 or A2R-XTRA) joint systems

- (1) Remove all burrs which will be in contact with seal prior to making splice.
- (2) Shape of steel section shown is typical. Variations in sections must be approved by the Engineer.
- (3) These openings are also the recommended minimum installation openings.

Type R

(1)

WELD LIMITS

- (4) Reduce for sidewalk or parapet heights less
- (5) Other conditions affecting the joint profile should
- (6) Move transverse bars that are in conflict with SEJ studs, in either the bridge slab or approach slab, to rest at the junction of the studs.
- (7) See span details for location of break point.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Temporarily shop assemble corresponding sections of Sealed Expansion Joints, check for fit, and match mark for shipment. Secure corresponding sections together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts. The seal must be continuous and included in the price bid for Sealed Expansion Joint.

Ship steel sections in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for staged construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1. Butt weld all shop and field splices and grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop

Paint portions of steel sections not in contact with concrete with the primer specified for System II paint. Shop drawings for the fabrication of

Sealed Expansion Joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure the Sealed Expansion Joint in position and place to the proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel. to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for Sealed Expansion Joint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint.

Clean and prepare seal cavity for seal installation as per the Manufacturer's installation procedures.

GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Sealed Expansion Joints in the size and at locations shown on the plans. Minimum slab and overhang thickness required for the use of SEJ-A is 6

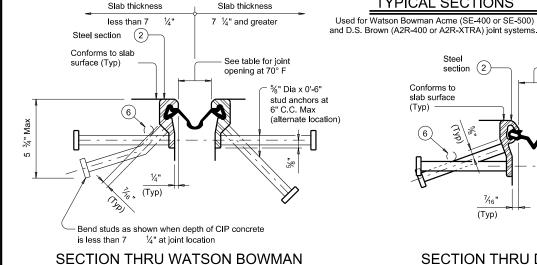
SHEET 1 OF 2



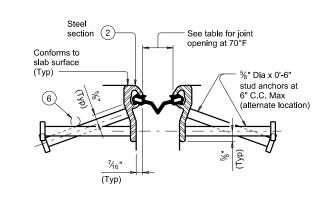
SEALED EXPANSION JOINT TYPE A WITHOUT OVERLAY

SF.I-A

		_	J_U-/-	•		
FILE: sejaste1.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН
©TxDOT January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0921	06	288			UTH PORT NNECTOR
01-16: Addition of strip seal type, dimension armor plate.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
Joint Seal spilce note.	PHR		CAMERO	N		117

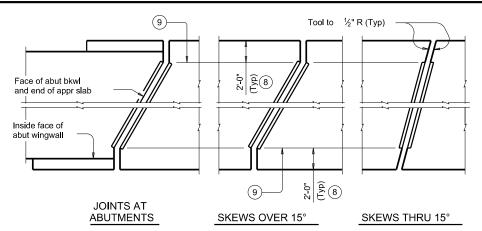


ACME (SE-400 OR SE-500) JOINTS



SECTION THRU D.S. BROWN (A2R-400 OR A2R-XTRA) JOINTS

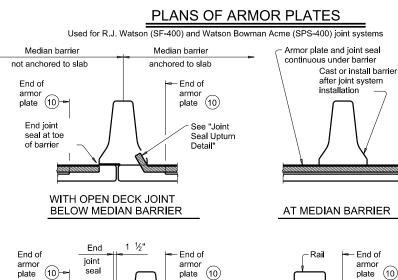




5/8" Dia stud anchors at 6" C.C. Max (alternate location) PL ½ x 4 (ASTM-A36) 2" Min. 4" Max ₽ Top PL ½ x 4 1/4" Grind (ASTM-A36) 1/8 _1-12 End armor plate and bar Bar ½ x ¼ (ASTM-A36) (12) END VIEW FIELD SPLICE SECTION (Studs not shown for clarity)

ELEVATION OF ARMOR PLATE

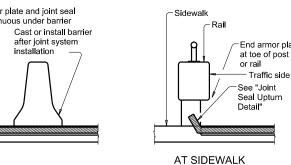
Used for R.J. Watson (SF-400) and Watson Bowman Acme (SPS-400) joint systems

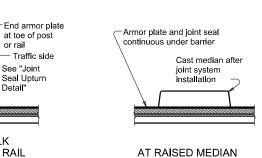


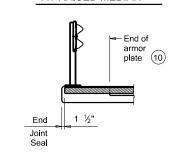
See "Joint

Detail"

Seal Upturn









See "Joint Seal

Upturn Detail"

WITH OPEN DECK JOINT
ADJACENT TO MEDIAN BARRIER

AT CONCRETE BRIDGE RAIL

Detail"

See "Joint

Seal Upturn

AT SIDEWALK

End armor

plate at toe of

AT STEEL POST BRIDGE RAIL

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF ARMOR PLATES & SEALS

Used for R.J. Watson (SF-400) and Watson Bowman Acme (SPS-400) joint systems

Top of concrete Top of

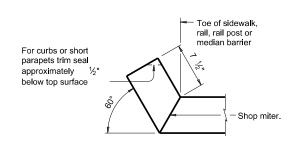
SHOWING D.S. BROWN (Ty SSCM2)

All joints similar

SHIPPING ANGLE

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division.

Erection bolts are not allowed.

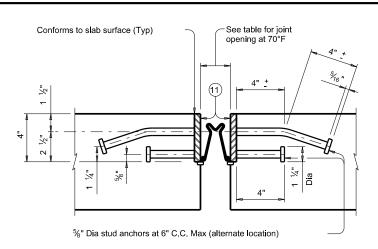


JOINT SEAL UPTURN DETAIL

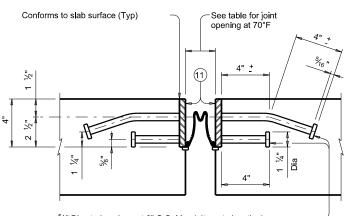
Used for R.J. Watson (SF-400) and
Watson Bowman Acme (SPS-400) joint systems.
Upturn seal only. Terminate armor plates as shown in
"Plans of Armor Plates" and "Typical Sections of Armor Plates & Seals."

- 5 Other conditions affecting the joint profile should be noted elsewhere.
- 8 Unless shown otherwise, terminate armor plate at slab break point if break is more than 2'-0" from slab edge.
- 9 At Fabricator's option, armor plate may extend up to 6" beyond this point for skews through 15°.
- 10 See "Plans of Armor Plates".
- Coat with Manufacturer's supplied epoxy primer above bar before installing sealant.
- (12) In lieu of bar, use ¾", 16 gauge, stainless steel strap.

 Attach to armor plate with a fastener for attaching steel to steel base material, such as Hilti X-EGN or X-S13
- (13) Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.



SECTION THRU R J WATSON (SF-400) JOINT



% " Dia stud anchors at 6" C.C. Max (alternate location)

SECTION THRU WATSON BOWMAN ACME (SPS-400) JOINT

CONSTRUCTION NOTE FOR R.J. WATSON (SF-400) AND WATSON BOWMAN ACME (SPS-400) JOINTS: Splice and install seal in accordance with the Manufacturer's directions and with the adhesive provided by the Manufacturer. Splice in joint seal may be performed in the field.





SEALED EXPANSION JOINT
TYPE A
WITHOUT OVERLAY

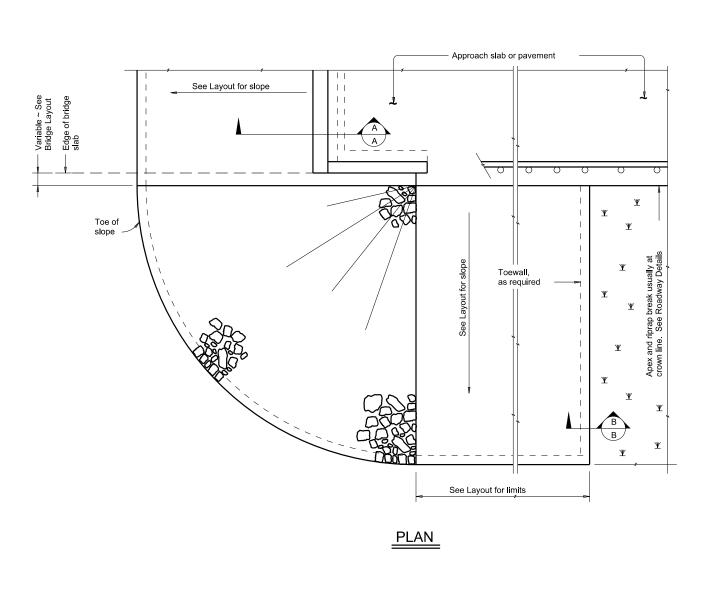
SEJ-A

Bridge Division Standard

sejaste1.dgn			DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН	
TxDOT January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			SHWAY
REVISIONS	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
01-16: Addition of strip seal type, dimension armor plate.	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
Joint Seal spilce note.	PHR		CAMERO	N		118

ATE:

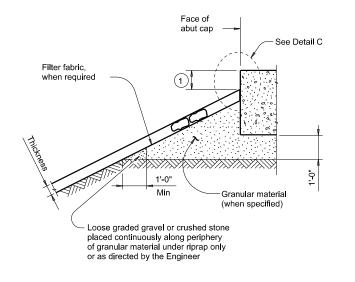




See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

ELEVATION

traffic rail

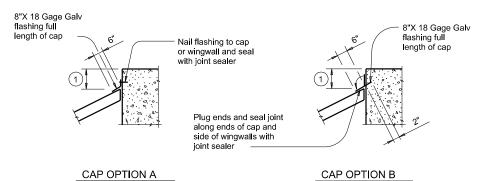


Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness

SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

SECTION A-A AT CAP



DETAIL C

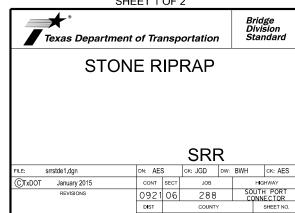
GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified. See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

SHEET 1 OF 2



CAMERON

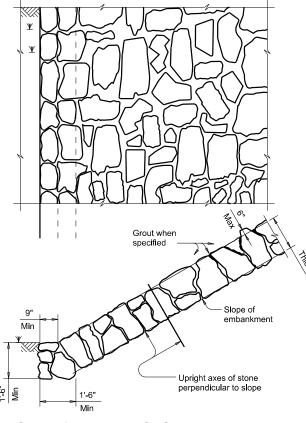


FIGURE 1 ~ TYPE R STONE RIPRAP

dry or grouted

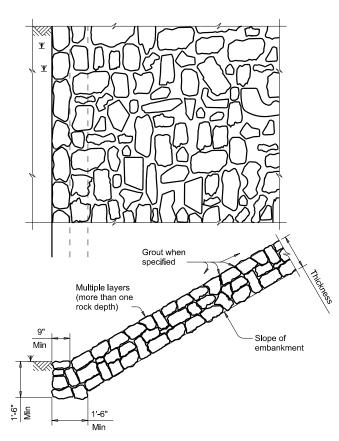


FIGURE 4 ~ COMMON STONE RIPRAP

dry or grouted

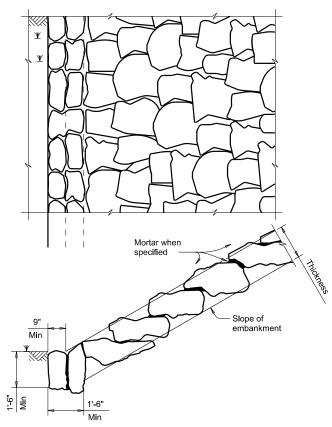


FIGURE 2 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP

dry or mortared

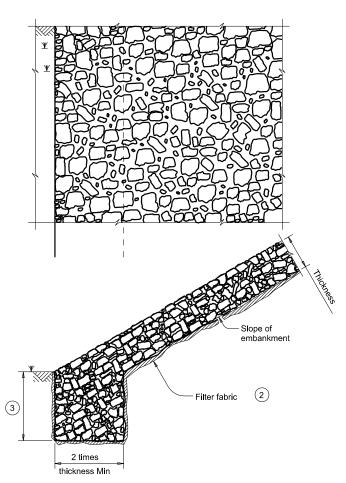


FIGURE 5 ~ PROTECTION STONE RIPRAP

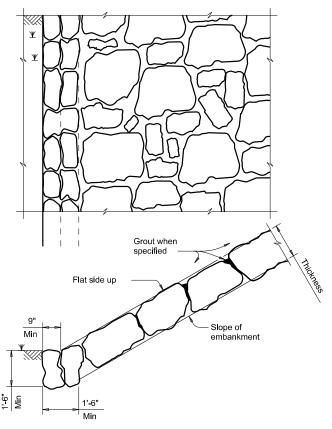


FIGURE 3 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP

aroutod

- (2) Provide bedding material instead of filter fabric if shown elsewhere in plans. See Layout for thickness of bedding material.
- (3) Minimum toe depth is the larger of the maximum scour depth or 2 times the riprap thickness.



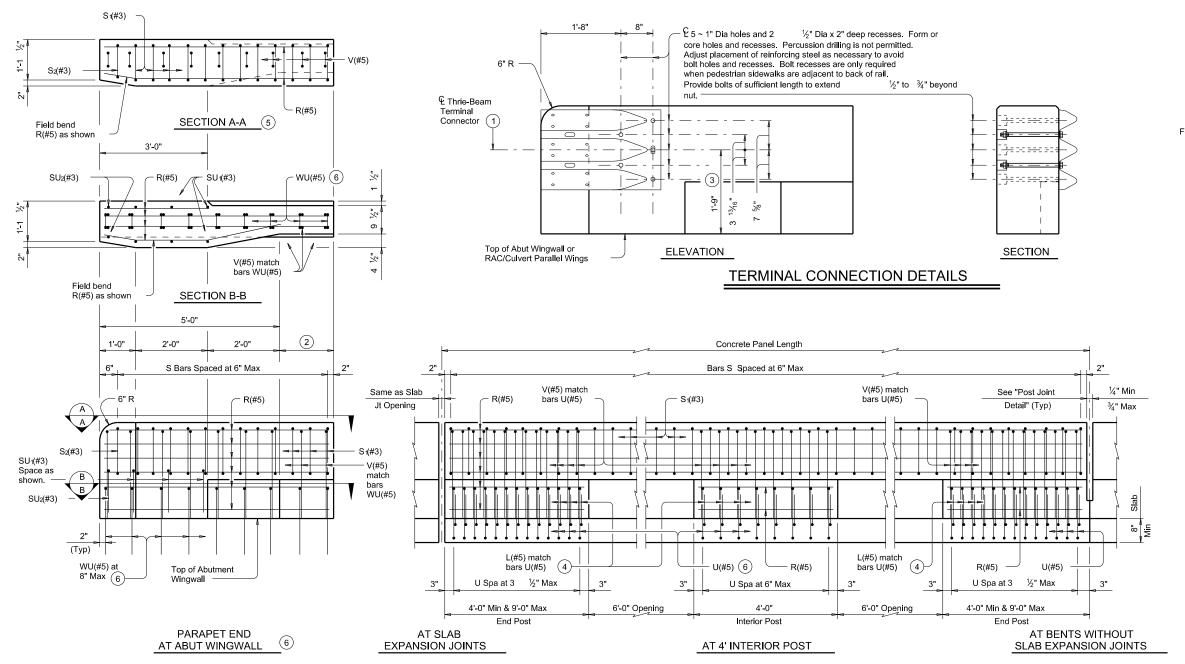


STONE RIPRAP

SRR

PHR

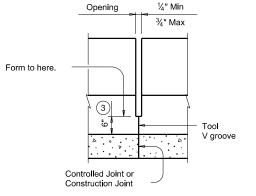
CAMERON



ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar.

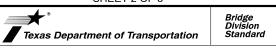
- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- Bars SU (#3), SU (#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on achorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

SHEET 2 OF 3



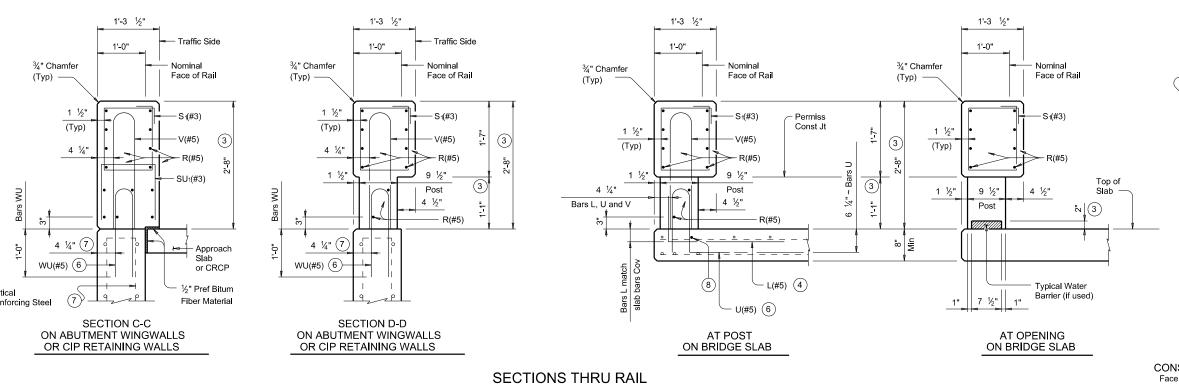
TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

LE: ristd005-18.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JTR	ck: AES
C)TxDOT March 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			SHWAY
REVISIONS	0921	06	288			H PORT IECTOR
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PHR		CAMERO	N		123

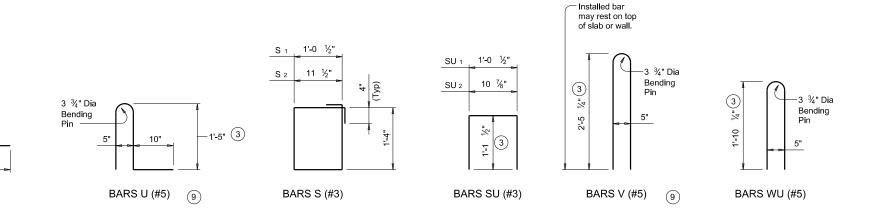
2'-5"

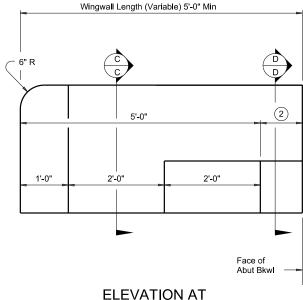
BARS L (#5)



Sections on box culverts similar.

- Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.
- Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.
- 9 At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to 2'-5 ¼" above the roadway surface without overlay.





ox culvert parallel wings or rail anchorage curb similar.

ABUTMENT WINGWALL

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.

Chamfer all exposed corners

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are

epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0"

Epoxy coated ~ #5 = 3'-0"

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications

elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.





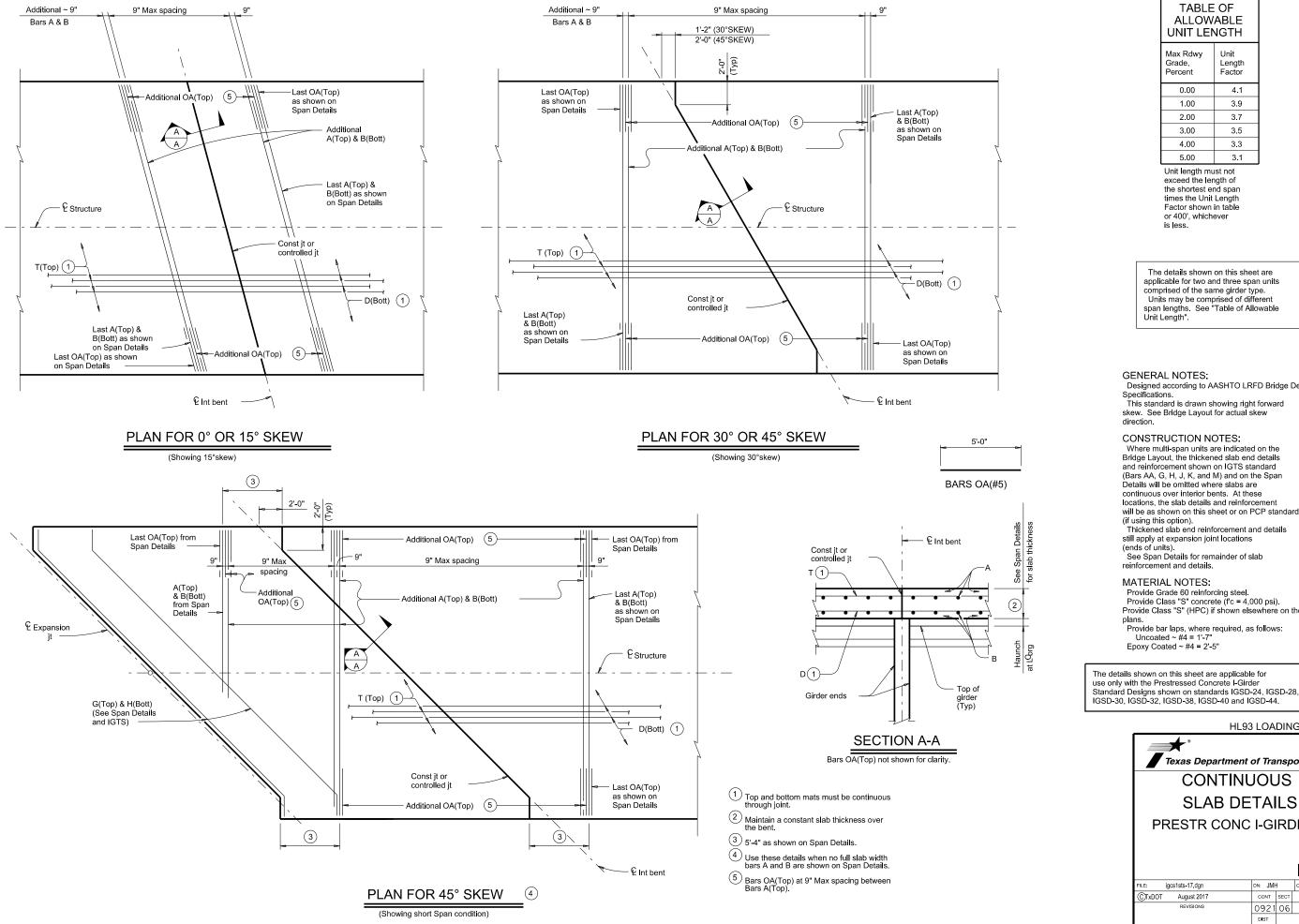
Bridge Division nsportation Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

•	• • •					
FILE: rlstd005-18.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JTR	ck: AES
©TxDOT March 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0921	06 288			SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
	DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	PHR		CAMERO	N		124

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DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". With its made by TXDCI for any purpose whatsoever. TXDCI assumes no respond this standard to what formats or for incorract results or damanes resulting from

BAR TABLE

Н	BAR	SIZE
	Α	#4
it nath	В	#4
ngth ctor	D	#4
4.1	Т	#4
3.9	OA	#5
3.7		

applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type. Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew

Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard

See Span Details for remainder of slab

Provide Class "S" concrete (fc = 4,000 psi).
Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44.

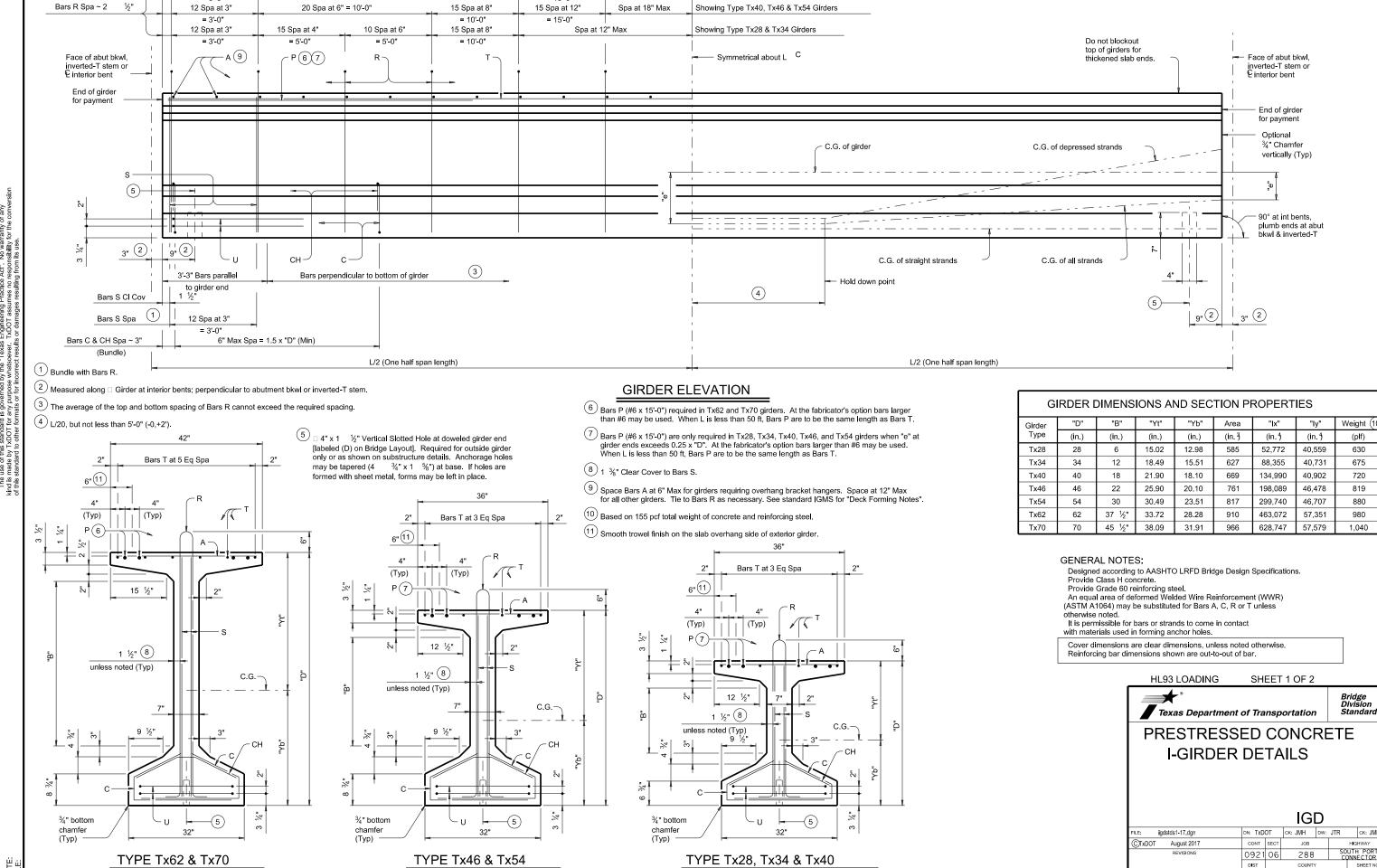
HL93 LOADING



PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

IGCS

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TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
REVISIONS	0921	06	288			H PORT ECTOR	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PHR		CAMERO	N		125	



CAMERON

12 Spa at 3"

= 3'-0'

30 Spa at 8" = 20'-0"

15 Spa at 12"

= 15'-0"

Spa at 18" Max

Showing Type Tx62 & Tx70 Girders



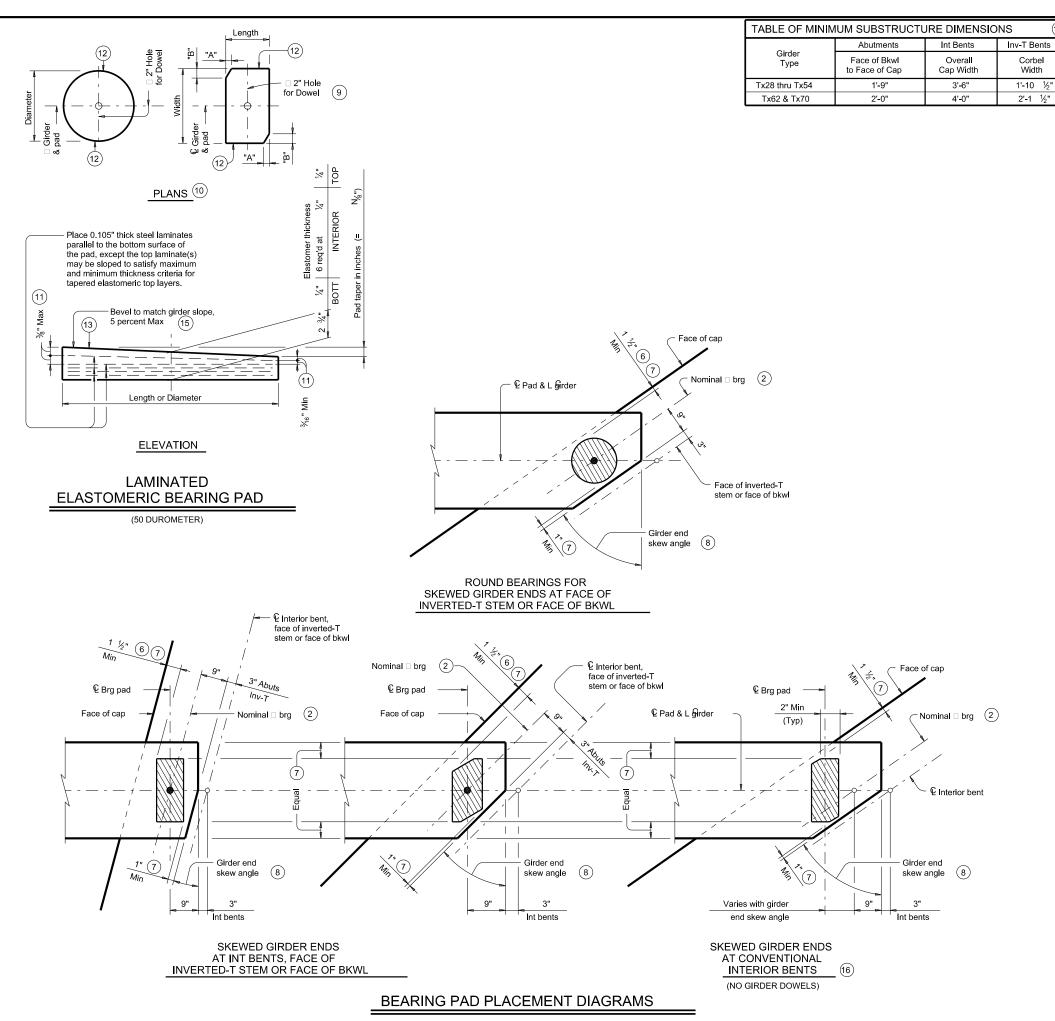


	TABLE (F BEARING	G PAD DIMENSIC	NS		
Bent Type	Girder Type	Bearing Type	Girder End Skew Angle	Pad Size	Pad (Dimen	
.,,,,,	.,,,,,	(13)	Kange	=garx rraar	"A"	"B"
		G-1-"N"	0° thru 21°	8" x 21"		-
ABUTMENTS		G-2-"N"	21°+ thru 30°	8" x 21"	1 ½"	2 ½"
INVERTED-T	Bent Type	9" x 21"	4 ½"	4 ½"		
		G-4-"N"	45°+ thru 60°	15" Dia	 	
	Girder Type	 				
		G-6-"N"	G-6-"N" 21°+ thru 30° 9" x 21"			
BACKWALLS		G-7-"N"	30°+ thru 45°	10" x 21"	4 ½"	4 ½"
BACKWALLS & TX70 CONVENTIONAL TX28,TX34, TX40,TX46		G-8-"N"	45°+ thru 60°	10" x 21"	7 1/4"	4 1/4"
Tx28.Tx34					-	
	Tx40,Tx46					
	& Tx54	G-1-"N"	0° thru 60°	8" x 21"		
	Tx62 & Tx70	G-5-"N"	0° thru 60°	9" x 21"		
CONVENTIONAL		G-1-"N"	0° thru 18°	8" x 21"		
		G-2-"N"	18°+ thru 30°	8" x 21"	1 ½"	2 ½"
		G-9-"N"	30°+ thru 45°	8" x 21"	3"	3"
		G-10-"N"	45°+ thru 60°	9" x 21"	6"	3 ½"
		G-5-"N"	0° thru 18°	9" x 21"		
		G-5-"N"	18°+ thru 30°	9" x 21"		
CONFLICTS)		G-11-"N"	30°+ thru 45°	9" x 21"	1 ½"	1 ½"
(16)		G-12-"N"	45°+ thru 60°	9" x 21"	3"	1 3/4"

- 2 For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may year from this line.
- 6 3" for inverted-T.

(14)

- 7 Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between
- (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders.
- Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details for location.
- (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
- 11) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.
- (3) Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in \%" increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper)

N=1, (for ½" taper)

N=2, (for ½" taper)

(etc.)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan girder slope by more than / __0.0检路N. \

(14) Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.

- 15 See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (f) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3

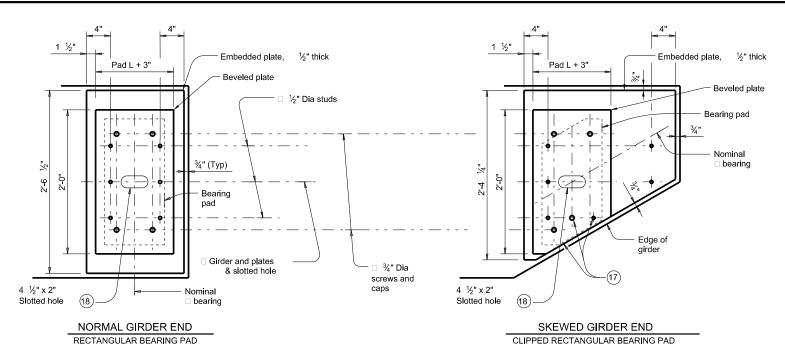


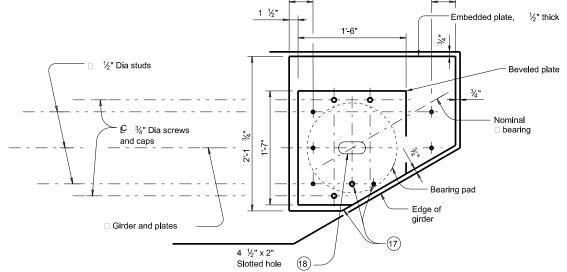
Division Standard

ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

GE	В	
JMH	DW:	JT

ILE: igebsts1-17.dgn	DN: AE	Ξ.	ск: ЈМН	DW:	JTR	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		CAMERO	N		129

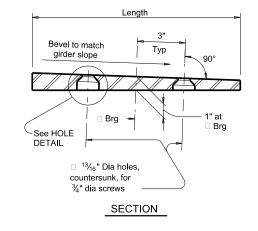


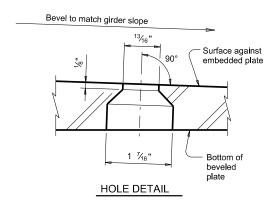


SKEWED GIRDER END

15" DIA BEARING PAD

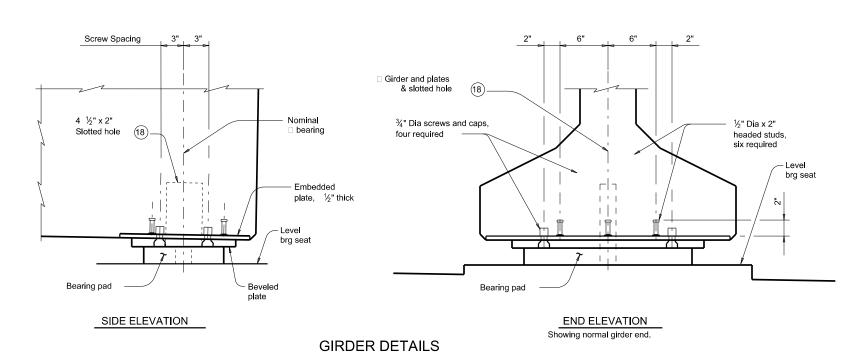
PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS





- (17) Cut beveled and embedded plates to match girder end skew. Adjust location of screw and stud as shown when necessary.
- (18) Slotted hole is required at doweled girder end locations.

BEVELED PLATE DETAILS



SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed $$^{1}_{6}$$ " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates. Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36

Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before galvanizing.

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline to plate edge is 1.25".

Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

3/4" Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type I. Provide screws long enough to maintain a minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than ½" deep deeper than 1".

Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 3



Bridge Division Standard

 $\frac{1}{16}$ " based

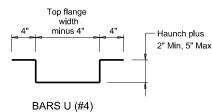
½6"+/-,

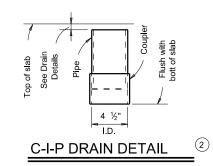
ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

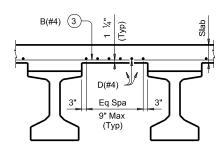
IGEB

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©TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			IGHWAY
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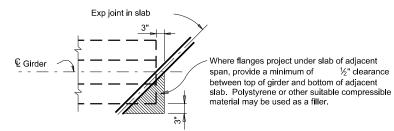




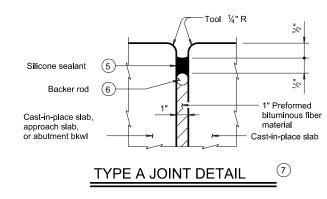




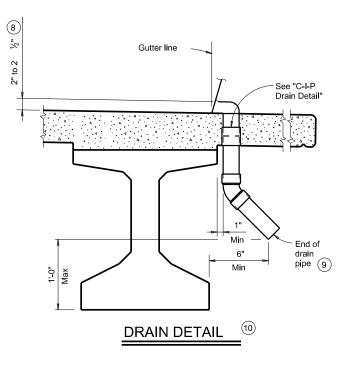
Top reinforcing steel not shown for clarity.



TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- 1 Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- 4 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated \sim #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated \sim #4 = 2'-5"
- (5) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- 6 1 ¼" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location of joints. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".
- 8 Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- 9 Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- (10) All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. All items (reinforcing steel, drains, joint formers, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

SHEET 1 OF 2



MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGMS

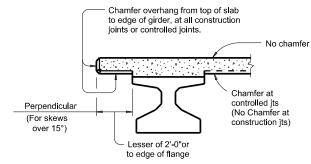
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©TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
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DISCLAIMER:

The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conver of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

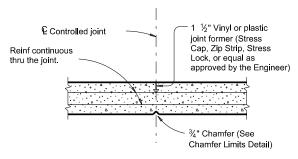
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3/4" Continuous drip bead (both sides of struct) DRIP BEAD DETAIL



CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL

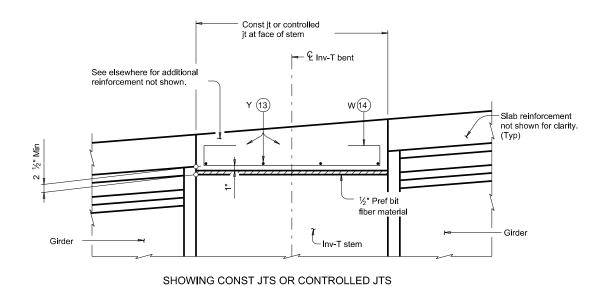




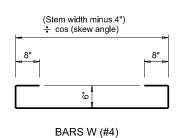
CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

(Saw-cutting is not allowed)

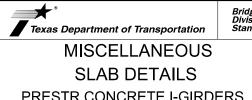
SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS



REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



- 11 See Layout for joint type.
- 2 Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.
- (13) Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab
- 15 See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.

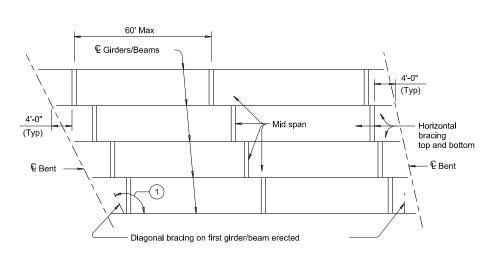


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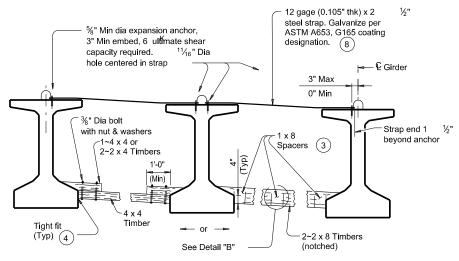
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SHEET 2 OF 2 PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

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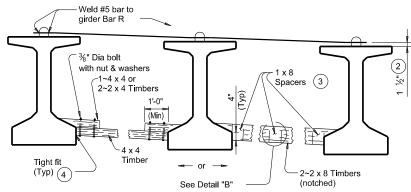


ERECTION BRACING



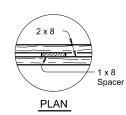
FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)

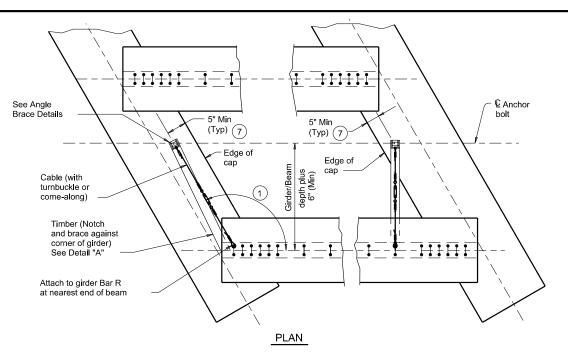


FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS



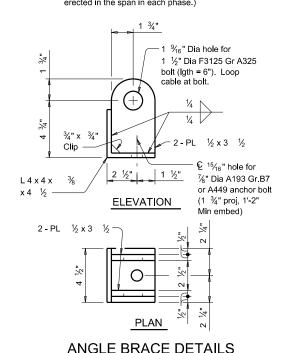
DETAIL "B"



½" General purpose Wood blocking as required wire rope, Min to prevent breaking of Girder Bar R Tight fi (Typ) (4) See Angle Brace Details 4 x 4 Timber Tx28 thru Tx54 and Ty A,B,C,IV 4 x 6 Timber Tx62,Tx70 and Ty VI (Min) Less than 45° %" A193 Gr.B7 or END VIEW A449 anchor bolt (1'-2" Min embed)

DIAGONAL BRACING DETAILS

(To be used on both ends of the first girder/beam



HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

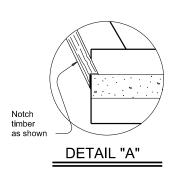
ERECTION BRACING:

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be omitted.



- 1 If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails
- Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- 5 Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k minimum pullout. Core drill hole.

SHEET 1 OF 2

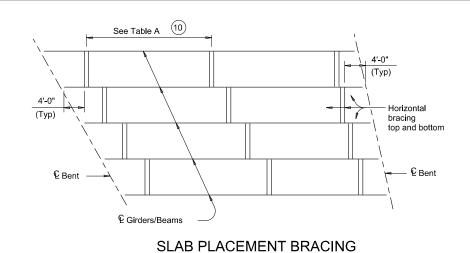


Bridge Division Standard

MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

MEBR(C)

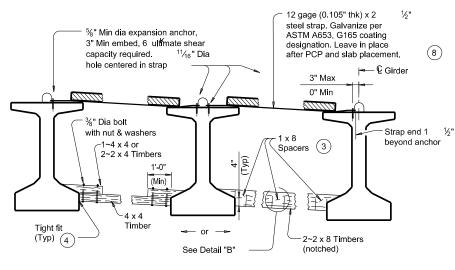
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	PHR		CAMERO	N		134



Maximum Bracing Spacing							
OPTION 1-RIO Sirder or Beam Type Tx28 Tx34 Tx40 Tx46 Tx54 Tx62 Tx70 A B C IV VI	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11					
Tx28	1/4 points	½ points					
Tx34	1/4 points	½ points					
Tx40	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx46	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx54	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx62	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx70	1/4 points	½ points					
A	1/8 points	½ points					
В	1/8 points	1/8 points					
С	½ points	1/8 points					
IV	1/4 points	1/8 points					
VI	1/4 points	1/8 points					

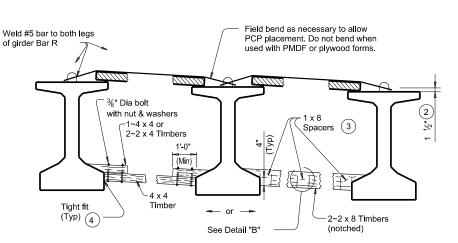
TABLE A

	Maximum Brad	cing Spacing		
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater		
Tx28	1/4 points	½ points		
Tx34	1/4 points	1/8 points		
Tx40	1/4 points	1/8 points		
Tx46	1/4 points	1/8 points		
Tx54	1/4 points	1/8 points		
Tx62	1/4 points	1/8 points		
Tx70	1/4 points	1/8 points		
A	2.0 ft	1.5 ft		
В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft		
С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft		
IV	1/4 points	4.0 ft		
VI	1/4 points	4.0 ft		



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

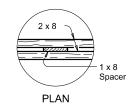
(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE

(Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS 5



DETAIL "B"

- 2 Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.
- (3) Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- 5 Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- 10 Bracing spacing (¼ and ½ points) measured between first and last typical brace location.
- (11) Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam. When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425. Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable shown.

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2

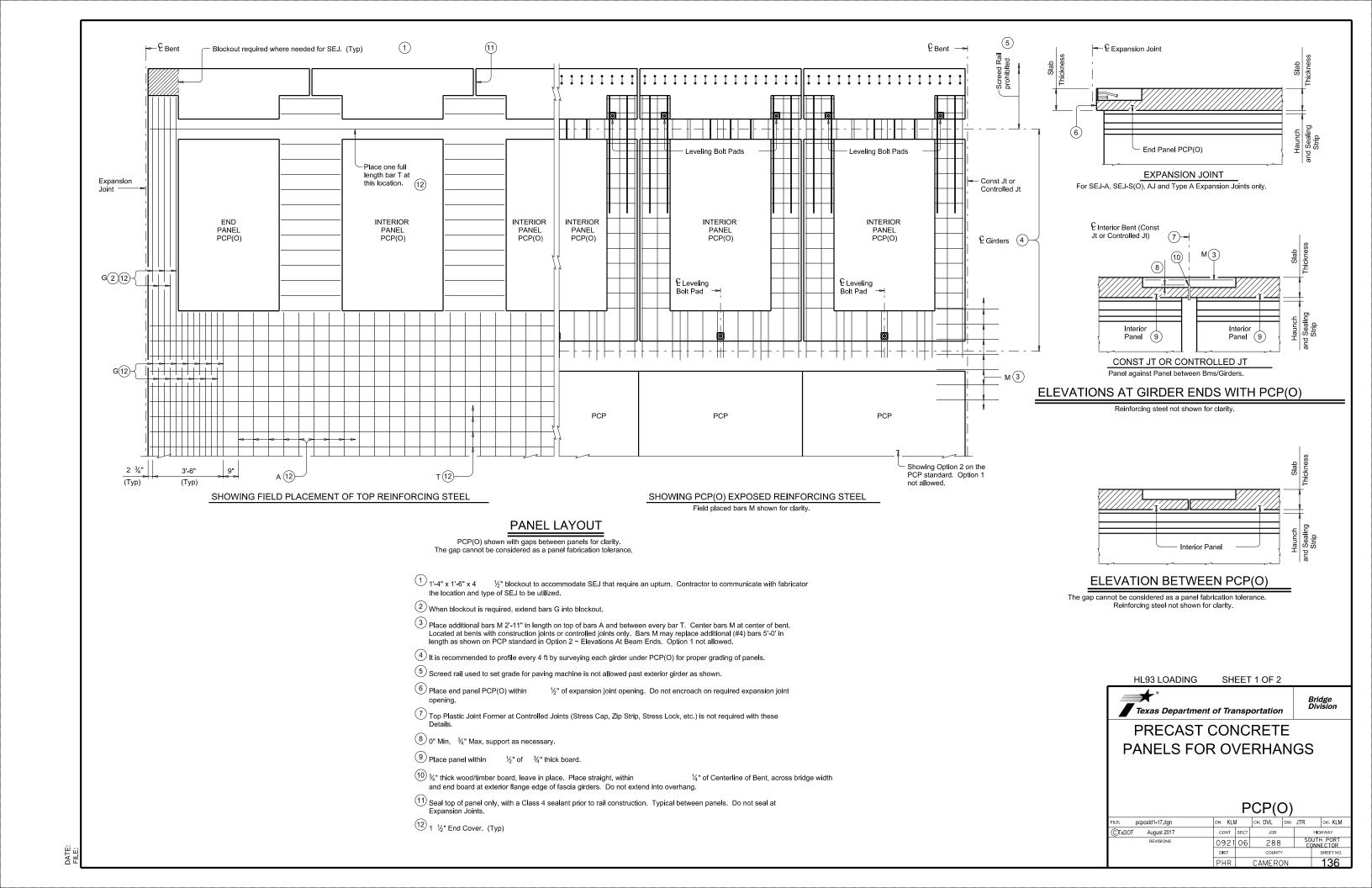


Bridge Division Standard

MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE

I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

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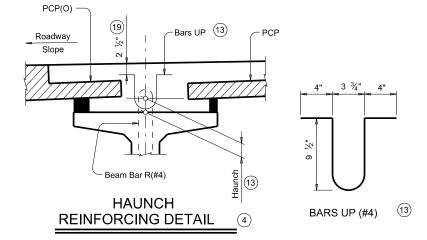


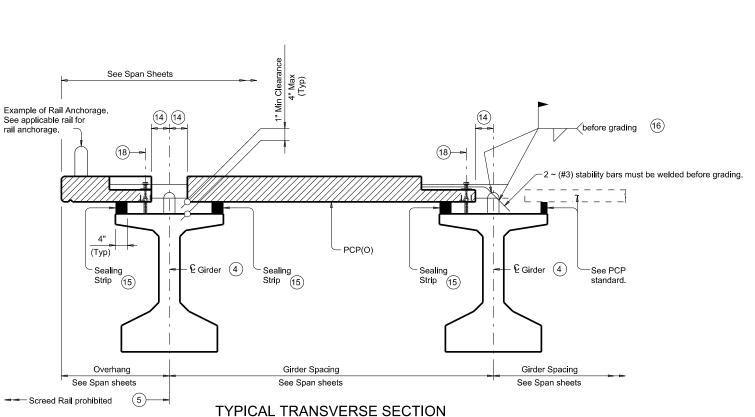
B	BAR TABLE									
BAR	SIZE	MAX SPA (IN)								
A (12)(17)	#4	9"								
G (12)(17)	#4	3½"								
М	#4	9"								
T (12)(17)	#4	9"								

 $\stackrel{\textstyle ullet}{4}$ It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(O) for proper grading of panels

½" with

- 5 Screed rail used to set grade for paving machine is not allowed past exterior girder as shown.
- 1 ½" End Cover on bars. (Typ)
- 3 Space bars UP(#4) with girder bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 Prestressed Concrete I-Girders. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.
- (14) 6" plus or minus.
- 15 Place sealing strip at flange edge as shown. Butt adjacent sealing strips longitudinally together with adhesive. Use pencil vibrators with concrete placement over girder and between sealing strips to avoid rupturing sealing strips. Cut sealing strips 2" higher than anticipated haunch thickness and compress
- (f) (#3) Panel bars F must be field bent and welded to the R bars in girder. Two bars F per panel.
- Field placed bars that are allowed to be lapped. Reinforcing steel that protrudes from panels are not considered bars to be lapped. See "Material Notes" for applicable bar laps.
- (18) € Leveling Bolt Pad. 1" Dia Coil Rod or 1" Dia Coil Bolt shown, are furnished by the contractor. After grading each PCP(O) panel with the 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts, secure each panel in its final resting position (plastic shims, welding, etc) and remove all 1" Dia coil rods or coil bolts for the cast-in-place concrete. Coil rods/bolts may be left in place at contractor's option. If coil rods/bolts are left in place, ½" of cover to top of finish grade. Grading bolts are inadequate coil rods/bolts must have at least 2 to carry all conceivable screed/construction loads. Panel support method must be calculated, location identified, and placed on shop drawings. Method chosen to support panels must be adequate for all construction loads. Panel support method must be placed/constructed after final grading and before screed rail placement.
- 19 Unless shown otherwise on Span Details.





(Showing Girder Type Tx46)

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended.

Ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete mortar under the edges of the panels. Place sealing strips at girder flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 8" transversely under the nanels as the slab concrete is placed.

Panel placement with Option 1 on the PCP standard is not allowed. It is recommended to profile every 4 ft by surveying each girder under PCP(O) for proper grading of panels.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between girder and

panel, maintain a minimum vertical opening of 1". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Sealing strips vary in thickness along girder are therefore required.

Seal the top panel with a Class 4 sealant as shown in the Panel Lavout.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement. If the reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then epoxy coat bars A, G, M, & T.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

Provide sealing strips comprised of one layer low density polyurethane (1.0 Lbs density) foam sealing strips or equivalent.

Oversize the height of sealing strips by 2". Bond sealing strips to the girder with 3M Scotch ® 4693 or equivalent adhesive compatible with sealing strips.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications. These details can be used as an option to construct the deck overhang when noted on the Span details and in conjunction with the PCP(O)-FAB, PCP and applicable Standard sheets.

These details are only applicable for Prestr Conc I-Girders. Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on these details is subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 2

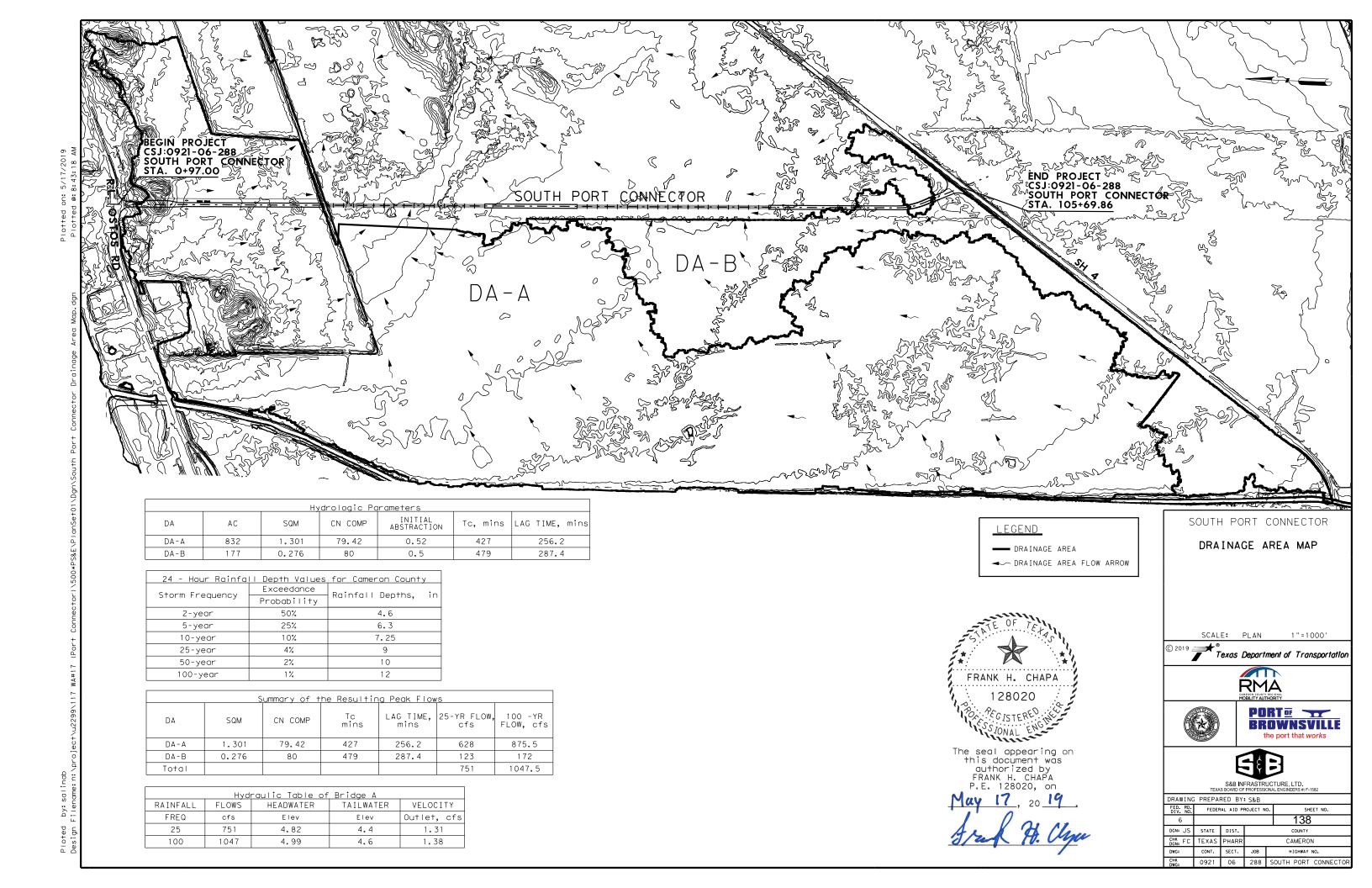


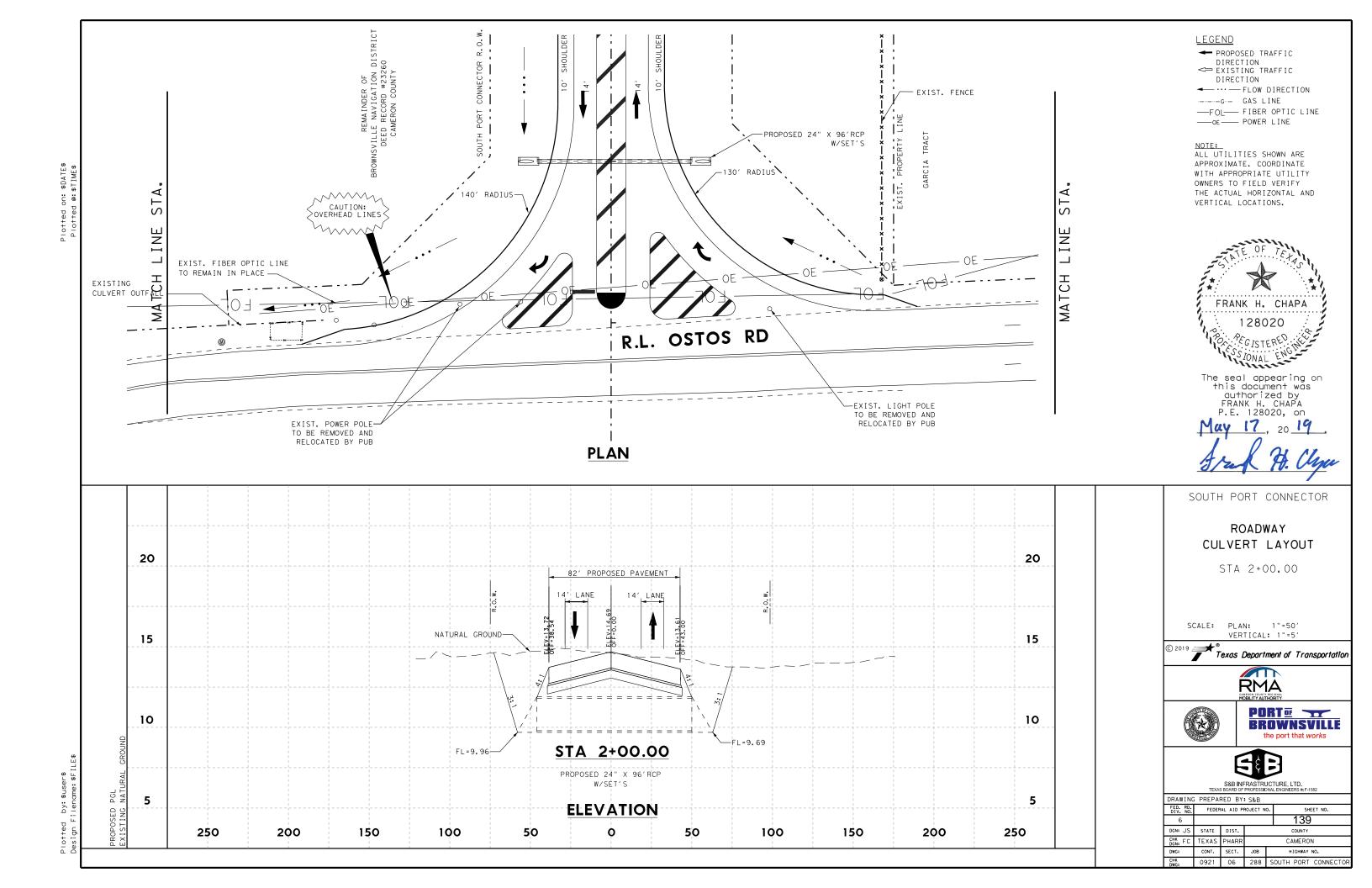
PRECAST CONCRETE PANELS FOR OVERHANGS

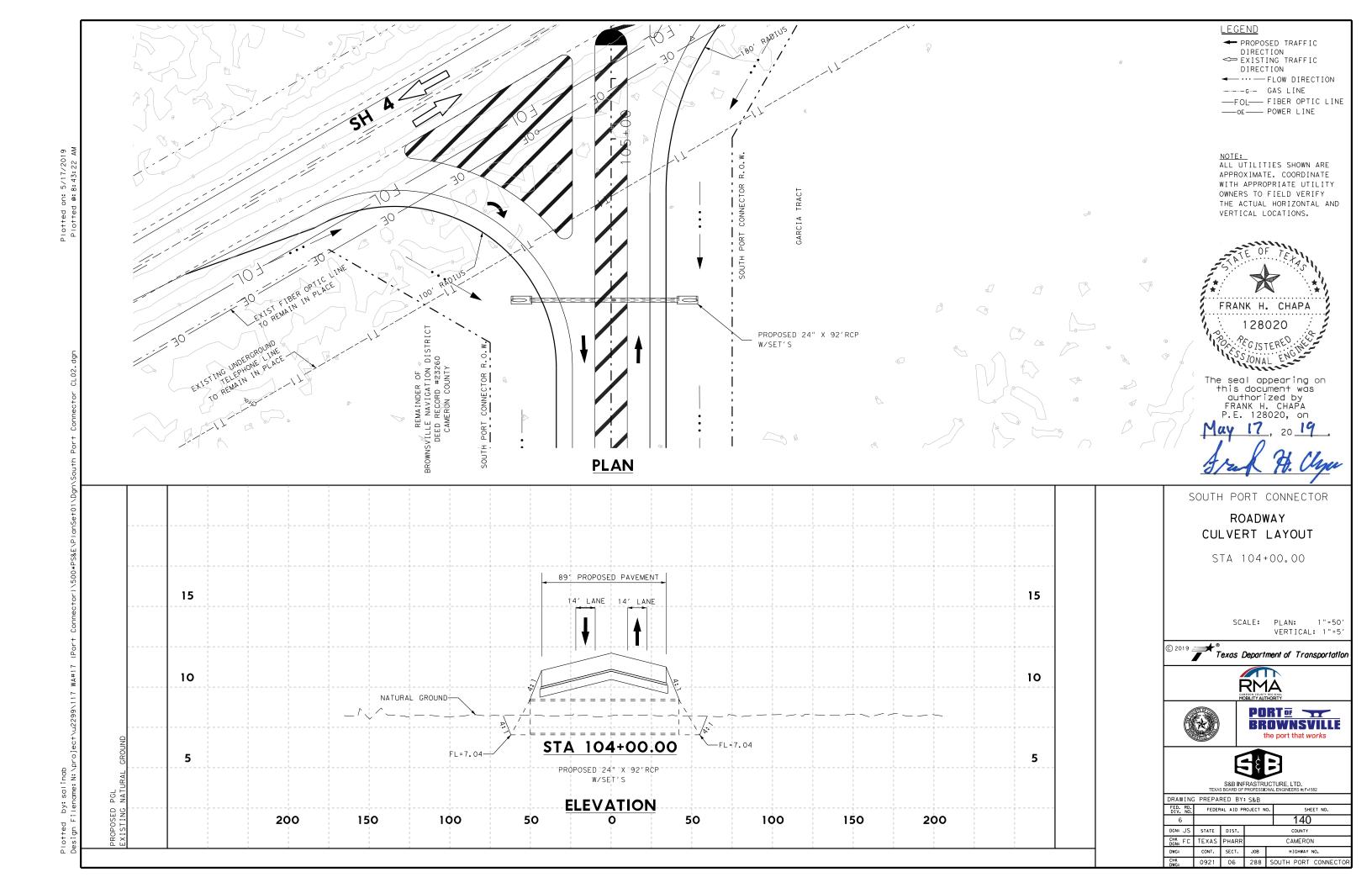
PCP(O)

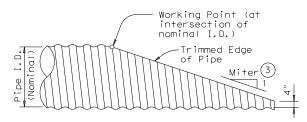
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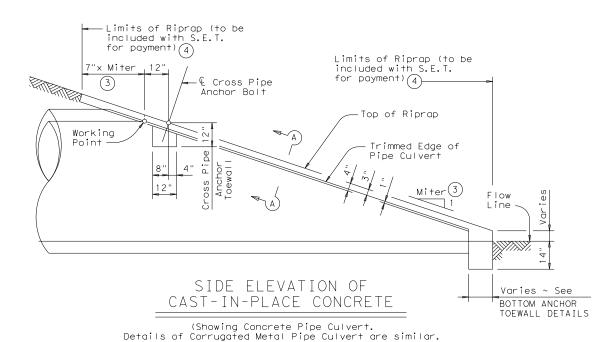


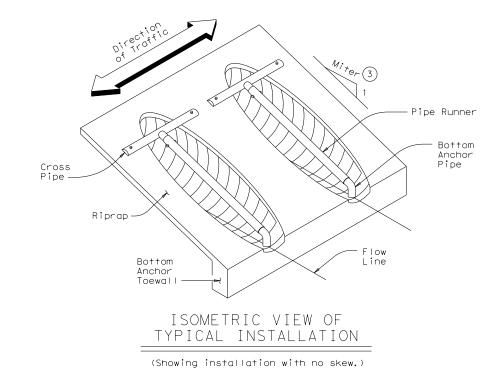


NOTE: All Pipe Runners, calculations, and dimensions are based on the pipe culverts mitered as shown in this detail. Alternate styles of mitered ends will require that appropriate adjustments be made to the values presented on this standard.

SIDE ELEVATION OF TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITER

(Showing Corrugated Metal Pipe Culvert. Details of Concrete Pipe Culvert are similar.)





Pipe Runners not shown for clarity)

				С	ROSS PIF	PE LENGTI	HS & PIP	E RUNNEF	R LENGTHS	5 12				
Nominal	Pipe	Cross						Pipe Runr	ner Length					
Culvert	Culvert	Culvert Pipe		3:1 Sic	le Slope			4:1 Sic	de Slope			6:1 Sic	de Slope	
I.D.	Spa ~ G	Length	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
24"	1′-7"	3′ - 5"	N/A	N/A	N/A	5′-10"	N/A	N/A	N/A	8'-1"	N/A	N/A	N/A	12'- 9"
27"	1′-8"	3' - 8"	N/A	N/A	5′ - 5"	6′-11"	N/A	N/A	7′ - 7"	9'- 7"	N/A	N/A	11'-11"	14'-11"
30"	1′-10"	3′-11"	N/A	N/A	6' - 4"	8'-0"	N/A	N/A	8'-9"	11'- 0"	N/A	N/A	13' - 8"	17'- 0"
33"	1′-11"	4'- 2"	6' - 2"	6'-5"	7' - 3"	9'-1"	8'-6"	8'-10"	10'-0"	12' - 5"	13' - 3"	13'- 9"	15' - 5"	19' - 2"
36"	2'-1"	4'-5"	6′-11"	7′- 3"	8' - 2"	10' - 2"	9'-6"	9'-11"	11'- 2"	13'-10"	14' - 9"	15'- 3"	17' - 2"	21'- 3"
42"	2'- 4"	4′-11"	8'-6"	8'-10"	9'-11"	12' - 4"	11' - 7"	12'- 0"	13' - 6"	16' - 8"	17' - 9"	18'- 5"	20' - 8"	25' - 7"
48"	2'- 7"	5′ - 5"	10'-1"	10' - 5"	11'- 9"	N/A	13' - 7"	14' - 2"	15'-10"	N/A	20' - 9"	21'- 6"	24' - 2"	N/A
54"	3′- 0"	5′-11"	11'-8"	12' - 1"	N/A	N/A	15'- 8"	16'- 3"	N/A	N/A	23′-10"	24' - 8"	N/A	N/A
60"	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	13' - 3"	N/A	N/A	N/A	17' - 9"	N/A	N/A	N/A	26′-10"	N/A	N/A	N/A

_				-						l		
	TYF	PICAL PI	PE CULV	ERT MIT	ERS ③	CONDI	TIONS WHERE PI ARE NOT REQUI	STANDARD PIPE SIZES & (1) MAX PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS				
	Side Slope	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	Nominal Culvert I.D.	Single Pipe Culvert	Multiple Pipe Culverts	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.	Max Pipe Runner Length
	3:1	3:1	3.106:1	3.464:1	4.243:1	12" thru 21"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 45°	2" STD	2.375"	2.067"	N/A
	4:1	4:1	4.141:1	4.619:1	5.657:1	24"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 30°	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	10'-0"
	6:1	6:1	6.212:1	6.928:1	8.485:1	27"	Skews thru 30°	Skews thru 15°	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	19' - 8"
						30"	Skews thru 15°	Skews thru 15°	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	34' - 2"
						33"	Skews thru 15°	Always required				
						36"	Normal(No Skew)	Always required				
						42" to 60"	Always required	Always required				

			Е	STIMATED	CONCRE	TE RIPRAI	P QUANTI	TIES (CY	(5)			
Nominal Culvert I.D.	3:1 Side Slope				4:1 Side Slope				6:1 Side Slope			
	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
12"	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
15"	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9
18"	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0
21"	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2
24"	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3
27"	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4
30"	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6
33"	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
36"	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8
42"	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.1
48"	1.1	1.1	1.2	N/A	1.4	1.4	1.5	N/A	1.9	1.9	2.1	N/A
54"	1.3	1.3	N/A	N/A	1.6	1.6	N/A	N/A	2.1	2.1	N/A	N/A
60"	1.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.3	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1) Size of Pipe Runner shall be as shown in the tables. Cross Pipe shall be the same size as the Pipe Runner. Cross Pipe Stub Out and Bottom Anchor Pipe shall be the next smaller size pipe as shown in the STANDARD PIPE SIZES table.
- 2) This standard allows for the placement of only one pipe runner across each culvert pipe opening. In order to limit the clear opening to be traversed by an errant vehicle, the following conditions must be met:

For 60" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 0°. For 54" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 15°. For 48" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 30°. For all culvert pipe sizes 42" and less, the skew must not exceed 45°.

If the above conditions cannot be met, the designer should consider using a safety end treatment with flared wings. For further information, refer to the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual".

- (3) Miter = Slope of Mitered Pipe Culvert End
- (4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as Concrete Riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced Concrete Pipe Culvert. For multiple Pipe Culverts or for Corrugated Metal Pipe Culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only.

SHEET 1 OF 2

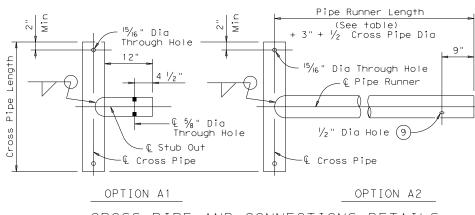


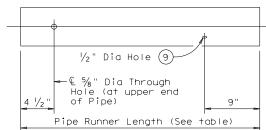
SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

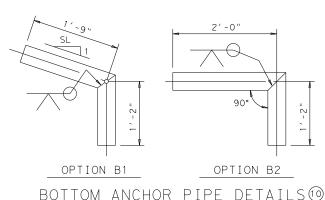
	_			_			
ILE: setpcdse.dgn	DN: GAF		ck: CAT	DW:	JRP	ск: GAF	
CTxDOT February 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB			SHWAY	
REVISIONS	0921	06				UTH PORT ONNECTOR	
11-10: Add note for synthetic fibers.	DIST		SHEET NO.				
	PHR		CAMERO	N		141	

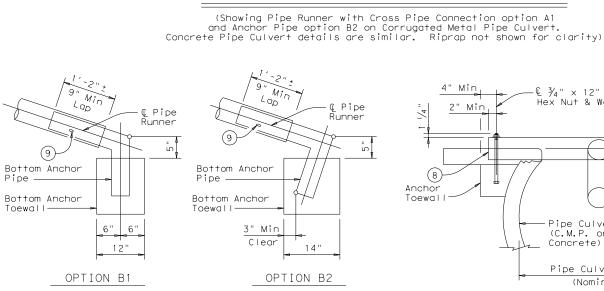


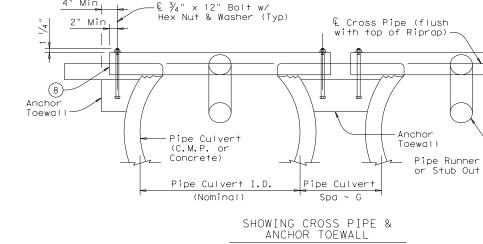


NOTE: The separate Pipe Runner shown is required when Cross Pipe Connection Option A1 is used.

PIPE RUNNER DETAILS







- ½" Dia Hole (9)

Pipe Runner Length

£ ½" Dia Bo∣+ w/

€ Pipe Runner

4" Min

Bottom Anchor Pipe Anchor Toewall-

> Limits of Riprap (to be included with S.E.T. for payment) (4) Tangent to widest portion of Pipe Culvert (Typ) Pine Culvert (C.M.P. or Concrete)

Limits of

Riprop

Side Slope 6

PLAN OF SKEWED INSTALLATION

- € Roadway

SHOWING TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT & RIPRAP

GENERAL NOTES: Pipe Runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

The Safety End Treatments shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the Pipe Runners.

Riprap and all necessary inverts shall be Concrete Riprap conforming to the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap".

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer

List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price Bid for each Safety End Treatment.

Pipe Runners, Cross Pipes, and Anchor Pipes shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B),

Bolts and nuts shall conform to ASTM A307.

All steel components, except concrete reinforcing, shall be galvanized after fabrication. Galvanizing damaged during transport or construction shall be repaired in accordance with the specifications.

SECTION A-A



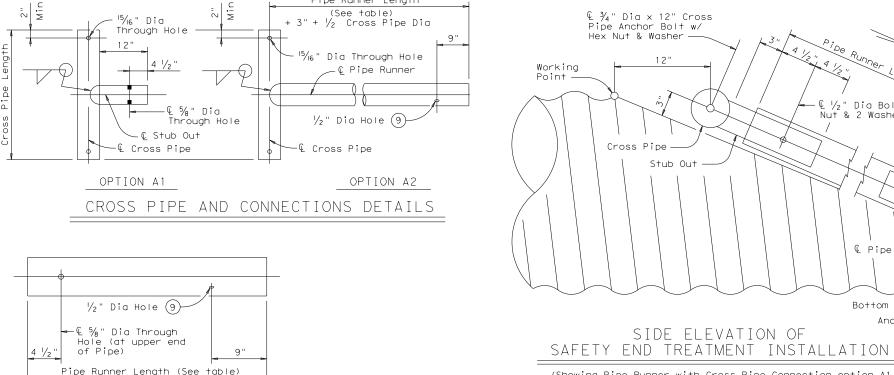


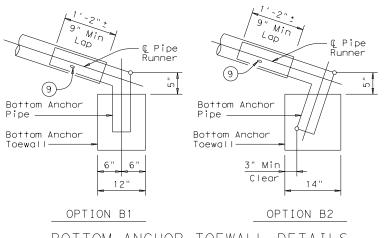
SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA

PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETD_CD

	SEIP-CD							
.E: setpcdse_dgn	DN: GAF		ск:	CAT	DW:	JRP	ck: GAF	
TxDOT February 2010	CONT	SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0921	06					OUTH PORT	
11-10: Add note for synthetic fibers.	DIST	COUNTY					SHEET NO.	
-,	PHR		$\cap \Delta$	MERC	M		142	





(Culvert & Riprap not shown for clarity)

BOTTOM ANCHOR TOEWALL DETAILS

(4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as Concrete Riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".

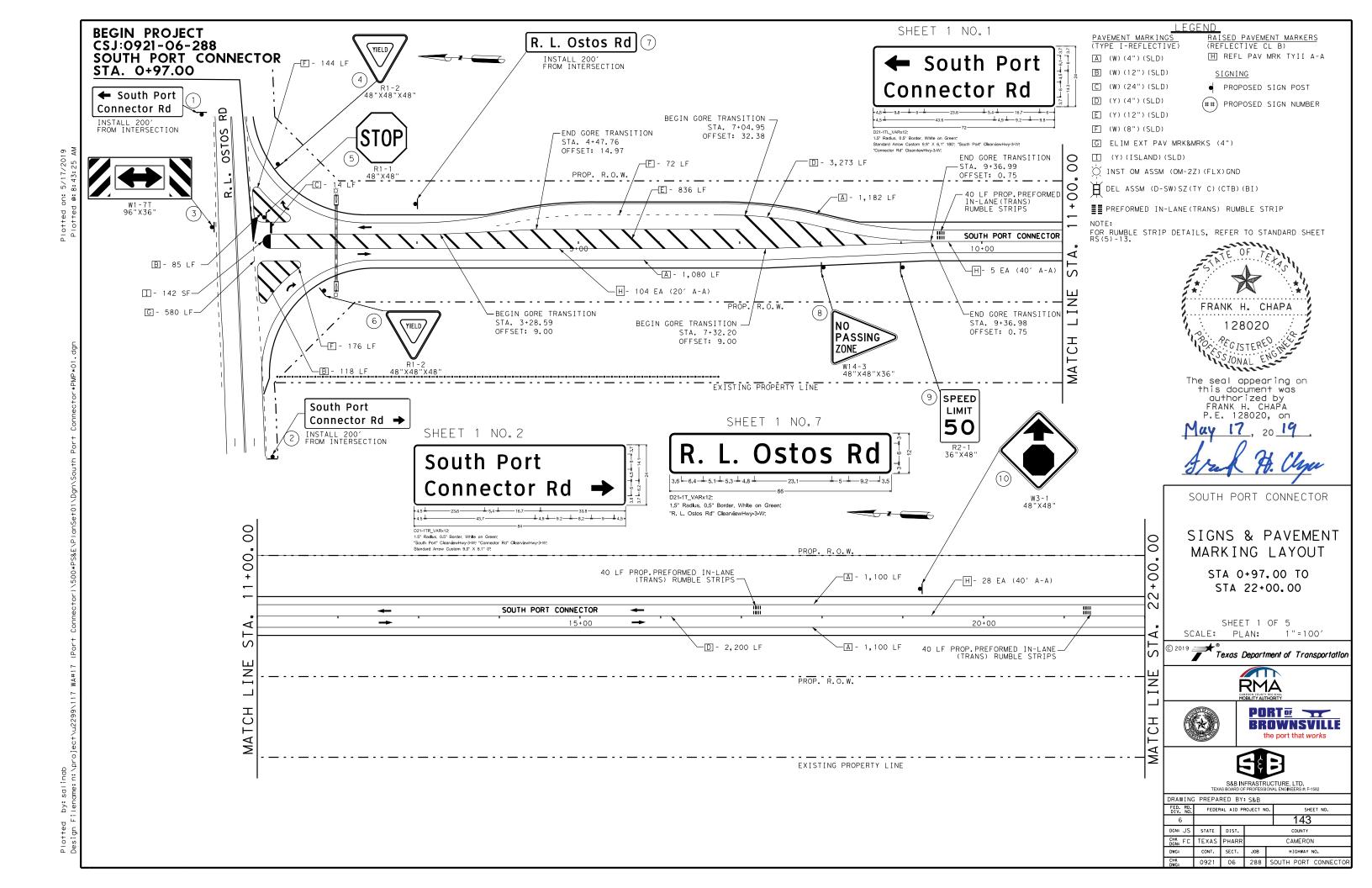
Recommended values of side slope are 3:1, 4:1, & 6:1. All quantities, calculations, and dimensions shown herein are based on these recommended values. Slope of 3:1 or flatter

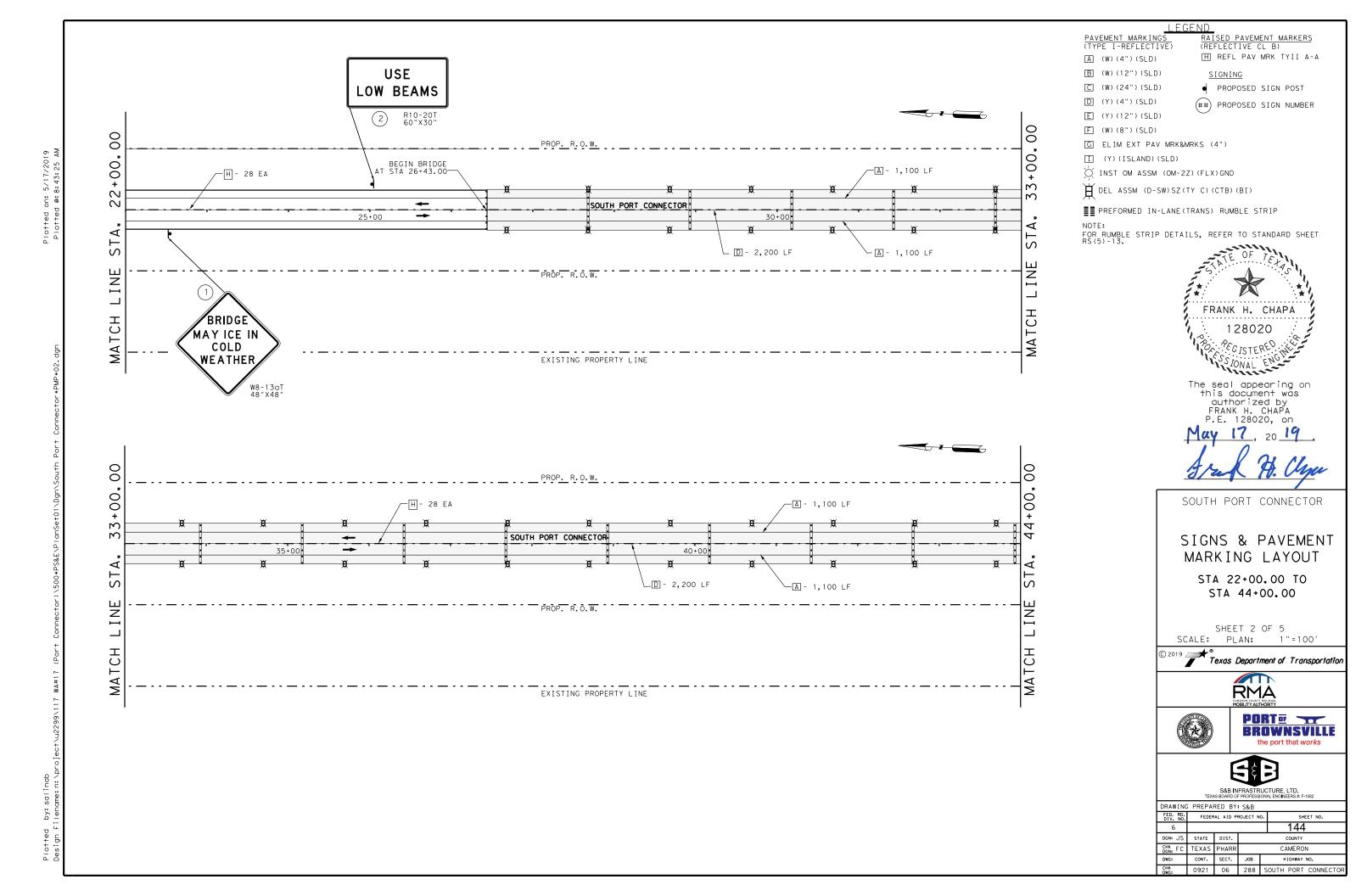
7) Note that actual slope of Pipe Runner may vary slightly from Side Slope of Riprap and trimmed Culvert Pipe edge.

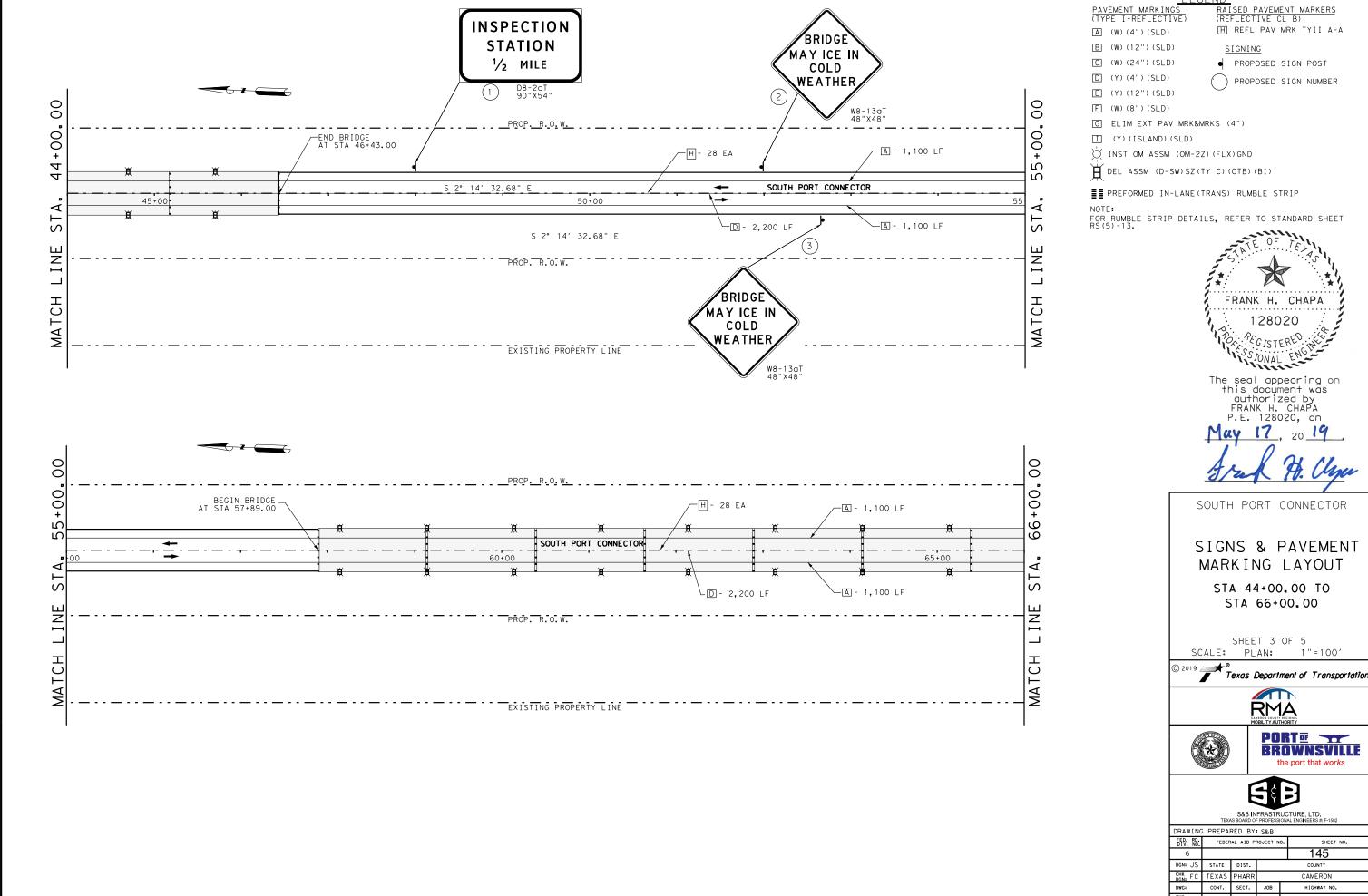
(8) Care shall be taken to ensure that Riprap concrete does not flow into the Cross Pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. 9 After installation, the $\frac{1}{2}$ " hole shall be inspected to ensure that the lap of the Pipe Runner with the Bottom Anchor Pipe

is required for vehicle safety.

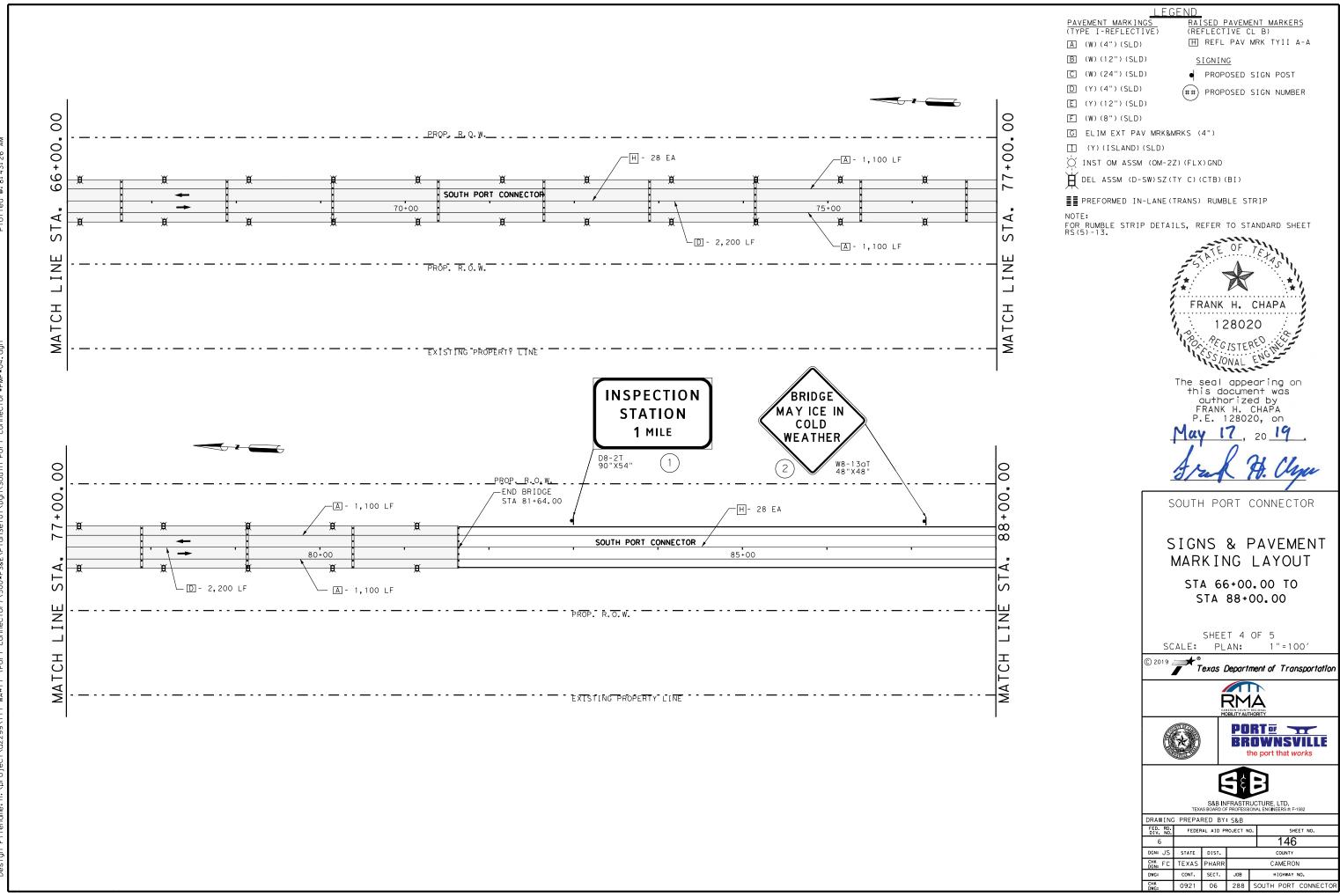
(1) At fabricator's option, a heat bend to a smooth 5" radius or a manufactured elbow (of the same material as the Runner) may be substituted for the mitered and welded joint in the Bottom

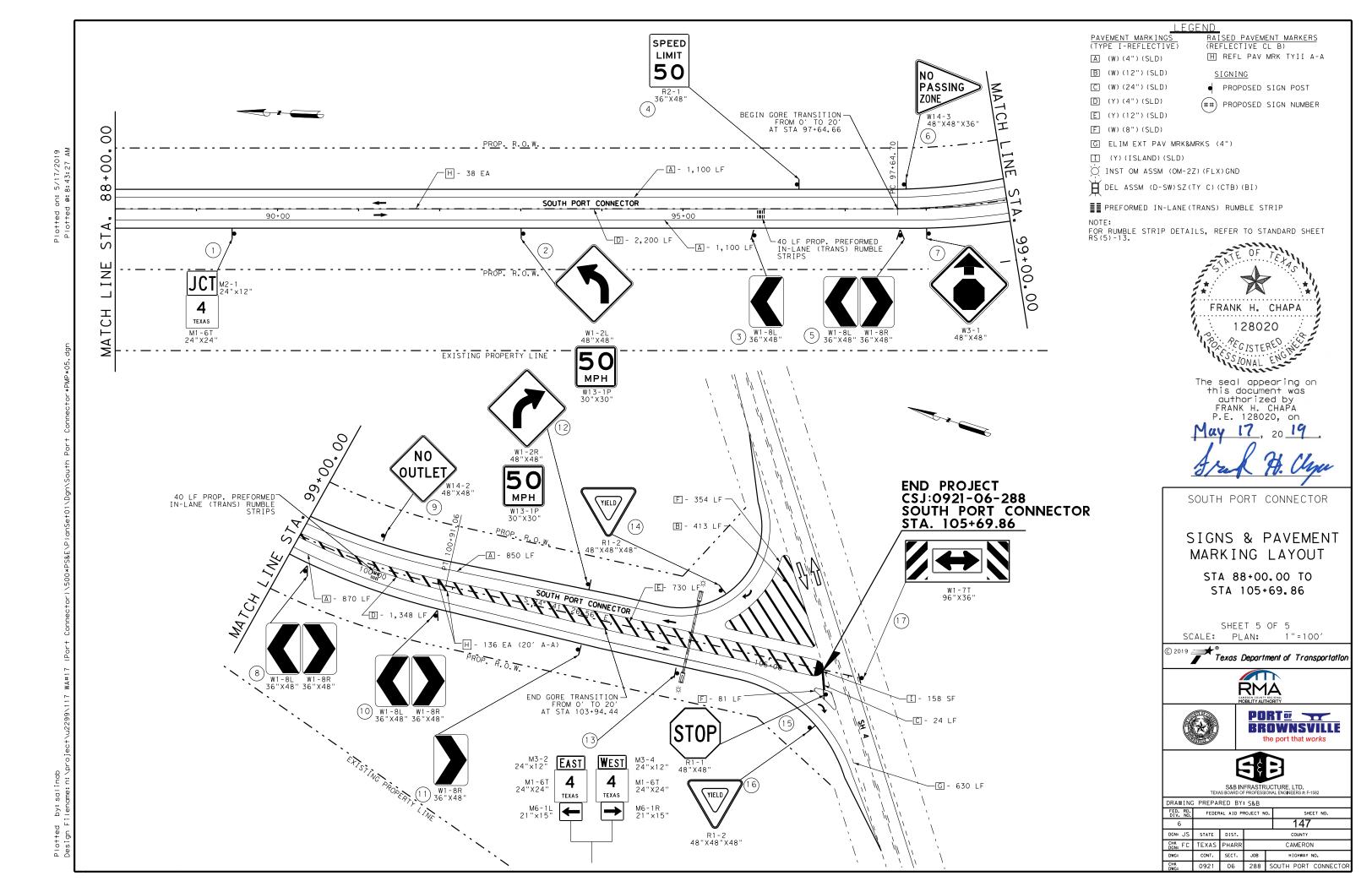






.\u2299\117 WA#17 (Port Connector)\500*PS&E\PlanSe+01\Dgn\Sou





			SUMMARY	OF SN	ΛΑΙ	<u>LSIG</u>	N S	ı				
					E A)) SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	$\frac{XX}{T}$ $(X - \frac{XXXX}{T})$	BRIDGE	
					(TYPE						MOUNT CLEARANCE	
PLAN SHEET SIGN	STATION	SIGN				POST TYPE	POSTS			ITING DESIGNATION	SIGNS	
NO. NO.	(LT OR RT)	NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	UMINU	FRP = Fiberglass		UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED	1EXT or 2EXT = # of		
						TWT = Thin-Wall	1 or 2		P = "Plain"	BM = Extruded Wind WC = 1.12 #/ft Win	DC 0	
					AL AL	10BWG = 10 BWG	1 01 2	SB=Slipbase-Bolt	T = "T"	Channe I	TY = TYPE	
					FLA1 EXAL	S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	U = "U"	EXAL= Extruded Alum Panels	Sign TYN	
								m - medge i rusi re		7 3110 10	11.3	
OF 5 1		D21-1TL	South Port Connector Rd	72" X 24"	X	S80	1	SA	Т			
2		D21-1TR	South Port Connector Rd →	84" X 24"	Х	S80	1	SA	Т			ALUMINUM
3		W1 - 7T	CHEVRON/TWO-DIRECTION LARGE ARROW	96" X 36"	X	S80	1	SA	Т			Square F
4		R1-2	YIELD	48" X 48"X 48"	Х	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р			Less than
5 6		R1 - 1	STOP YIELD	48" X 48" 48" X 48"X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA SA	P P			7.5 to 1
7		D21-1T	R. L. Ostos Rd	66" X 12"	X	\$80	1	SA	Т			Greater th
8		W14-3	NO PASSING ZONE	48" X 48"X 36"	Х	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р			
9		R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 50	36" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	T			
10		W3 - 1	STOP AHEAD	48" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	T			
2 OF 5 1		W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY ICE IN COLD WEATHER	48" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			The Stand for Texas
2		R10-20T	USE LOW BEAMS	60" X 30"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			the follow
3 OF 5 1		D8-2aT	INSPECTION STATION 1/2 MILE	90" X 54"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			http
2		W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY ICE IN COLD WEATHER	48" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			
3		W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY ICE IN COLD WEATHER	48" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	T			
1 OF 5 1		D8-2T	INSPECTION STATION 1/2 MILE	90" X 54"	 x	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			NOTE:
2		W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY ICE IN COLD WEATHER	48" X 48"	Х	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			1. Sign suppor- on the plans
												may shift th
5 OF 5 1		M2 - 1 M1 - 6T	JCT SH 4	24" X 12" 24" X 24"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			design guide secure a mor
2		W1 - 2L	CURVE	48" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			avoid confli otherwise sh
		W13-1P	50 MPH	48" X 48"								Contractor s
3		W1-8L	CHEVRON LEFT	36" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	T -			will verify
5		R2-1 W1-8L	SPEED LIMIT 50 CHEVRON LEFT BK-BK	36" X 48" 36" X 48"	T X	1 OBWG 1 OBWG	1 1	SA SA	T T			2. For install signs, see
		W1 - 8R	CHEVRON RIGHT	36" X 48"	X	105110	'	JA	'			Assembly (B
6		W14-3	NO PASSING ZONE STOP AHEAD	48" X 48"X 36"	X	1 O B W G	1	SA SA	P			
7 8		W3-1 W1-8L	CHEVRON LEFT BK-BK	48" X 48" 36" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	T			3. For Sign Su Sign Mounti
Ŭ		W1 -8R	CHEVRON RIGHT BK-BK	36" X 48"	X	100#6		JA	'			Signs Gener
9		W14-2	NO OUTLET	48" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			
10		W1 - 8L	CHEVRON LEFT BK-BK CHEVRON RIGHT	36" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			
11		W1 - 8R W1 - 8R	CHEVRON RIGHT CHEVRON RIGHT	36" X 48" 36" X 48"	x	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			
12		W1 - 2R	CURVE	48" X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Ť			
		W13-1P	50 MPH	48" X 48"								
13		M3-2 M1-6T	EAST SH 4	24" X 12" 24" X 24"	×	1 OBWG	1	SA	U			
		M6-1L	5H 4 ←	21" X 15"	X							<u> </u>
		M3 - 4	WEST	24" X 12"	X							
		M1-6T	SH 4	24" X 24"	X							Texas Depart
14		M6-1R R1-2	YIELD	21" X 15" 48" X 48"X 48"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			
15		R1-2 R1-1	STOP	48 X 48 X 48 48" X 48"	<u> </u> x	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			SI
16		R1-2	YIELD	48" X 48"X 48"	Х	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р			S SN
1 7		W1 - 7 T	CHEVRON/TWO-DIRECTION LARGE ARROW	96" X 36"	x	\$80	1	SA	Т			2M
												FILE: sums16.dgn © TxDOT May 1987
												REVISIONS 4-16
					+	1		1				8-16

GN BLANKS THICKNESS Minimum Thickness 0.080" 0.100" 0.125"

d Highway Sign Designs SHSD) can be found at ng website.

www.txdot.gov/

- shall be located as shown except that the Engineer sign supports, within nes, where necessary to desirable location or to with utilities. Unless n on the plans, the II stake and the Engineer I sign support locations.
- on of bridge mount clearance dge Mounted Clearance Sign 3)Standard Sheet.
- ort Descriptive Codes, see Details Small Roadside Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

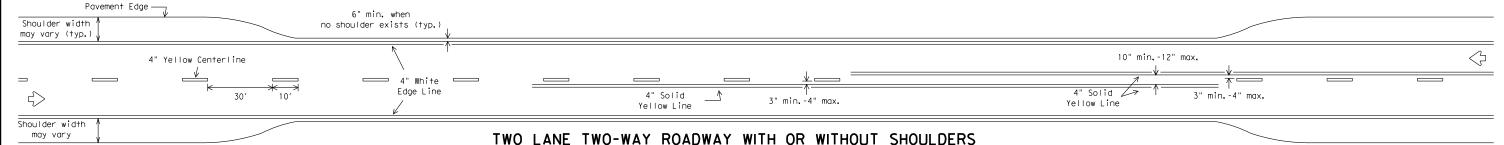
nt of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

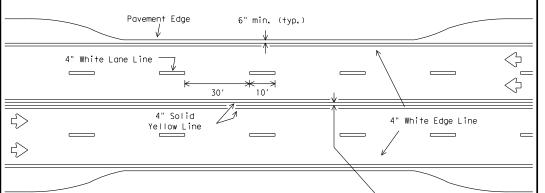
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:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
16 16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		PHR		CAMERO		148	

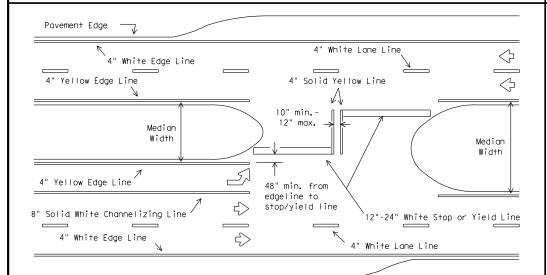


TWO LANE IWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS



CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

3" min.-4" usual (12" max. for traveled way greater than 48' only)

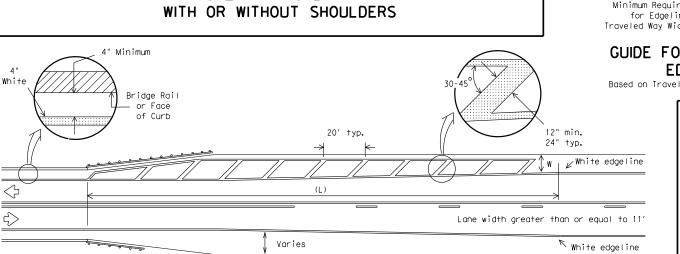


All medians shall be field measured to determine the location of necessary striping. Stop/Yield bars and centerlines shall be placed when the median width is greater than 30 ft. The median width is defined as the area between two roadways of a divided highway measured from edge of traveled way to edge of traveled way. The median excludes turn lanes. The median width might be different between intersections, interchanges and of opposite approaches of the same intersection. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if markings are required.

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY INTERSECTIONS

Povement Edge 6" min. (typ.) 4" White Lane Line 30' 10' 4" Yellow Edge Line

EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES ONE-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS



NOTES:

- 1. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional but if used, it shall be a minimum 500 feet long.
- 2. For crosshatching length (L) see Table 1.
- 3. The width of the offset (W) and the required crosshatching width is the full shoulder width in advance of the bridge.
- 4. The crosshatching is not required if delineators or barrier reflectors are used along the structure.
- 5. For guard fence details, refer elsewhere in the plans.

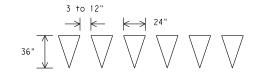
ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should typically be placed a minimum of 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel and not the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
AVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
POXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
ITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
RAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
OT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
ERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
·	

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



FOR POSTED SPEED ON ROAD BEING MARKED EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 45 MPH

YIELD LINES

FOR POSTED SPEED ON ROAD BEING MARKED EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 40 MPH

			Width: 12" min. 24" max.		
			EDGE LINE 4" Solid White		
6" min. (typ.)	→<	>	CENTERLINE * 4" Yellow Length: 10' Gap: 30' * OPTIONAL 4" Solid Yellow line on approaches to intersections (500' min.)		->
	Minimum Requ			Minimum Requir	
	for Edge			nterlines witho ement Width 16′	
	Traveled Way	WIUTH ≥ 20	FUVE	sincili widili io	- W \ 20

STOP LINES Solid White

4′ min.

30' max.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

TABLE 1 - TYPICAL LENGTH (L)

`4′ min.

30' max.

Posted Speed **	Formula				
≤ 40	L= WS 2				
≥ 45	L=WS				

\(\) 85th Percentile Speed may be used on roads where traffic speeds normally exceed the posted speed limit. Crosshatching length should be rounded up to nearest 5 foot increment.

L=Length of Crosshatching (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

FXAMPLES:

An 8 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 4 feet on a 70 MPH roadway. The length of the cross-hatching should be:

 $L = 8 \times 70 = 560 \text{ ft.}$

A 4 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 2 feet on a 40 MPH roadway. The length of the cross-hatching should be:

 $L = 4(40)^2 / 60 = 106.67$ ft. rounded to 110 ft.



TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

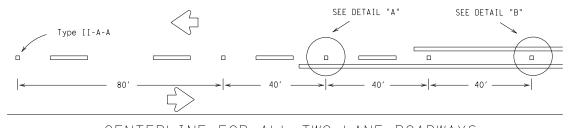
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© TxDOT November 1978	DN: TXD	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
-95 2-12 -00	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
-00	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-03	PHR		CAMERO	N		149

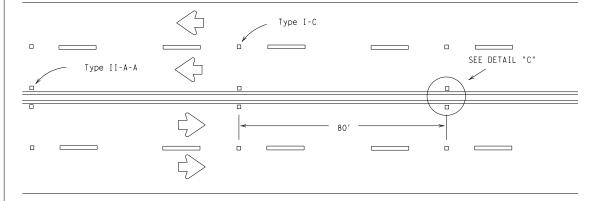
DATE: FILE:

22

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

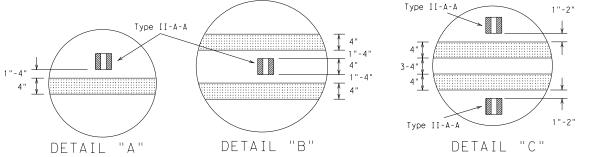


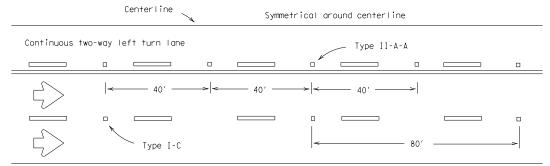
CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



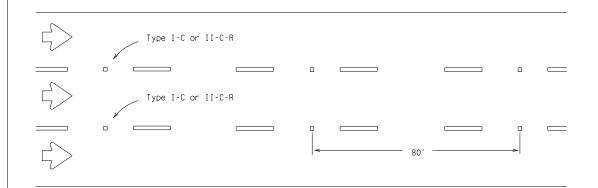
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Raised pavement marker Type I-C, clear face toward normal traffic, shall be placed on 80-foot centers.

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.





CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

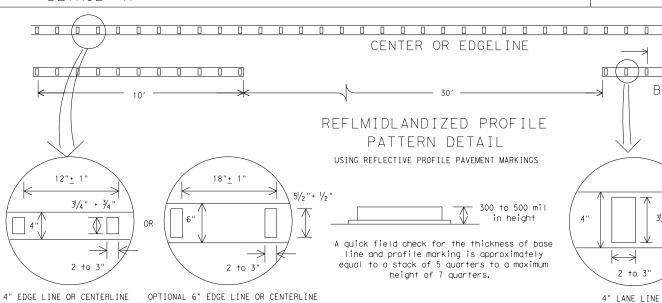
Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

51/2" + 1/2

OPTIONAL 6" LANE LINE

BROKEN LANE LINE

31/4"+ 3/4

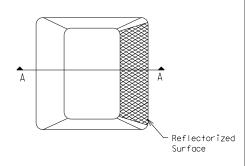


GENERAL NOTES

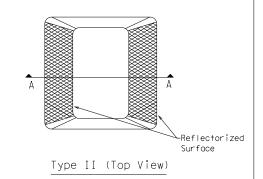
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

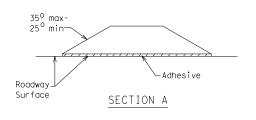
MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	NS.
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLMIDLANDIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKER	S DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKIN	GS DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



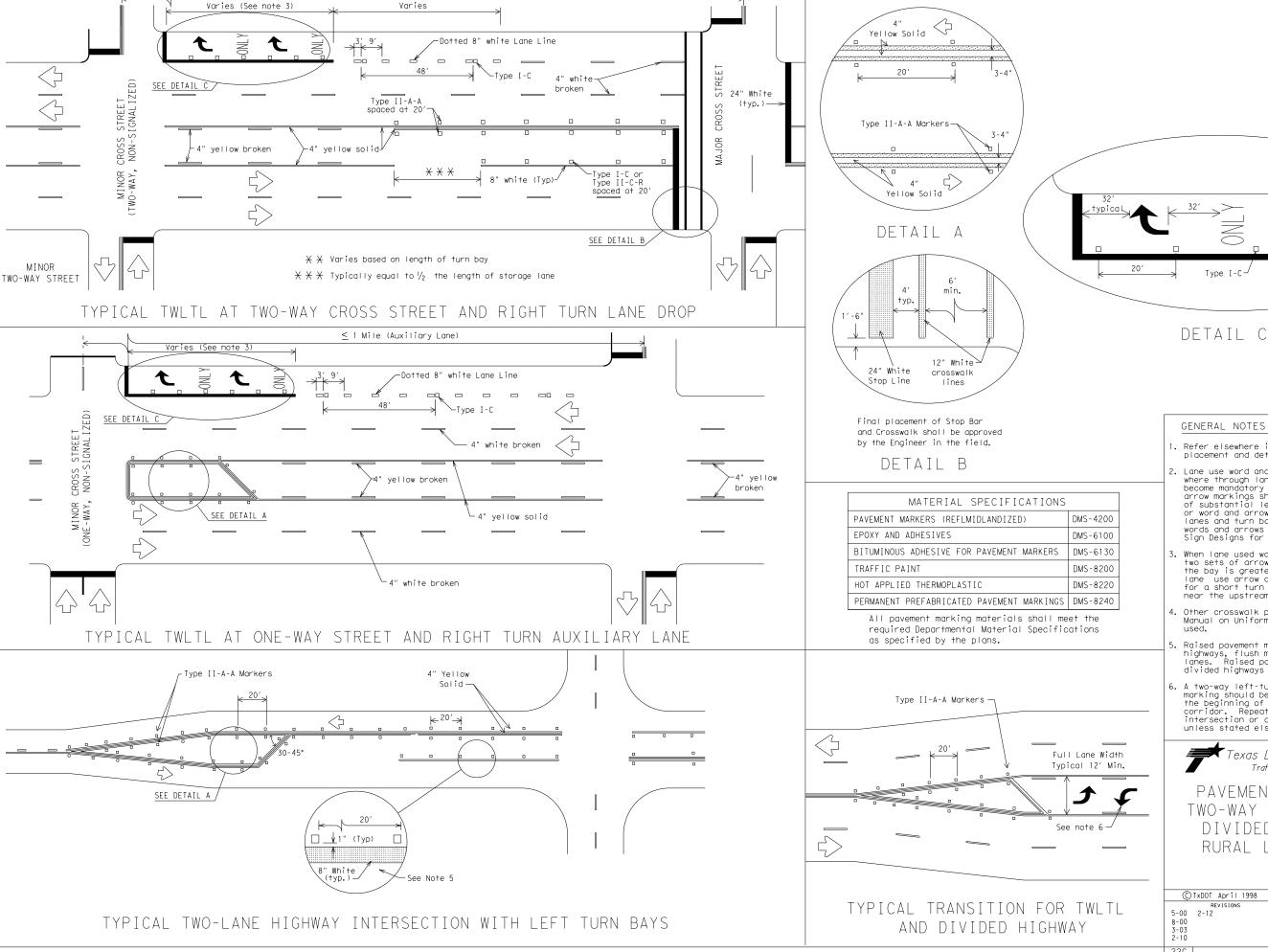
POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS

PM(2) - 12

©⊺xDOT April 1977	DN: TXI	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
4-92 2-10 5-00 2-12	0921	06	288			SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
8-00	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
2-08	PHR	CAMERON				150	
220							







≥ 1 Mile (Lane Drop)

GENERAL NOTES

- Refer elsewhere in plans for additional RPM placement and details.
- 2. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- . When lane used word and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- 4. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be
- Raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 6. A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.



PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES DIVIDED HIGHWAYS AND RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS

PM(3) - 12

©⊺xDOT April 1998	DN: TXI	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	HIGHWAY	
-00 2-12 -00	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR		
-03	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
-10	PHR	PHR CAMERON				151	
00							



Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP))

TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type —

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))
WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))
T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
IF REQUIRED

No more than 2 sign

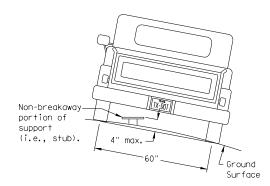
posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakoway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

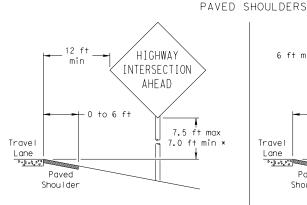
7 ft.

diameter

circle

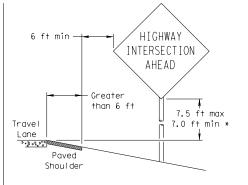
Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width, the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



SIGN LOCATION

GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

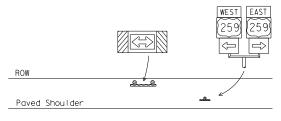
When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

Travel Lane Paved Shoulder

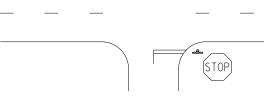
- 12 ft min -

T-INTERSECTION

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.



Edge of Travel Lane



- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or(2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
	0921	06	288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR		
	DIST	IST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
PHI		CAMERON				152	

BEHIND BARRIER |

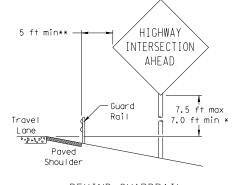
2 ft min**

Maximum

possible

Travel

P . 24 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0



BEHIND GUARDRAIL

INTERSECTION
AHEAD

Concrete 7.5 ft max
7.0 ft min *
Paved Shoulder

BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

HIGHWAY

**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

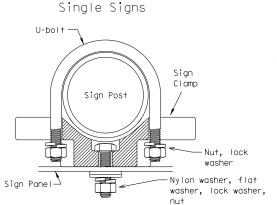
TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

diameter

circle



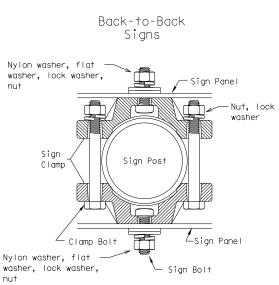
7 ft.

diameter

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp or the universal clamp.



Acceptable

7 ft.

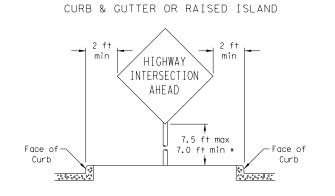
diameter

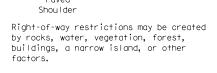
circle

	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min * Travel Lane Paved Shoulder Travel Shoulder Trav

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





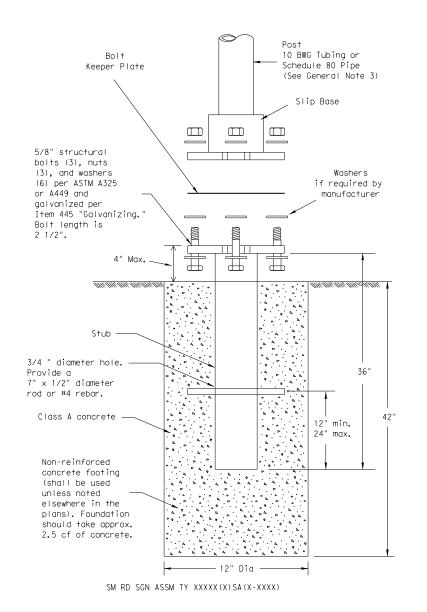
7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme slope.

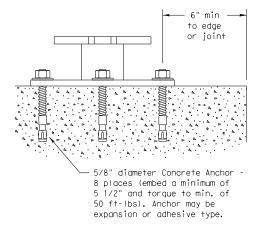
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor. when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"
Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"
Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

€ TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXE	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	SHWAY
	0921	06	06 288		SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		CAMERO	N		153

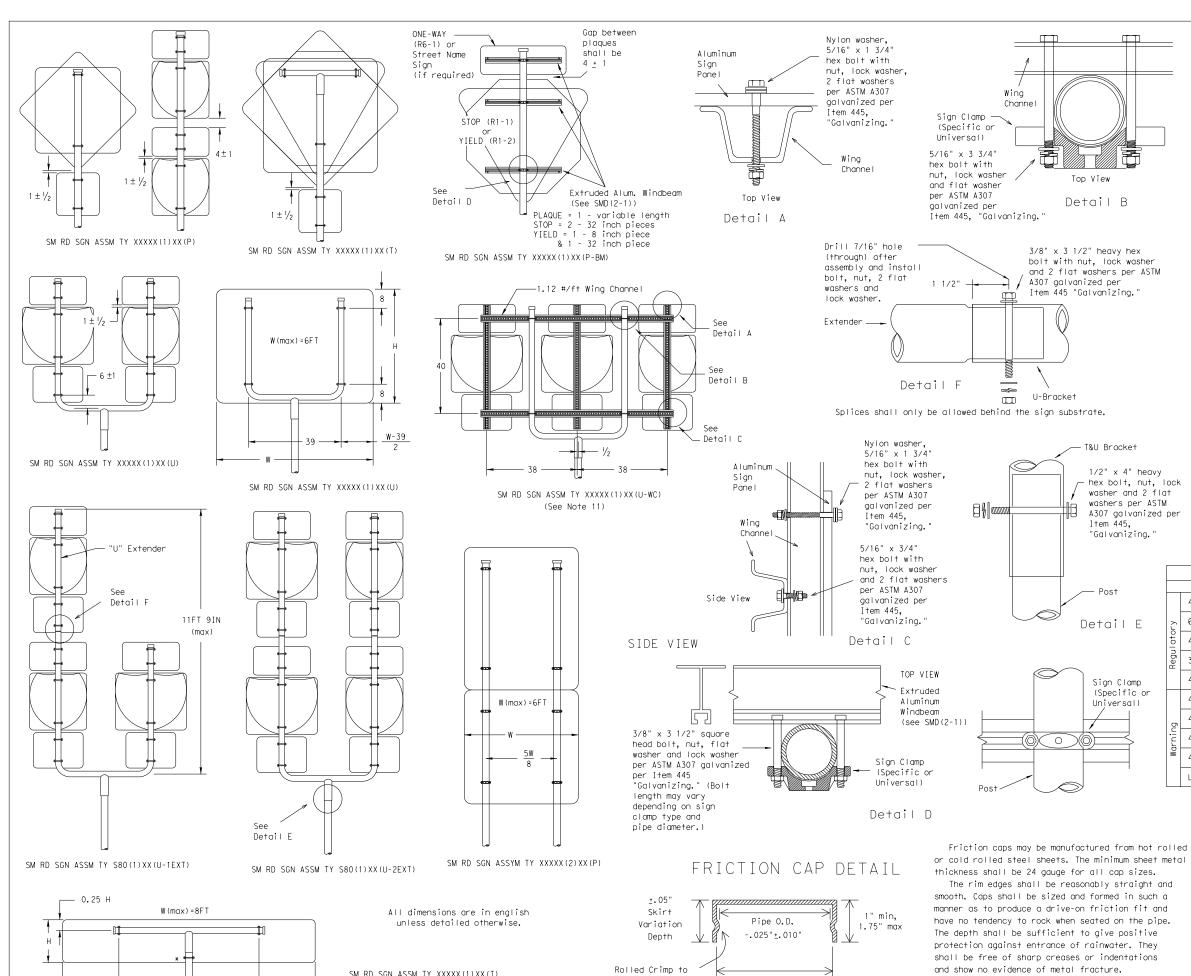




- 0.2W

0.6W

(* - See Note 12)



engage pipe O.D.

Pipe O.D.

+.025" <u>+</u>.010"

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly' connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

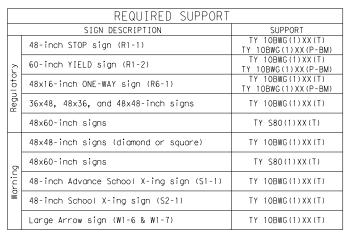
 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.



Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

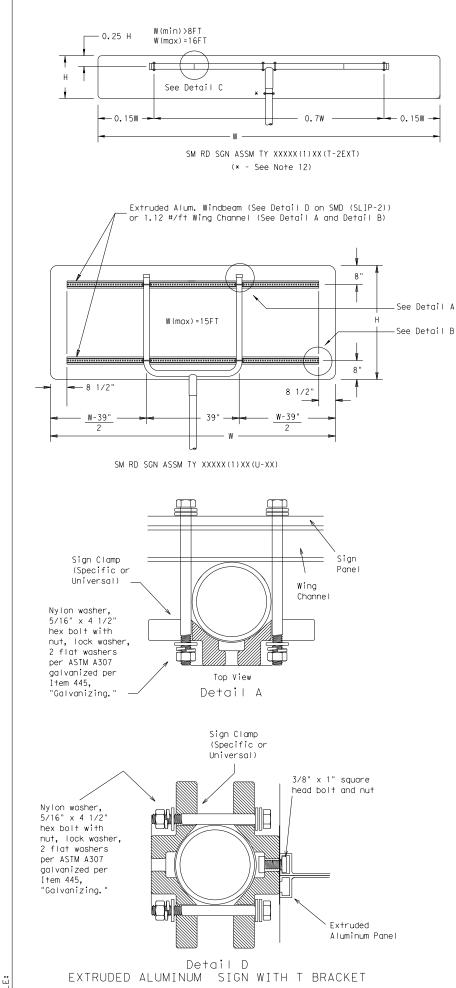
SMD(SLIP-2)-08

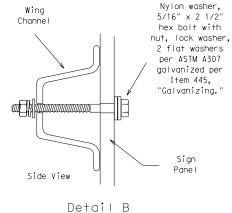
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXI	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	GHWAY
	0921	06	288			TH PORT INECTOR
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	PHR		CAMER	ON		154

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of

zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

B633 Class FE/ZN 8.





w variable

Slip base

Typical Sign Mount

SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

Extruded Aluminum Sign

With T Bracket

imes Additional stiffener placed at approximate center

Post

Sign clamp —

Sign Clamp

See Detail D

Ì Bracket

S3x5.7

details)

_ .2w —>

variable

2 7/8" O.D.

Sch. 80

steel pipe

6" panel should

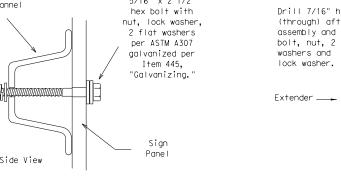
be placed at the top of

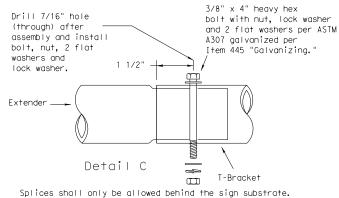
sign for proper mounting.

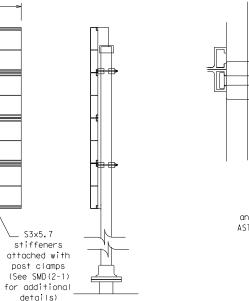
Extruded Aluminum

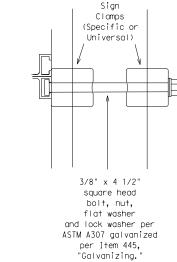
Sign

2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWGsteel pipe





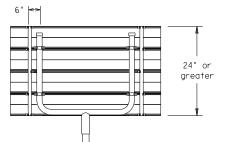




Detail E

See Detail E

for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
Ž	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
ō	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
W	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	то	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	GHWAY
3 00	0921	06				TH PORT INECTOR
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		CAMER	ON		155

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING			



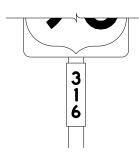




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

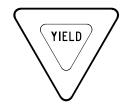
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© TxD0T	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 12-03 7-13		0921	06	288			JTH PORT NNECTOR
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		PHR		CAMERO	V		156

REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

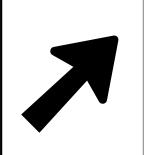
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ATE:

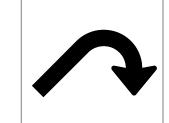
ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)





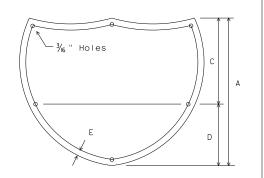


E - 3

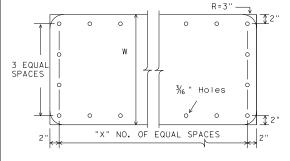




Down Arrow



6" "Y" NO. OF EQUAL SPACES 6" ' Holes



U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size

24×24

30×24

36×36 45×36

48×48

3 3

4

4

5

STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

Type A Type B

TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE	
A-I	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single	
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane	
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits	
В-І	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple	
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane	
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits	

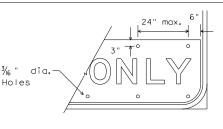
CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3	E5-laT
E-4	E5-IbT

NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

21 | 15 28 | 20 |

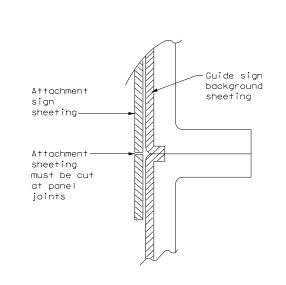
36

C D E

13/4

EXIT ONLY PANEL

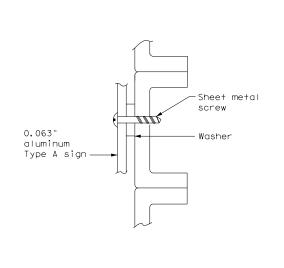
MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)



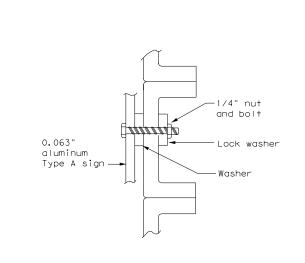
DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT

NOTE:

- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



SCREW ATTACHMENT

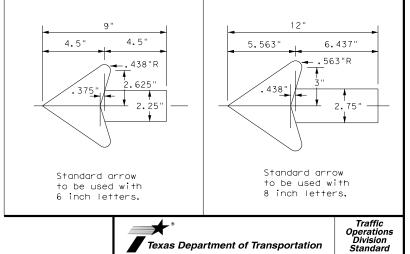


NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

ARROW DETAILS for Destination Signs (Type D)

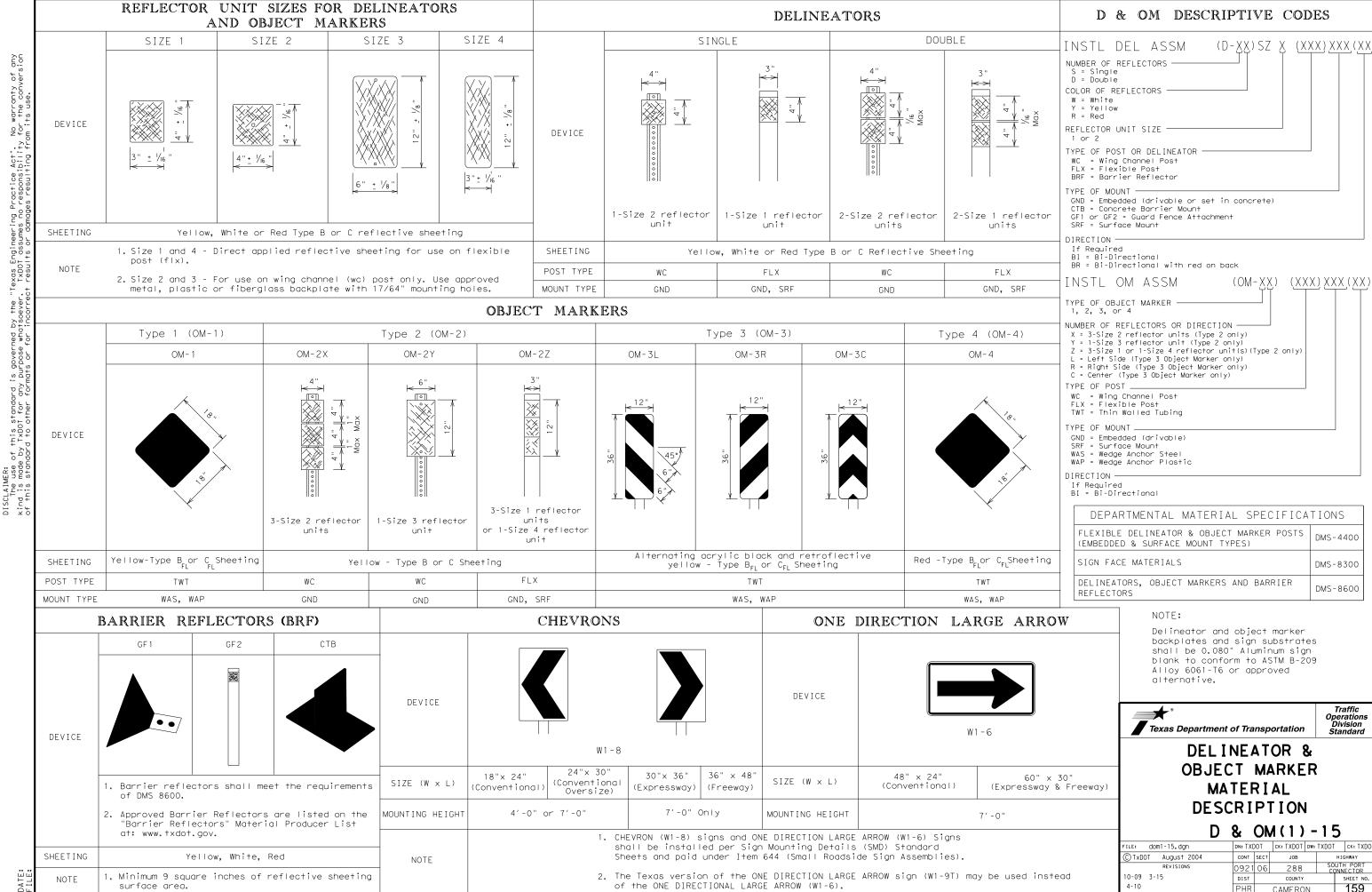


Texas Department of Transportation

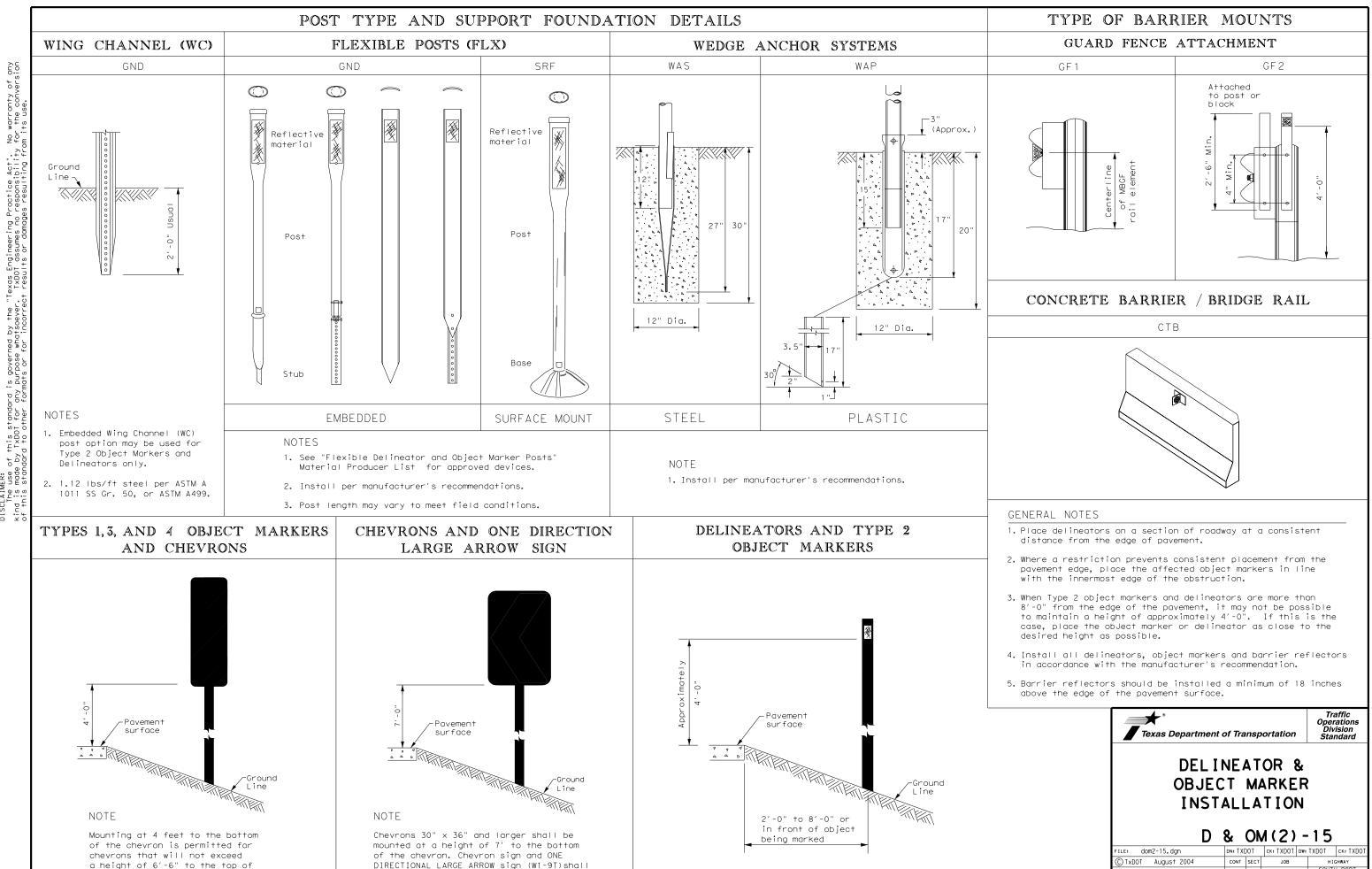
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

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-03 7-13 -08			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
			PHR		CAMERO	N		158



20A



See general notes 1, 2 and 3.

DATE:

the chevron (sizes 24" \times 30" and

be installed per SMD standard sheets and

paid under item 644.

20B

10-09 3-15

4-10

0921 06

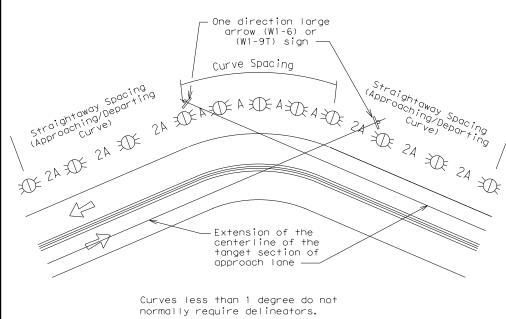
288

CAMERON

USE OF WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEED LIMITS

Amount by which Advisory Speed Is less than Posted Speed	Warning Devices Needed
5 MPH & 10 MPH	RPMs
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs, and Delineators or RPMs and ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6) or (W1-9T) sign
25 MPH & Greater	RPMs and Chevrons

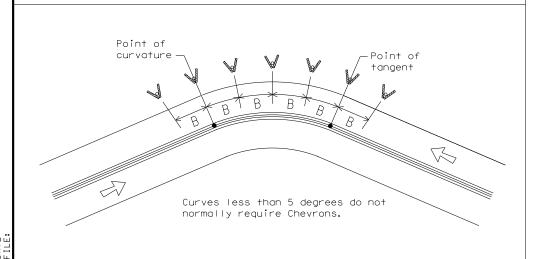
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



NOTE

ONE DIRECTIONAL LARGE ARROW (W1-6) or(W1-9T) sign should be located at approximately and perpendicular to the extension of the centerline of the tangent section of approach lane.

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		А	2 A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
1 1	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
1 4	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40
C	مادمما		ab and danas+	

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN					
Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve		
	А	2×A	В		
65	130	260	200		
60	110	220	160		
55	100	200	160		
50	85	170	160		
45	75	150	120		
40	70	140	120		
35	60	120	120		
30	55	110	80		
25	50	100	80		
20	40	80	80		
15	35	70	40		

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve ¹	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
FRWY/EXP. Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 4 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents. Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves).
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 4 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 4 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence or CTB	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end. Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end.	Requires Type 3 Object Marker or reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM(VIA).
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail.	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 Object Markers and 3 single delineators approaching bridge.	See Detail 1 on D & OM(4)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 3 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators or RPM's	See Detail 5 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

NOTES

- 1. Delineators not required in urban areas with continuous illumination.
- 2. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 3. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 4. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
XX	Bi-directional Delineator				
K	Delineator				
4	Sign				



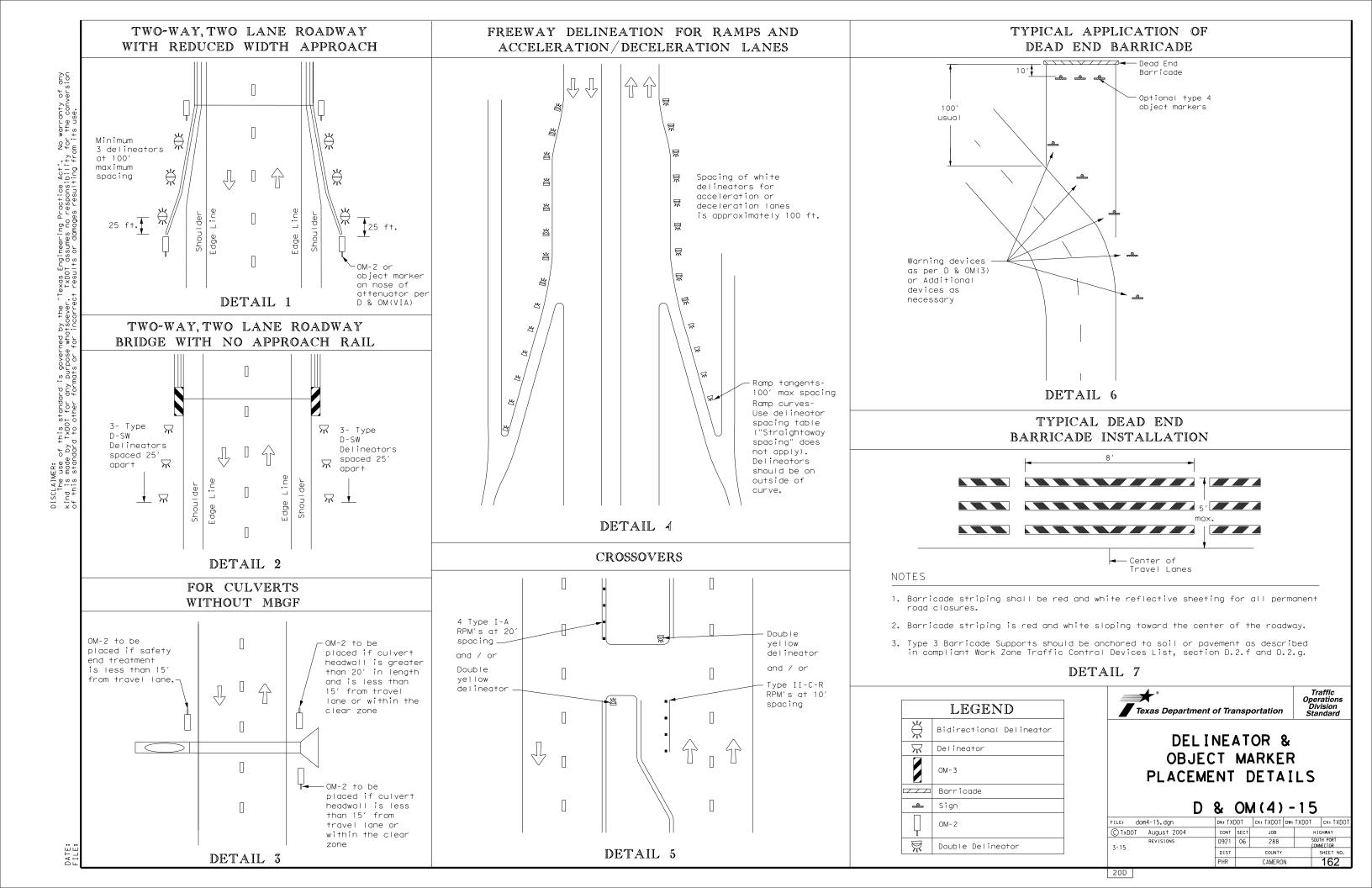
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER

Division Standard

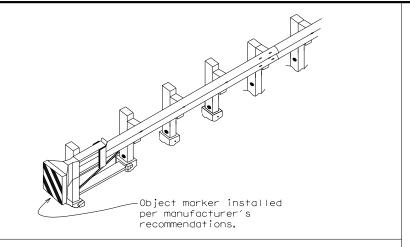
D & OM(3) - 15B

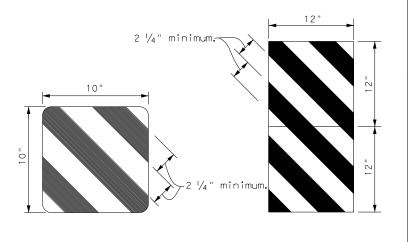
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3-15	PHR		CAMERO	N		1	61

PLACEMENT DETAILS

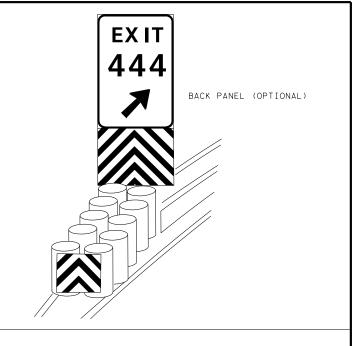


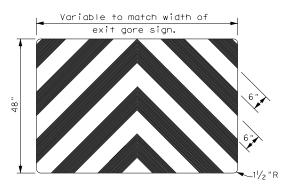
20E





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT





NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS**

D & OM(VIA)-15

FILE: domvia15.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
© TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB			SHWAY
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4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98	PHR		CAMERO	Ν		164

20G

SITE DESCRIPTION

	To: SH 4
-	
JE	CT SITE MAPS:
	*Project Location Map: Title Sheet (Sheet I)
-	*Drainage Patterns: See Drainage Area Maps *Approx. Slopes Anticipated After Major Gradings and Areas of Soil Distrubance: See Typ
-	Sects for slope details *Major Controls and Locations of Stabilization Practices: See Mainlanes SW3P Layout Sheets
	for details *Project Specific Locations: To be specified by Project Field Office and located in the
-	Project SW3P File
JE	ECT DESCRIPTION: For the construction of South Port Connector at the Port of Brownsville
-	
	R SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES: Soil disturbing activities will include preparing the R.O.W excavation and embankment for the roadway and proposed bridge structures. Placement of tops for establishment of both temporary and final seeding. Disturbed areas on which construction activity has ceased (temporarily or permanently) shall be
	stabilized within 14 days unless activities are scheduled to resume and do so within 14 days. Final seeding shall be accomplished on all areas as soon as construction stage is complete.
ΑL	PROJECT AREA: 36.00 Acres
ΑL	AREA TO BE DISTURBED: 36.00 Acres (100%)
ЭН	TED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT: <u>80 CN</u>
	ING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE <u>The existing soil condition consists mainly of Lomalta Clay, O to I percent slopes, occassionally ponded (73.8%), Sejita silty clay loam, O to percent slopes, occassionally ponded (8.1%), and Twin palms occassionally flooded-Yarborough</u>
	frequently flooded complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes (18.1%). The area is covered approximately 75% percent existing for this project.
. (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. (75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre
(<u>(</u>	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre
(<u>°</u> AN	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT
(<u>°</u> AN	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
(<u>°</u> AN	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
(<u>°</u> AN	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
(<u>°</u> AN	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
(<u>°</u> AN	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:
	75%, percent existing for this project. OF RECEIVING WATERS: Brownsville Ship Channel (Segment ID: 2494), Laguna Madre Segment ID: 2491), which ultimately flows into the Gulf of Mexico (Segment ID: 2501). NGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT HISTORICAL PROPERTY:

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

	FEMPORARY SEEDING MULCHING (Hay or Straw) BUFFER ZONES	<pre> PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES FLEXIBLE CHANNEL LINER RIGID CHANNEL LINER</pre>
F	PLANTING SEEDING	SOIL RETENTION BLANKET COMPOST MANUFACTURED COMPOST
9	SODDING BIODEGRADABLE EROSION	OTHER: (Specify Practice)
	CONTROL SOCKS	
LICTUDAL	DDACTICES: (Soloot T.	= Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)
	SILT FENCES	remperary of the framework, do approacted
	BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CO HAY BALES	ONTROL SOCKS
	ROCK FILTER DAMS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR,	OR PERIMETER DIKES
[DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALI	OR PERIMETER SWALES
F	PIPE SLOPE DRAINS PAVED FLUMES	
F	ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRU	
F	FIMBER MATTING AT CONST PIPE MATTING OR EQUAL A	
	CHANNEL LINERS SEDIMENT TRAPS	
	SEDIMENT BASINS STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRA	AP.
9	STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES CURBS AND GUTTERS	
9	STORM SEWERS	
	VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICE: DTHER: (Specify Practice	
RM WATE	VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICE: OTHER: (Specify Practice) OTHER: (Specify Pra	e) ided by storm sewer networks. This storm
RM WATE Storn drain	ZER MANAGEMENT: " water drainage will be provi	e) ided by storm sewer networks. This storm
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RM WATE Storn drain cross The o I Ins rec 2. In. out 3. Co 4. Co 5. Se 6. On sh Non-s allows spring	TERMANAGEMENT: THER: (Specify Practice of the province of the proposed from the p	ided by storm sewer networks. This storm vithin the R.O.W. to low points in the roadway profile who mately to the designated receiving waters. S: (Sequence of Construction) follows: R.O.W. on side where construction will take place, and n applicable. ets, Install slit fence along roadway storm sewer network rofile Sheets. TY "D" stage as shown on TCP. th temp. seeding per phase from side slope to right of wa complete, permanent seeding on proposed areas , or as instructed by the Engineer. ARGES: If be filtered, or held in retention basins, before being These discharges consist of non-polluted ground water, footing drain water; and water used for dust control,

OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES

OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MAINTENANCE: All erosion and sediment controls will be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it will be done at the earliest date possible, but no later than 7 calendar days after the surrounding exposed ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage from heavy equipment. The areas adjacent to creeks and drainage ways shall have priority followed by devices protecting storm sewer inlets.

INSPECTION: For areas of the construction site that have not been finally stabilized, area used for storage of materials, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site, personnel provided by the permittee and familiar with the SW3P must inspect disturbed areas at least once every fourteen (14) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm event 0.5 inches or greater.

WASTE MATERIALS: All waste materials will be collected and stored in a securely lidded dumpster. All trash and construction debris from the site will be deposited as necessary at a local dump. No construction waste material will be buried on site or any other unauthorized site.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): At a minimum, any products in the following categories to be hazardous: Paints, Acids for cleaning masonry surfaces, Cleaning Solvents, Asphalt products. Chemical additives for soil stabilization, or Concrete curing compounds and additives. In the event of a spill which may be hazardous, the spill Coordinator should be contacted immediately. Emptying of excess concrete should not be allowed on site. Likewise, washout of concrete trucks should not be performed on site. These discharges are considered non-allowable non-storm water discharges. Concrete trucks should never be allowed to dump into water bodies.

SANITARY WASTE: All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units as necessary; or as required by local regulation, by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor, in accordance

OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING: The Contractor shall be rquired, on a regular basis or as may be directed by the Engineer, to dampen haul roads for dust control, stabilize construction entrances remove excess dirt from the roadway daily, and for all loaded haultrucks to be covered with

MANAGEMENT PRACTICEs: (Example Below - May be used as applicable, revised or expanded)

1. Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located within 25-50 ft of any wet land, water body or stream bed. 2. Construction staging areas and vehicle maintenance areas shall be constructed by the

Contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants. 3. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, falsework, piling, or debris or other obstructions placed during

construction operations that are not a part of the finished work.

I. Construction Materials List of materials stored on job site to be provided by Contractor. 2. The project SW3P File shall be located at the project field office or within the Contractor's mobile office at all times and shall contain the N.O.I., CGP, Signature Authorization, Certification/Qualification Statements, Inspection Reports, Required Maps, and the TPDES Permit, Part II. This File to be persented to authorized State and Federal Agents upon request.



The seal appearing on this document was authorized by FRANK H. CHAPA P.E. 128020, on

Signature of Registrant & Date

C 2012

Texas Department of Transportation

SW3P.DGN

T*DOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

REV. 11/12 PROJECT NO. 6

165 STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS PHARR CAMERON 0921 06 288 SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. ☐ No Action Required Required Action 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer. 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s): No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS ∑ Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips ▼ Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems Extended Detention Basin Mulch ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike Wet Basin ☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems Sediment Basins Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

Required Action No Action Required Action No.

4.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

Required Action No Action Required Action No.

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

Required Action

☐ No Action Required

Action No.

NOI: Notice of Intent

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination Nationwide Permit

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PCN: Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

TCFQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- \star $\,$ Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

No No Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then $\ensuremath{\mathsf{TxDOT}}$ is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No	Action	Required		Required	Action

Action No.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

ILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: RG	DW: VP		ck: AR
CTxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-12-2011 (DS)	0921	06	288			UTH PORT NNECTOR
5-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 O ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PHR		CAMERO	N		166

			ental Permits, Issues and Commitments have been entities and the general public. Any change	11. Clean water Act, Sections 401 and	3 404 Compilance - Continued:	
orde	eroped daining cool animation with resource ers and/or deviations from the final desi ivities as additional environmental clear	an must be reported to the Ei	ngineer prior to the commencement of construction	project site daily to ensue con	d qualified Contractor Responsible Person Pliance with SW3P and TPDES General Per nin 48 hours, in accordance with Item 50	on Environmental (CRPe) will monitor the rmit TXR 150000. Daily Monitoring Reports 06.3.1.
<u>I. CI</u>	lean Water Act, Section 402; Stormwater P	<u>Pollution</u> Prevention		5. Other Project Specific Actions:		
Acti	ion Items Required:	☐ No Action Required		1.		
	The contractor must implement the SW3P b plans and maintained appropriately throu The SW3P may need to be revised as neces	ighout construction. BMPs mu	Practices (BMPs) as indicated in the construction st be in place prior to the start of construction. ses.	2.		
2.🛛	For all construction PSL's off the ROW, regulations pertaining to the preservati	the contractor must certify on of cultural resources, na	compliance with all applicable laws, rules and tural resources and the environment.	III. Cultural Resources		
3 .X	Based on the acreage of impact, select t	he appropriate box below:		Action Items Required:	☐ No Action Required	
	☐ This project will disturb less than 1 therefore, a NOI and TPDES Site Notice	1 acre of soil and is not par ce are not required for this	t of a larger common plan of development; project.	1.▼ Refer to the 2014 TxD0T Standar	rd Specifications For Construction And N	Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And artifacts are found during construction.
	required but a TPDES Site Notice is r	required. The Construction Si	ut less than 5 acres; therefore a NOI is not te Notice (CSN) is required to be posted at ew by the public, TCEQ, EPA and other Inspectors.	Upon discovery of archeological area and contact the Engineer i 2. Other Project Specific Actions:	l artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pimmediately.	pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate
	▼ This project will disturb equal to or	r more than 5 acres of soil o to be posted at the construc	and will require a NOI and TPDES Site Notice. Stion site in a publicly accessible location.	1.		
4.	Need to address MS4 requirements (Cameron & Hidalgo Counties only)	▼ MS4 requirements not	needed			
II. CI	lean Water Act, Sections 401 and 404 Comp	oliance		IV. Vegetation Resources		
	ion Items Required:	──── ☐ No Action Required		Action Items Required:	☐ No Action Required	
1.	Filling, dredging or excavating in any w	vater bodies, rivers, creeks, d approved by the Engineer.	streams, wetlands or wet areas is prohibited The contractor shall adhere to all agreements, SACE.	install temporary or permanent for all seeding and replanting	seeding for erosion control as shown or of right of way where possible. (Requ	•
	The Contractor must adhere to all of the	e terms and conditions associ	ated with the following permit(s):	2. In accordance with Executive Or scaping, native species of plan	rder 13112 on invasive species and the E nts shall be used for all seeding and re	Executive Memorandum on Beneficial Land- eplanting of right of way where possible
	■ No Permit Required		•	for rural roadways. (Required	for Rural Settings)	
	Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Requir	red (less than 1/10th acre wa	nters or wetlands affected)	3.X Preserve vegetation where poss stream banks, bed and approach		e clearing, grubbing and excavation within
	Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required			4. Other Project Specific Actions:		
	☐ Individual 404 Permit Required	(17 TO 111 TO (17 E GOLO) 17 3 TE	Triddi Haferoy	1.	•	
	Other Nationwide Permit Required: NV	M/D #		1.		
o ⊠			04			
۷. 🔀	construction methods that change Impacts the water quality of the State will be m	ing new or revised section 4 5 To Waters Of The U.S., incl naintained and not degraded.	04 permit(s) for Contractor initiated changes in uding wetlands. The Contractor will ensure that	2.		
3.🛛	Best Management Practices for applicable	e Section 401 General Condition	ons:			
	General Condition 12 - Categories I and	II BMPs required				
	☐ Blankets, Matting ☐	Interceptor Swale Diversion Dike Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks □ Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks □ Compost Blankets			Texas Department of Transportation PHARR DISTRICT
	Category II (Sedimentation Control)					ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
	Silt Fence □	Hay (Straw) Bale Dike	☐ Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100	Revised 01/30/2017	ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
		Brush Berms Sediment Basins	☐ Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks ☐ Stone Outlet Sediment Traps		obreviations	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Erosion Control Compost	Stone outlet seatment traps	BMP: Best Management Practice CGP: Construction General Permit	NWP: Nationwide Permit PCN: Pre-Construction Notification	(EPIC)
	General Condition 21 - Category III BMPs				PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	SHEET 1 OF 2
	Category III (Post-Construction TSS Cont Vegetative Filter Strips	<u>rol)</u> Wet Basins	☐ Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks	CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOI: Notice of Termination	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission	FED. RD. DIV. NO. PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.
	☐ Retention/Irrigation 🔀	Grassy Swales	☐ Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks	MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	THC: Texas Historical Commission TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	6 SOUTH PO STATE DISTRICT COUNTY CONNECTO
		Vegetation-Lined Ditches Erosion Control Compost	☐ Sand Filter Systems ☐ Sedimentation Chambers	MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TXDOI:Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	TEXAS PHR CAMERON SHEET NO.
		2. 00 for Control Composi		NOI: Notice of Intent NOT: Notice of Termination	USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	CONTROL SECTION JOB NO. 0921 06 288 167

___X

nation are handled according to applicable federal and state regulations, cease work in the immediate area and

MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent

NOT: Notice of Termination

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJECT NO.

TEXAS

CONTROL

0921

PHR

SECTION

06

COUNTY

CAMERON

JOB

288

HIGHWAY

SOUTH POR

CONNECTOR

SHEET NO.

168

contact the Engineer immediately.

 \mathbf{X}

TPWD BMPs

 \mathbf{X}

The Programmatic Agreement defines Best Management Practices (BMPs) to be implemented by Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) per §2.213 (Programmatic Agreements) of the 2017 Memorandum of Understanding (MŎU) between TxDOT and Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD). These BMPs are measures that TxDOT and TPWD agree will result in avoidance and minimization of potential impacts to natural resources and in some cases apply to particular types of TxDOT projects.

The purpose of this section is to provide BMPs to minimize impacts to species or groups of species. Implementation of these BMPs by TxDOT eliminates the need for coordination under §2.206(1) of the MOU, except as noted.

Due diligence should be used to avoid killing or harming any wildlife species in the implementation of TxDOT projects.

■ Bird BMPs (Required)

In addition to complying with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) perform the following BMPs:

- Prior to construction, perform daytime surveys for nests including under bridges and in culverts to determine if they are active before removal. Nests that are active should not be disturbed.
- 🛮 Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including
- ground nesting birds, during the nesting season.

 Avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practi-
- f Z Prevent the establishment of active nests during the nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair.
- 🛮 Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.

	Bald	Eagle	(Haliaeetus	leucocephalus)	
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☐ Bird BMPs and Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act compliance

Reddish Egret (Egretta rufescens) or ☐ White-faced Ibis (Plegadis chihi)

☐ Bird BMPs unless project is within 300 meters (984 feet) of a known colonial water bird rookery then coordinate with TPWD.

☐ Rookeries (Recommendations)

In general, nesting dates for herons and egrets range from early February to late August in Texas, depending on the species. Great Blue Herons (GBHE) are usually the first to nest. When GBHE get disrupted from the nest and abandon nesting, then the other species of herons and egrets may not attempt to nest at the colony that year. Breeding dates for rookery species are approximately as

Species	Dates
Cattle Egret	Early April to late October
Little Blue Heron	Late March to late July
Snowy Egret	Late March to early August
Great Egret	Early March to early August
Black-crowned Night Heron	Early February to late July
Great Blue Heron	February to late August

MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System

NWP: Nationwide Permit

PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Project Specific Location

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure

SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency

FHWA: Federal Highway Administration

Memorandum of Understanding

MOA: Memorandum of Agreement

Rookeries (Recommendations) (Continued)	☐ <u>Bat BMPs (Required)(Continued)</u>
Vegetation clearing in a primary buffer area of 300 meters (984 feet) from a heronry periphery should be avoided. Utilizing areas that have already been cleared within this buffer area may be acceptable depending on site-specific characteristics. Additionally, human foot-traffic or machinery use should not occur within this buffer area during the nesting season. Clearing activities or construction using heavy machinery in a secondary buffer area of 1,000 meters (3,281 feet) from the heronry periphery should be avoided during the breeding season (courting and nesting).	Avoid unnecessary removal of dead fronds on native and ornamental palm trees in south Texas (Cameron, Hidalgo, Willacy, Kenedy, Brooks, Kleberg, Nueces, and San Patricio counties) from April 1st through October 31st. If removal of dead fronds is necessary at other times of the year, limit frond removal to extended warm periods (nighttime temperatures: 55°F for at least two consecutive nights), so bats can move away from the disturbance and find new roosts. Large hollow trees, snags (dead standing trees), and trees with shaggy bark should be surveyed for colonies and, if found, should not be disturbed until the bats are no longer occupying these features. Post-occupancy surveys should be conducted by a
☐ <u>Bat BMPs (Required)</u>	qualified biologist prior to tree removal from the landscape. Retain mature, large diameter hardwood forest species and
To determine the appropriate BMP to avoid or minimize impacts to bats, review the habitat description for the species of interest on the TPWD Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species of Texas by County List or other trusted resources. All bat surveys and other activities that include direct contact with bats shall comply with TPWD' recommended	native/ornamental palm trees where feasible. In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD.
white-nose syndrome protocols located on the TPWD Wildlife Habitat Assessment Program website under "Project Design and Construction".	☐ <u>Mexican Long-tongues Bat <i>(Choeronycteris mexicana)</i></u> —
The following survey and exclusion protocols should be followed prior to commencement of construction activities. For the purposes of this document, structures are defined as bridges, culverts (concrete or	Avoid unnecessary impacts to cacti and agave species. Bat BMPs.
metal), wells, and buildings.	☐ <u>Additional Bat BMPs (Recommendations)</u>
For activities that have the potential to impact structures, cliffs or caves, or trees; a qualified biologist will perform a habitat assessment and occupancy survey of the feature(s) with roost potential as early in the planning process as possible or within one year before project letting. For roosts where occupancy is strongly suspected but unconfirmed during the initial survey, revisit feature(s) at most four weeks prior to scheduled disturbance to confirm absence of bats. If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e., piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed, take appropriate measures to ensure that bats are not harmed, such as implementing nonlethal exclusion activities or timing or phasing of construction. Exclusion devices can be installed by a qualified individual between September 1 and March 31. Exclusion devices should be used for a minimum of seven days when minimum nighttime temperatures are above 50°F and minimum daytime temperatures are soved to savilable, installation of alternate roosting habitat is available, installation of alternate roosts is recommended to replace the loss of an occupied roost. If alternate roost sites are not provided, bats may seek shelter in other inappropriate sites, such as buildings, in the surrounding area. See Additional Bat BMPs (Recommendations) for recommended acceptable methods for excluding bats from structures. If feature(s) used by bats are removed as a result of construction, replacement structures should be constructed to replace these features, as practicable. Conversion of property containing cave or cliff features to transportation purposes should be avoided where feasible.	Bat surveys of structures should include visual inspections of structural fissures (cracked or spalled concrete, damaged or split beams, split or damaged timber railings), crevices (expansion joints, space between parallel beams, spaces above supports piers), and alternative structures (drainage pipes, bolt cavities, open sections between support beams, swallow nests) for the presence of bats. Before excluding bats from any occupied structure, bat species, weather, temperature, season, and geographic location must be incorporated into any exclusion plans to avoid unnecessary harm or death to bats. Winter exclusion must entail a survey to confirm either, 1) bats are absent or 2) present but active (i.e. continuously active - not intermittently active due to arousals from hibernation). Avoid using materials that degrade quickly, like paper, steel wool or rags, to close holes. Avoid using products or making structural modifications that may block natural ventilation, like hanging plastic sheeting over an active roost entrance, thereby altering roost microclimate. Avoid using chemical and ultrasonic repellents. Avoid use of silicone, polyurethane or similar non-water-based caulk products. Avoid use of expandable foam products at occupied sites. Avoid use of expandable foam products at occupied sites.
transportation purposes should be avoided where teasible.	Texas Department of Transportation
	PHARR DISTRICT
	EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS
Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100	Revised 07/12/2017 TPWD BMPs
List of Abbreviations	SHEET 1 OF 3
BMP: Best Management Practice MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic CGP: Construction General Permit MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission TED.RD. PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.
CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental NOI: Notice of Intent DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services NOT: Notice of Termination	TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System 6 TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

TxDOT:Texas Department of Transportation

T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

CONNECTOR

169

COLINTY

CAMERON

JOB

288

STATE DISTRICT

PHR

SECTION

06

TEXAS

CONTROL

0921

X Texas Tortoise (Gopherus berlandieri) X Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered. Utility trenches should be covered overnight or visually inspected before filling to avoid burial of the species. X Terrestrial Reptile BMPs. X Texas Horned Lizard (Phrynosoma cornutum) 🛮 Avoid harvester ant mounds in the selection of Project Specific Locations (PSLs) where feasible. X Terrestrial Reptile BMPs. X Additional Reptile BMPs (Recommendations) $oxed{oxed}$ Due to increased activity (mating) of reptiles during the spring, construction activities like clearing or grading should attempt to be scheduled outside of the spring (April-May) season. Also, timing ground disturbing activities before October when reptiles become less active and may be using burrows in the project area is also encouraged. When designing roadways with curbs, consider using Type I or Type III curbs to provide a gentle slope to enable turtles and small animals to get out of roadways. If Texas Tortoises are present in a project area, they should be removed from the area. After removal of the tortoises, the area that will be disturbed during active construction and project specific locations should be fenced off to exclude tortoises and other reptiles. The exclusion fence should be constructed and maintained as follows: a. The exclusion fence should be constructed with metal flashing or drift fence material.
Rolled erosion control mesh material should not be used.
The exclusion fence should be buried at least 6 inches deep and be at least 24 inches high. The exclusion fence should be maintained for the life of the project and only removed after the construction is completed and the disturbed site has been revegetated. ▼ Amphibian and Aquatic Reptile BMPs (Required) Unless absence of the species can be demonstrated, assume presence in suitable habitat and implement the following BMPs. Absence can only be demonstrated using TPWD-approved survey efforts (contact TPWD for minimum survey protocols for species and project site conditions). 🛮 For projects within one mile of a known occupied location or observation of the species recorded from 1980 until the current observation of the species recorded from 1980 until the current year and suitable habitat is present, coordinate with TPWD. For new location roadway projects, coordinate with TPWD. For projects within existing right-of-way (ROW) when work is in water or will permanently impact a water feature and potential habitat exists for the target species complete the following: a) Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered. Minimize impacts to wetland, temporary and permanent open water features, including depressions, and riverine Maintain hydrologic regime and connections between wetlands and other aquatic features. Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100 List of Abbreviations

☐ Amphibian and Aquatic Reptile BMPs (Continued) d) Use barrier fencing to direct animal movements away from construction activities and areas of potential wildlifevehicle collisions in construction areas directly adjacent, or that may directly impact, potential habitat for the target species.

e) Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas where feasible. If hydromulching and/or hydroseeding are not feasible due to site conditions, using erosion control blankets or mats that contain no netting, or only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting is preferred. Plastic netting should be avoided to the extent practicable. f) Project specific locations (PSLs) proposed within stateowned ROW should be located in uplands away from aquatic features. g) When work is directly adjacent to the water, minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites (e.g., downed trees, sand bars, exposed bedrock) and overwinter sites (e.g., brush and debris piles, crayfish burrows) where feasible.

h) Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing downed trees, rotting stumps, and leaf litter, which may be refugia for terrestrial amphibians, where feasible.

i) If gutters and curbs are part of the roadway design, where feasible install gutters that do not include the side box inlet and include sloped (i.e. mountable) curbs to allow small animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the entire curb system is not possible, install sections of sloped curb on either side of the storm water drain for several feet to allow small animals to leave the roadway. Priority areas for these design recommendations are those with nearby wetlands or other aquatic features. For projects that require acquisition of additional ROW and work within that new ROW is in water or will permanently impact a water feature, implement a) - i) above plus j) - l) below, where applicable: i) For sections of roadway adjacent to wetlands or other aquatic features, install wildlife barriers that prevent

climbing. Barriers should terminate at culvert openings in order to funnel animals under the road. The barriers should be of the same length as the adjacent feature or 80 feet long in each direction, or whichever is the lesser of the two.

k) For culvert extensions and culvert replacement/installation, incorporate measures to funnel animals toward culverts such as concrete wingwalls and barrier walls with overhangs.

1) When riprap or other bank stabilization devices are necessary, their placement should not impede the movement of terrestrial or aquatic wildlife through the water feature. Where feasible, biotechnical streambank stabilization methods using live native vegetation or a combination of vegetative and structural materials should be used.

> ≠ Texas Department of Transportation PHARR DISTRICT

EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS TPWD BMPs

Revised 07/12/2017

CHEET 2 OF 3

			SHEET 2	OF 3
TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		HIGHWAY NO.	
	6			
TxDOT: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONNECTO
T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species	TEXAS	PHR	CAMERON	SHEET
USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
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Best Management Practice

CCP: Construction General Permit
CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental

Texas Department of State Health Services

FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement

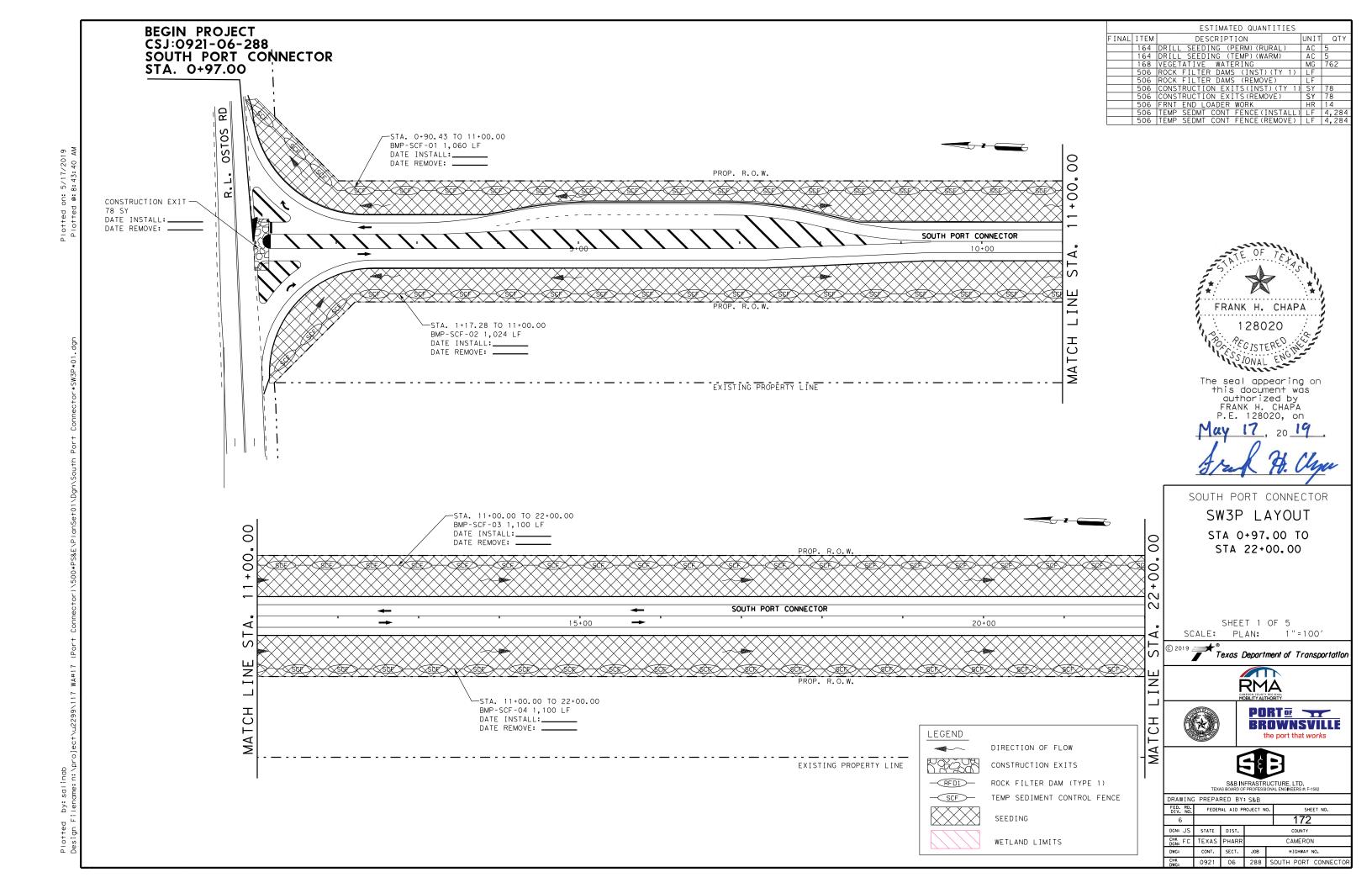
Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwafer Sewer System

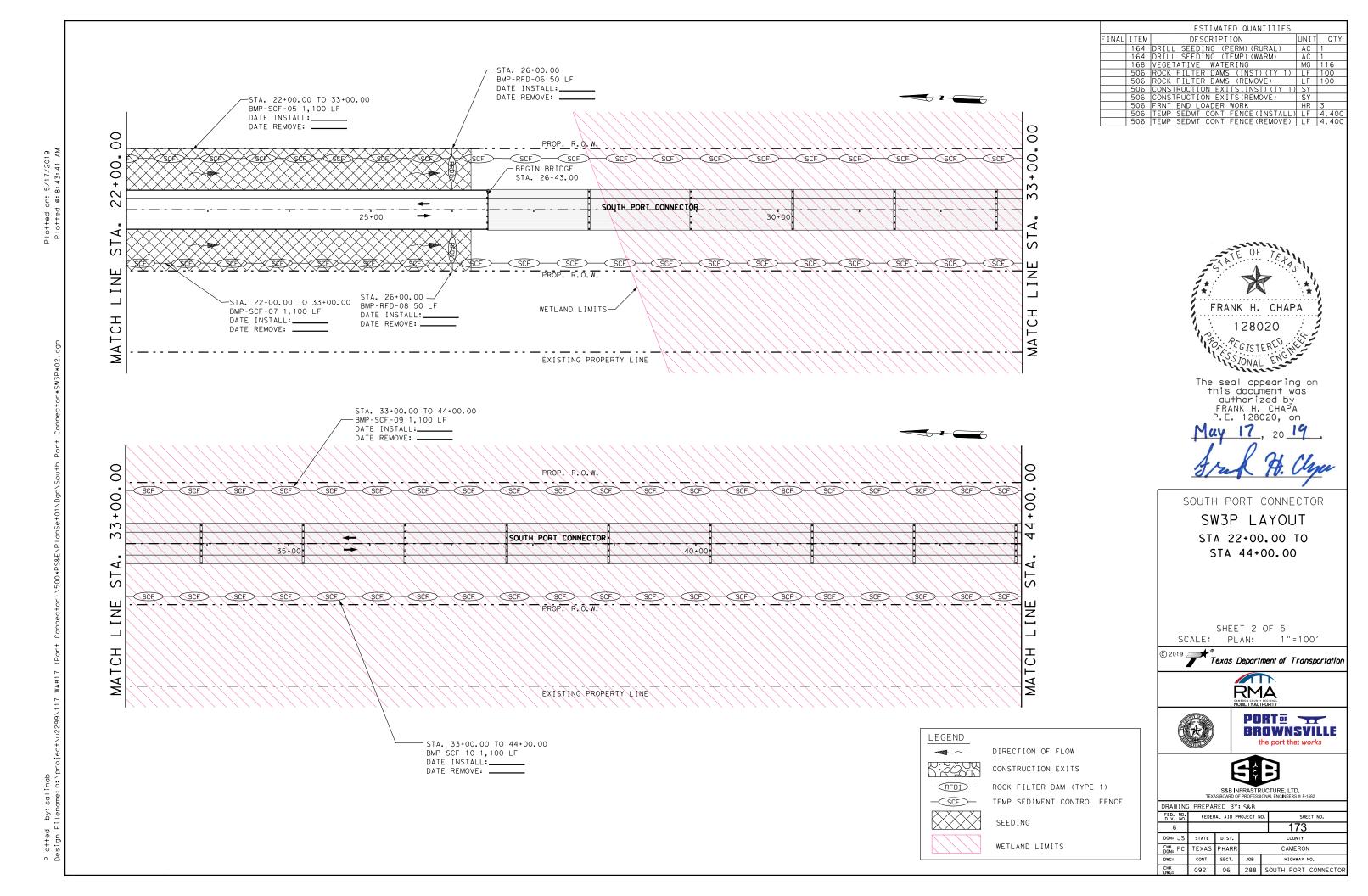
MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOT: Notice of Termination

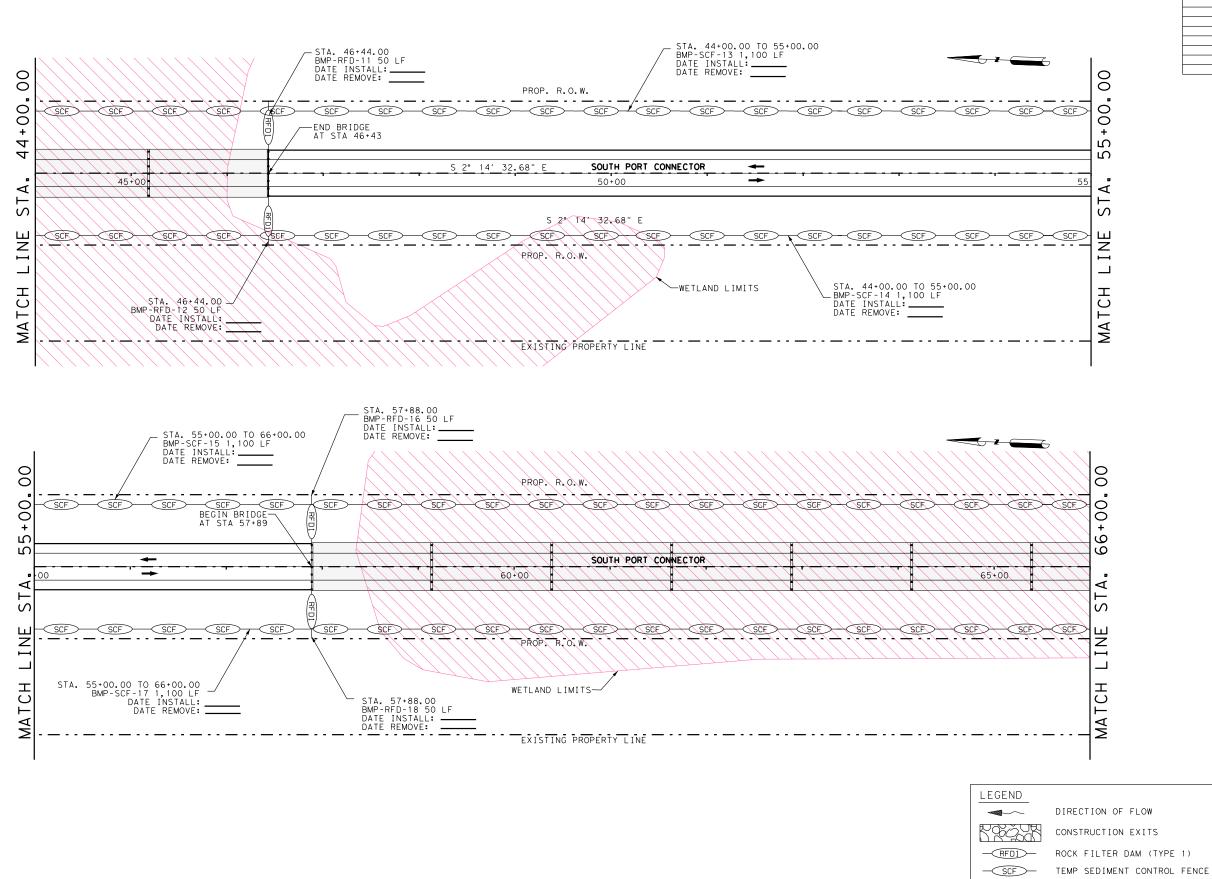
NWP: Nationwide Permit

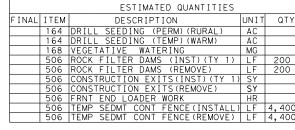
PCN: Project Specific Location
SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

Sheep Frog (**Mypapachus variolosus**)	culverts placed at higher el Bottomless culverts are reco aquatic wildlife passage in less culverts are not feasib fish passage is recommended. Avoid placing riprap across alternative stabilization su stabilization methods includ combination of vegetative and or other bank stabilization ment should not impede the methods wildlife underneath the bride be buried, back-filled with vegetation. Incorporate bat-friendly des Design bridges for adequate under the roadway to allow find pass under the road. A span wide enough to cross and a natural surface path unculverts, incorporation of covert on one or both sides for recommended. Riparian buffer zones should with the pass under the greatest exable, impacted vegetations site replacement/restoration so it explacement/restoration to minimize adverse effects, preserve mature trees, particularly mature trees, particularly mature trees and the preserve mature trees, particularly mature trees and the passing placement, a ratio of three be provided to the extent provided to the	than culverts when feasible. It diverts that concentrate low of higher flows through staggered evations is recommended. Immended to allow for fish and other the low flow channel. If bottomble, making a low flow channel for stream channels and instead use ich as biotechnical stream bank ling live native vegetation or a distructural materials. When riprap devices are necessary, their place-novement of aquatic and terrestrial ige. In some instances, riprap may topsoil and planted with native sign into bridges and culverts. Vertical and horizontal clearances for terrestrial wildlife to safely the stream and allow for dry ground under the roadway is encouraged. For an artificial ledge inside the culbrate use by terrestrial wildlife is a remain undisturbed where possible. I remain undisturbed where possible. I remain undisturbed where possible in the trees and shrubs should extent practicable. Wherever practication activities should be planned to collarly accorn, nut or berry proposes of vegetation have high value exceptation and the planted to collarly accorn, nut or berry proposes of vegetation have high value exceptation hi	mussels on http://texasin specified in 31 TAC §57.5 regarding prevention of machinery, equipment, or waters should follow clex potential spread of invasication care should be taken to a plants (such as Giant Sal foil, Water Lettuce, and bodies into areas not cur ment/vehicles coming in a invasive plant species shat oprevent the potential Colonization by invasive disturbed sites in terres should include removing while allowing the exist disturbed areas. If using locally grown weed-free his species. Leave the hay be down, as this acts as multiple consider using cable medial care and consider using cable medial care and ca	isted in the distribution of Zebra hvasives .org/ as well as those waters 972 and any TPWD emergency orders the spread of Zebra mussels all vehicles coming in contact with such an/drain/dry protocols to prevent the sive Zebra mussels. avoid the spread of aquatic invasive Ivinia, Hydrilla, Hyacinth, Watermil-Alligatorweed) from infested water rently infested. All machinery/equipcontact with waters containing aquatic mould follow clean/drain/dry protocols spread of invasive plants. Plants should be actively prevented on strial habitats. Vegetation management invasive species as soon as practical ing native plants to revegetate the gray bales for sediment control, use may to prevent the spread of invasive bales in place and allow them to break lich assisting in revegetation.
In-kind compensatory mitigation should be considered for all unavoidable impacts to aquatic resources including, but not limited to streams, wetlands, oysters, seagrass and mudflats, regardless of their jurisdictional status.				Texas Department of Transportation PHARR DISTRICT
Compensatory mitigation plans should be developed in consultation with TPWD Transportation Conservation Coordinator.				EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS
				TPWD BMPs
		Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100	Revised 07/12/2017	SHEET 3 OF 3
	BMP: Best Management Practice CGP: Construction General Permit	MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission	FED. RD. PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY
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	FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement	PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSI: Project Specific Location	TxDOT:Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE:U.S. Army Corp. of Engineers	TEXAS PHR CAMERON SHEET NO.
	MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	SPCC: Spiil Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	0921 06 288 171











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May 17, 20 19

SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

SW3P LAYOUT STA 44+00.00 TO STA 66+00.00

SHEET 3 OF 5 PLAN: 1"=100'







DRAWING PREPARED BY: S&B

SEEDING

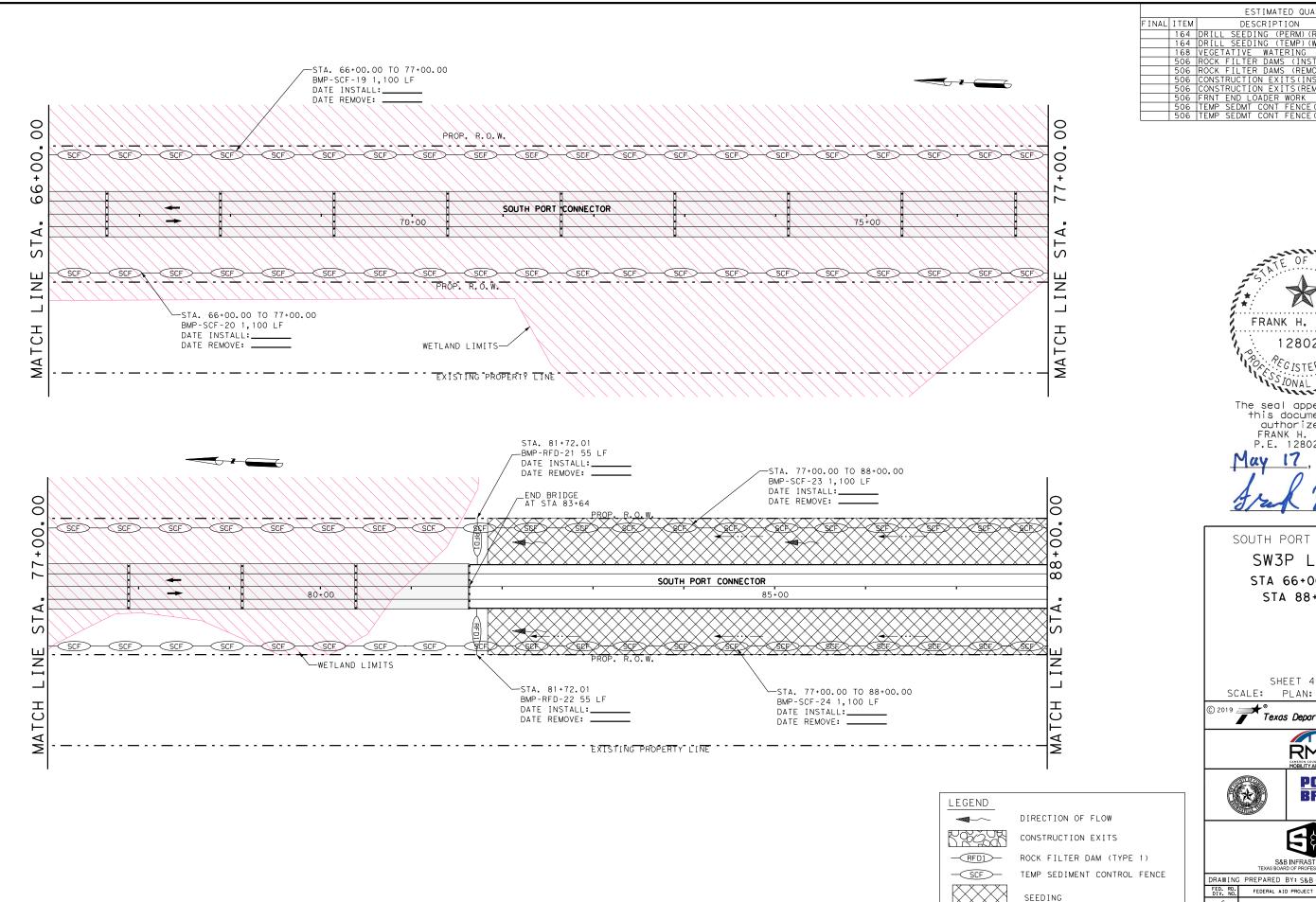
WETLAND LIMITS





S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD.
TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

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CHK FC	TEXAS	PHARR			CAMERON		
DWG:	CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.		
CHK DWG:	0921	06	288	S	OUTH PORT CONNECTOR		



DESCRIPTION UNIT QTY

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES



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SOUTH PORT CONNECTOR

SW3P LAYOUT STA 66+00.00 TO STA 88+00.00

SHEET 4 OF 5 SCALE: PLAN: 1"=100'

Texas Department of Transportation





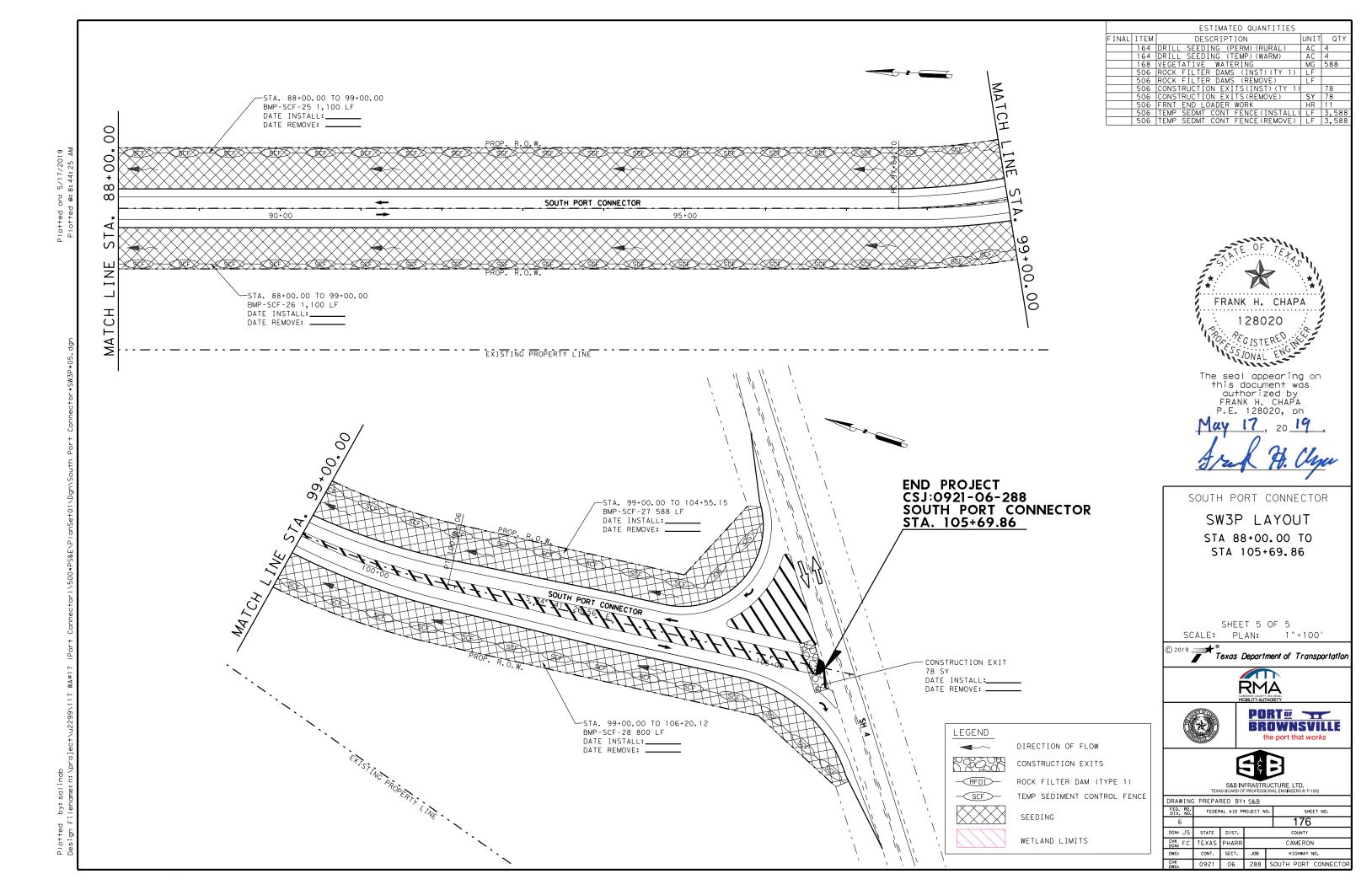
WETLAND LIMITS

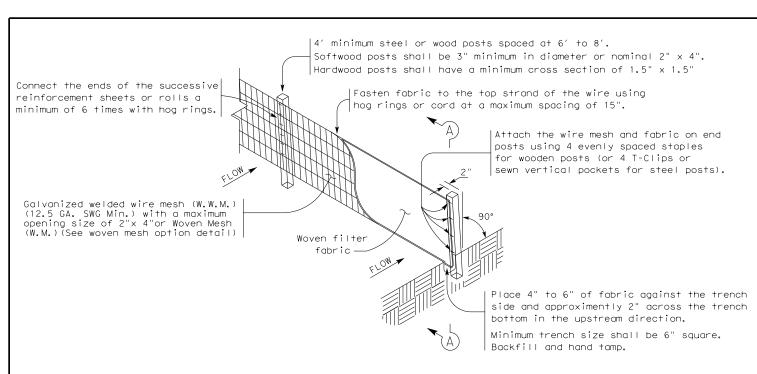




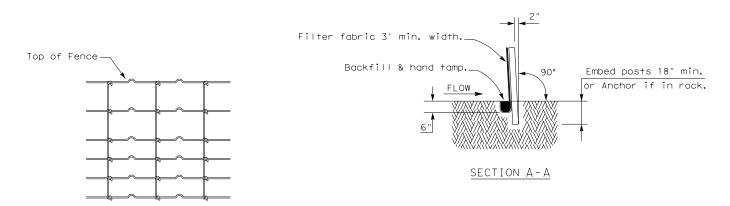
S&B INFRASTRUCTURE, LTD. TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS #: F-1582

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TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

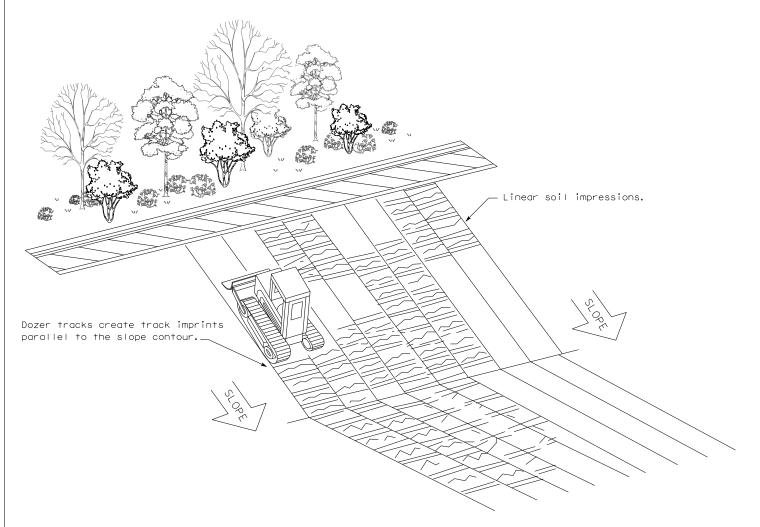
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 ${\sf GPM/FT}^2$. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

<u>LEGEND</u>

Sediment Control Fence

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



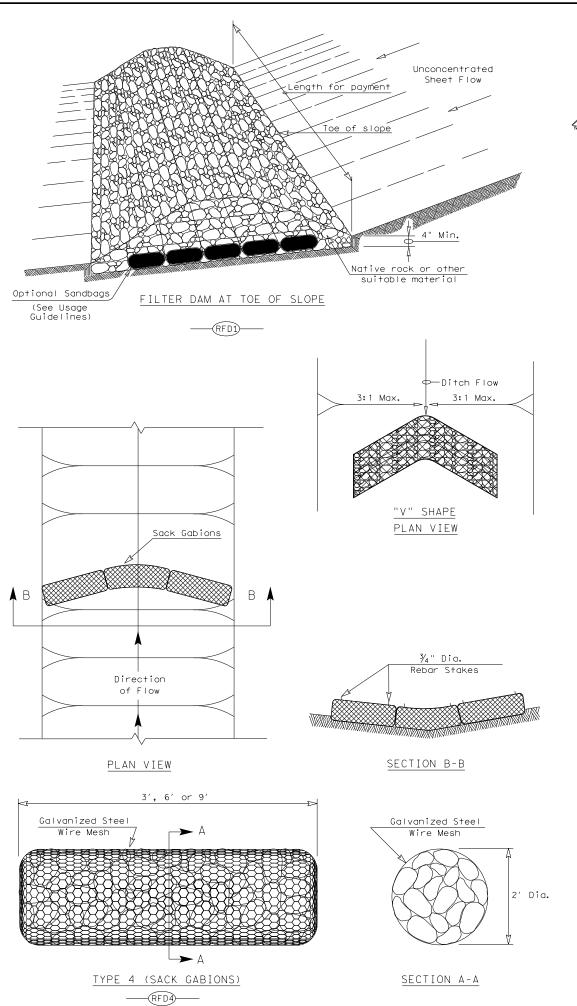
Design Division Standard

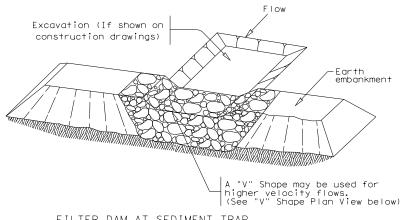
TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

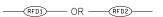
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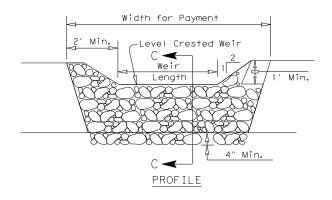
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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	PHR	CAMERON			177		

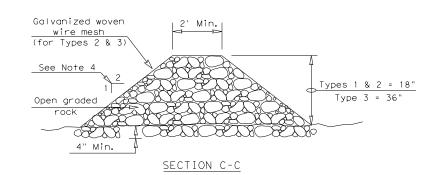




FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT² of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

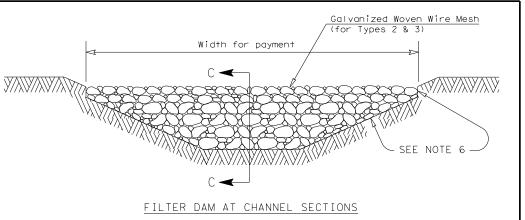
 $\frac{\text{Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or$ swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- 4. Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam Type 2 Rock Filter Dam Type 3 Rock Filter Dam

Type 4 Rock Filter Dam —

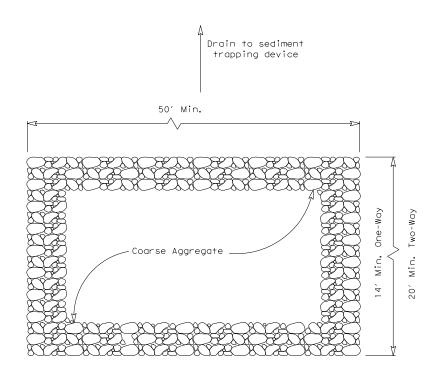


TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

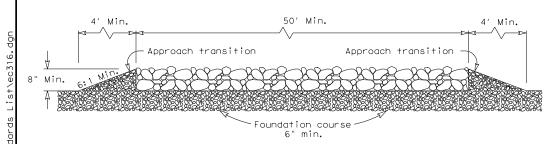
ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2) - 16

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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
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PLAN VIEW



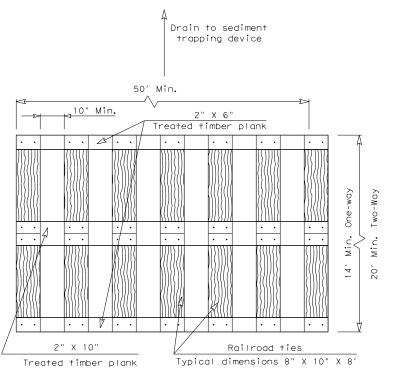
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

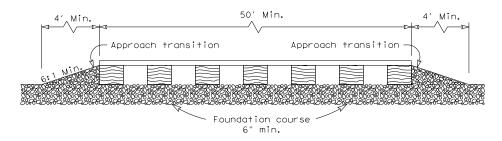
ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- 3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trappina device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



PLAN VIEW



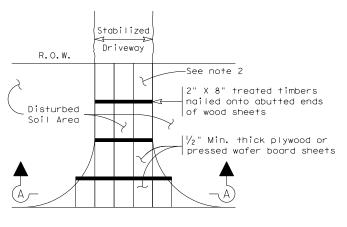
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

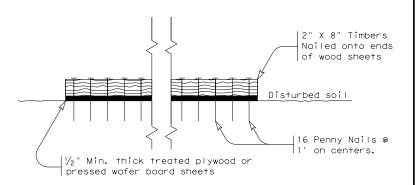
GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

- 1. The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



Paved Roadway

PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3)

SHORT TERM

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

- 1. The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- 3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

CONSTRUCTION EXITS EC(3) - 16

DN: TXDOT CK: KM DW: VP DN/CK: LS ILE: ec316 C) TxDOT: JULY 2016 CONT SECT JOB SOUTH PORT 0921 06 288 CAMERON